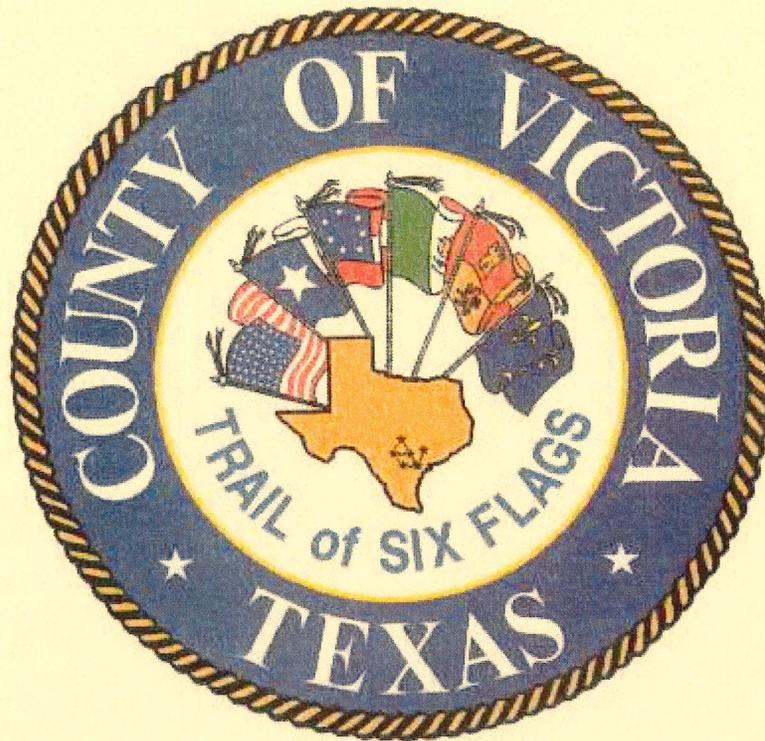


COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2021

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
For the year ended December 31, 2021

Prepared by: County Auditor's Office
Michelle Samford
Victoria County Auditor

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
County Auditor's Letter of Transmittal.....	i
Organizational Chart	v
Directory of Principal Officials	vi
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
<u>Basic Financial Statements</u>	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position - Statutory Basis	15
Statement of Activities - Statutory Basis	17
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Statutory Basis - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statutory Basis	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Statutory Basis - Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Statement of Activities - Statutory Basis	22
Statement of Net Position - Statutory Basis - Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Statutory Basis - Proprietary Funds	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Statutory Basis - Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	27
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	28
Statement of Net Position - Component Units	29
Statement of Activities - Component Units	30
Notes to Financial Statements	32
<u>Required Supplementary Information</u>	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual - General Fund - Statutory Basis	96
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Texas County & District Retirement System - Pension	97
Schedule of Employer Contributions	
Texas County & District Retirement System - Pension	99
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Texas County & District Retirement System - Life	101
Schedule of Employer Contributions	
Texas County & District Retirement System - Life	103
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	105

**TABLE OF CONTENTS
(Continued)**

	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION - (Continued)	
<u>Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules</u>	
<i>Governmental Funds</i>	
Combining Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet - Statutory Basis - All Nonmajor Governmental Funds.....	107
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Statutory Basis - All Nonmajor Governmental Funds.....	108
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds.....	109
Combining Balance Sheet - Statutory Basis - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds.....	116
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Statutory Basis - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds.....	117
Combining Balance Sheet - Statutory Basis - Nonmajor Road and Bridge Special Revenue Funds.....	118
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Statutory Basis - Nonmajor Road and Bridge Special Revenue Funds.....	119
Combining Balance Sheet - Statutory Basis - Nonmajor Other Special Revenue Funds.....	120
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Statutory Basis - Nonmajor Other Special Revenue Funds.....	130
Individual Statements and Schedules	
General Fund.....	142
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual.....	143
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds.....	151
Road and Bridge Precinct No. 1	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Statutory Basis.....	152
Road and Bridge Precinct No. 2	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Statutory Basis.....	153
Road and Bridge Precinct No. 3	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Statutory Basis.....	154
Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Statutory Basis.....	155
Nonmajor Debt Service Fund.....	156
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual.....	157
<i>Fiduciary Funds</i>	
Custodial Funds.....	158
Combining Statement of Net Position.....	159
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position.....	161

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(Continued)

	<u>Page</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION	163
<u>Financial Trends</u>	
Net Position by Component.....	164
Changes in Net Position	166
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds.....	170
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	172
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	174
<u>Revenue Capacity</u>	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - General and I&S.....	175
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Road and Bridge.....	177
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	179
Principal Property Taxpayers (Unaudited)	181
Property Tax Levies and Collections - General and I&S.....	182
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Road and Bridge	184
Sales Tax Revenue	186
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	187
<u>Debt Capacity</u>	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	188
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	190
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt (Unaudited)	191
Legal Debt Margin Information	192
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u>	
Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited).....	194
Principal Employers (Unaudited).....	195

**TABLE OF CONTENTS
(Continued)**

	<u>Page</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION - (Continued)	
<u>Operating Information</u>	
Full-Time-Equivalent County Governmental Employees by Function/Program.....	196
Operating Indicators by Function/Program.....	198
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	200
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit Of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	202
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.....	204
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	207
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.....	217
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.....	218
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.....	219

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



MICHELLE SAMFORD
COUNTY AUDITOR
VICTORIA COUNTY, TEXAS

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July 12, 2022

Honorable District Judges
Honorable County Judge
Honorable County Commissioners
County of Victoria
Victoria, Texas

The County Auditor's Office is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County of Victoria, Texas (the "County"), for the year ended December 31, 2021. This report is submitted in compliance with Texas Local Government Code 114.025.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The County Auditor serves as the Chief Financial Officer for Victoria County. By statute, the Auditor reports to the State District Judges. This provides for an independent review of County financial operations separate from the Commissioner's Court, the legislative and executive branch of county government. The County Auditor is responsible for accounting systems design, audit functions required by law, general control of finances and ensuring that the County meets its fiduciary responsibilities to taxpayers with regard to County finances by strictly enforcing the statutes governing County finances as provided by the local government code. As an appointed County Official, the County Auditor takes an oath to uphold the Constitution and the laws of the State of Texas.

In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In compliance with Texas Local Government Code 115.045, the financial statements and notes contained in this report have been audited by the independent auditors of Harrison, Waldrop and Uherek, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditors' report is included in the Financial Section of this report.

When other accounting bases conflict with state law, Texas and its political subdivisions may follow the statutory provisions of Chapter 2264, Texas Government Code. Accordingly, in 2008 the County followed the statutory basis of accounting, which is another comprehensive basis of accounting provided, but not mandated, by this statute. For the County, the only difference between generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and the statutory basis of accounting is in the reporting of other postemployment benefits ("OPEB").

The statutory basis differs from GAAP in that the County's presentation of OPEB on the financial statements uses the statutory modified accrual basis. This basis accurately and fairly sets forth the financial position of the County by (i) measuring the cost of benefits according to their adoption by the governing body of the County; and by (ii) providing an accurate assessment of OPEB liabilities and extent of their funding for the time for which the benefits were adopted. Under GAAP, GASB Statement No. 45 ("GASB 45"), "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" defines an OPEB liability to include amounts the governing body has not authorized nor promised to employees, and for which there is no legally enforceable liability. The County has concluded that recognizing an OPEB liability as defined by GASB 45 would result in publishing financial statements that are materially misleading. It would also be inconsistent with State financial laws and misrepresent the nature, scope, and duration of the financial activities of the County.

Management has provided a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found in the Financial Section of this report.

PROFILE OF VICTORIA COUNTY

The County is located in southeastern Texas on the Coastal plain about midway between the southern and eastern extremities of the Texas Gulf Coast. The County was created in 1836 from a Mexican municipality named for Mexican President Guadalupe Victoria. The County encompasses an area of 892 square miles and serves a population of 92,496.

The County is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The general governing body of the County is the elected five-member Commissioners' Court in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners' Court sets the tax rates, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County, and develops and adopts the County budget. The Commissioners' Court is also responsible for development of policies and orders, approving financial commitments, and appointment of various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners' Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County provides a full range of services. The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local governmental units. A primary service is the administration of justice, which includes the civil and criminal county and district courts, justices of the peace, constables, district attorney, investigators, clerks of the courts, sheriff, jail, security, emergency management and grand jury bailiffs. Other functions performed by the County include the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, either independently or in cooperation with other entities; administration of public health services; assistance to indigents; and the provision of juvenile, health, education, and welfare services involving the care and correction of dependent or delinquent children as well as property tax collections for multiple agencies.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July and August by the County Judge, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners' Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency line items. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, department, and category. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the line-item level within an individual fund. The original budget may be amended by Commissioners' Court under conditions prescribed by Texas Local Government Code, Section 111.010. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated budget has been adopted.

Various potential component units were evaluated to determine whether they should be included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the County. Based upon standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (see Note 1 to the financial statements), two component units are included in the report: the Victoria County Navigation District and Citizens Medical Center. These entities are discretely presented and are not considered part of the primary government of the County. This reporting method was used because, while the entities are financially accountable to the County, they do not have substantively the same governing body as the County nor do they provide services exclusively to the County.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County of Victoria operates.

Local Economy - The County is one of the leading regional economies in the seven-county Golden Crescent region. The County has developed into a primary business center with growth in services and retail employment. The County's principal economic activities include petrochemical and industrial chemical plants, plastics manufacturers, heavy steel fabrication, pre-stressed concrete, oil and gas exploration, medical services, professional and financial services, retail trade, and higher education. Although the oil and gas petrochemical industries remain a vital component of the area employment base, diversification within these industries into production of ancillary goods and plastics has reduced economic vulnerability to energy price fluctuations.

The County records reflect modest debt levels, rapid principal amortization, and acceptable reserve levels that have benefited from sound fiscal management practices. The County practices conservative budgeting and sets General Fund reserve targets at 25% of annual expenditures. In the past year, the County incurred an increase in the General Fund unassigned fund balance mainly as a result of an increase in sales tax revenue. The County's General Fund reserve target is based on the County's policy of deferring ad valorem property taxes. The resulting unassigned fund balance does not include \$6.9 million in ad valorem taxes collected in October, November, and December of 2021, and are instead reported as unavailable revenues.

Long-Term Financial Planning - The County of Victoria has identified several long-term issues that need to be prioritized and funded by the Commissioners' Court. These priorities include improvements to the HVAC systems to identified buildings and making the County Airport more cost efficient.

Cash Management - The Commissioners' Court has adopted a formal investment policy for the County consistent with State statutes governing the investment of County funds and has designated the County Treasurer as the County's investment officer. The policy is updated annually. The general objectives set forth in the policy provide for financial security and optimum liquidity of County funds while achieving the maximum yield on funds invested and maximum levels of invested funds. Authorized investments are consistent with those investments authorized by State law for Texas counties. Currently, the County has limited its investments to certificates of deposits and money market funds.

Risk Management - The County has risk exposure in various areas including general liability, worker's compensation, automobile liability, and property damage. To reduce its risk exposure in these areas, the County purchases commercial insurance policies from a private carrier. The related policies carry various deductibles and aggregate maximum loss totals.

The County is also exposed to risk of loss in the area of employee health coverage. In this area, the County bears all risk of loss up to \$125,000 per participant per year. Co-insurance through a private insurance carrier assumes all risk for individual participants past that level. Please refer to the notes to the financial statements for a complete discussion of the County's employee health insurance operations.

Pension Benefits - The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). Specific plan provisions are adopted by the County within the options available in the state statutes governing the TCDRS. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted within the constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed.

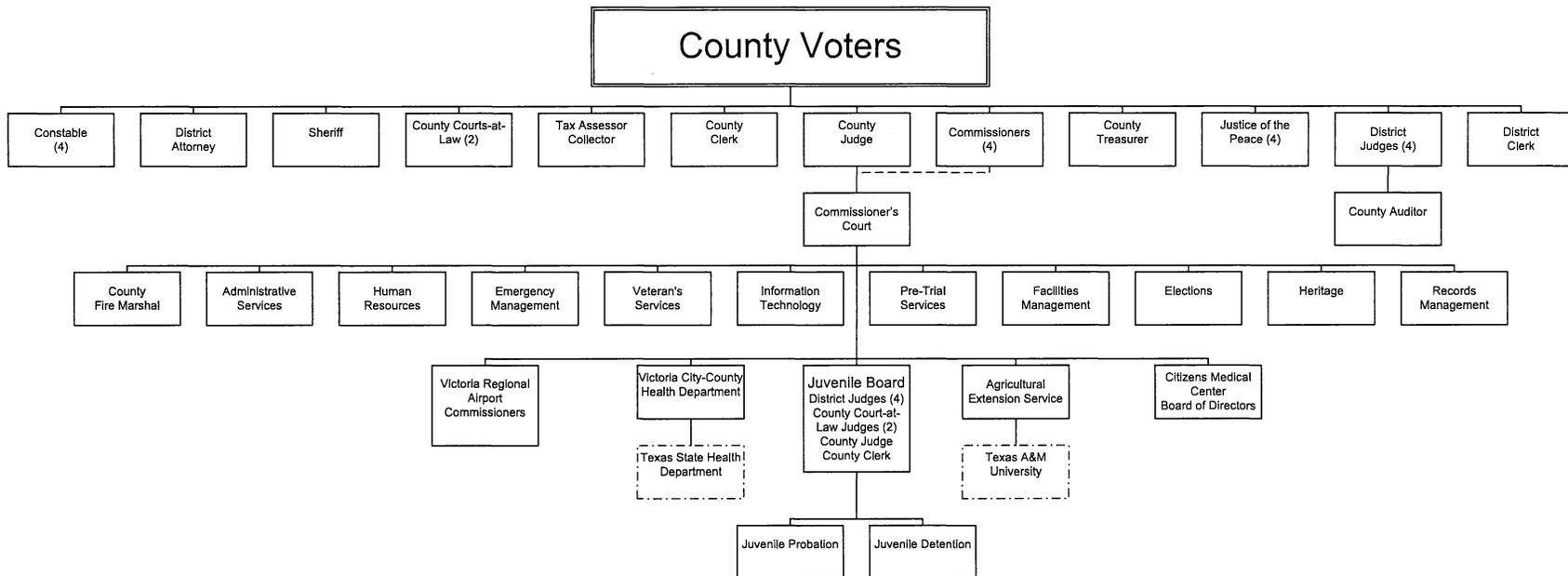
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the staff of the County Auditor's Office. We express our appreciation to all the members of the office who assisted in and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the accounting firm of Harrison, Waldrop & Uherek, L.L.P. for sharing their knowledge, and extending their cooperation and support to the County Auditor's Office. Appreciation must also be expressed to the County Judge, members of the Commissioners' Court, the County Treasurer, and all other officials of the County for their assistance in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a progressive and responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,
Michelle Samford
Victoria County Auditor

2021 Victoria County Organizational Chart

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>NAME</u>	<u>POSITION</u>
Benjamin Zeller	County Judge
Danny Garcia	Commissioner, Precinct #1
Kevin Janak	Commissioner, Precinct #2
Gary Burns	Commissioner, Precinct #3
Clint Ives	Commissioner, Precinct #4
Constance Filley Johnson	Criminal District Attorney
Heidi Easley	County Clerk
Kim Plummer	District Clerk
Sean Kennedy	County Treasurer
Ashley Hernandez	County Tax Assessor-Collector
Justin Marr	County Sheriff
Travis H. Ernst	Judge, County Court-at-Law #1
Daniel Gilliam	Judge, County Court-at-Law #2
Jack Marr	Judge, 24th Judicial District
K. Stephen Williams, III	Judge, 135th Judicial District
Robert Bell	Judge, 267th Judicial District
Eli Garza	Judge, 377th Judicial District
Mary Ann Rivera	Justice of the Peace #1
Rodney Durham	Justice of the Peace #2
Robert Whitaker	Justice of the Peace #3
John Miller	Justice of the Peace #4
Jeff Meyer	Constable, Precinct #1
James E. Calaway	Constable, Precinct #2
Kenneth Easley, Jr.	Constable, Precinct #3
Aaron Burleson	Constable, Precinct #4

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

<u>NAME</u>	<u>POSITION</u>
Michelle Samford	County Auditor
Richard Castillo	County Fire Marshal

FINANCIAL SECTION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
101 S. MAIN, SUITE 400
VICTORIA, TEXAS 77901-8142

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

We have audited the accompanying statutory basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Victoria, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2021, or the respective changes in financial position or, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective statutory basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2021, and the respective statutory basis changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the financial accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Government Code Section 2264-051, as adopted by State of Texas House Bill 2365 described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

As described in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the County using financial accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Government Code Section 2264-051, as adopted by State of Texas House Bill 2365, which practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the statutory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and GAAP, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Government Code Section 2266.051, as adopted by the State of Texas House Bill 2365 as described in Note 1 to the financial statements. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Citizens Medical Center, which represent 79 percent, 79 percent, and 95 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Citizens Medical Center, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedules of employer contributions as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the statutory basis financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying statutory basis combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the *State of Texas Single Audit Circular*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 6, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.
Certified Public Accountants

July 6, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the County of Victoria's (the "County") financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2021. The discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the accompanying notes to the financial statements. The discussion and analysis includes comparative data for the prior year.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

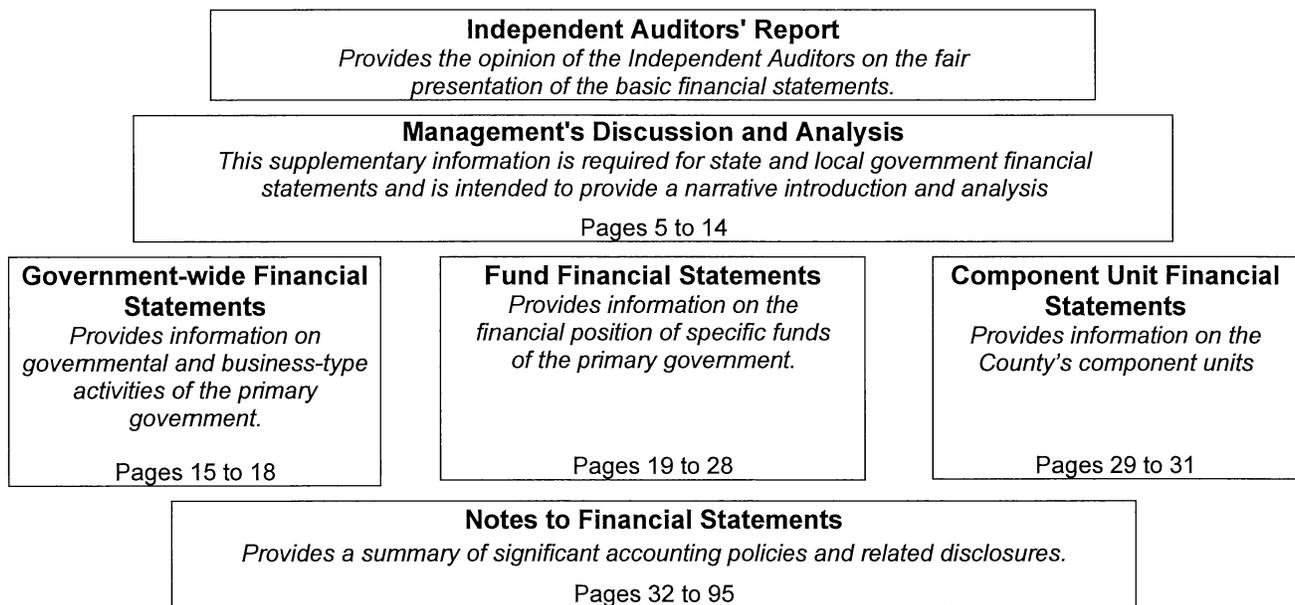
- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the year ended December 31, 2021, by \$43,969,576. Of this amount \$10,510,134 is available to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position of the governmental and business-type activities netted an increase of \$4,272,913. \$4,364,419 of this increase related to the governmental activities.
- At December 31, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,646,099. The amount available for governmental discretion (unassigned fund balance) is \$16,461,732.
- At December 31, 2021, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$16,461,732, a \$401,417 increase over last year. The unassigned portion of fund balance was \$16,461,732 or 100% of total General Fund balance or 43% of total General Fund expenditures for 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The new financial reporting model instituted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34) seeks to improve operational accountability by highlighting an overall picture that was lost in the detail of fund accounting. Instead of focusing on aggregations of similar individual funds, GASB 34 introduced government-wide financial statements, which present the government as a single unified entity.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) component unit financial statements, and 4) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements*, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the current year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and public health. The business-type activities of the County include the airport and other (commissary).

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*) but also the component units of Victoria County Navigation District and Citizens Medical Center. These component units are not included as part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as a *balance of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual statements and schedules following the required supplementary information.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, road and bridge special revenue funds, and Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and is located on pages 143-150 of this report. Budget comparisons are presented for the road and bridge special revenue funds and the Debt Service Fund on pages 152-157 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its airport and other enterprise activities (commissary). *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate cost internally among the County's various functions. The County uses an internal service fund to account for its employee health insurance services. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the airport, which is considered to be a major fund of the County, and other (commissary).

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 32-95 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the County's General Fund's budgetary comparison schedule and historical pension and OPEB benefits information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 96-106 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 107-162 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$43,969,576 at the close of the year ended December 31, 2021.

County of Victoria, Texas

NET POSITION (Statutory Basis)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$ 72,377,744	\$ 59,339,602	\$ 1,751,300	\$ 1,249,859	\$ 74,129,044	\$ 60,589,461
Capital assets (net)	33,996,137	32,625,655	5,119,321	5,652,802	39,115,458	38,278,457
Other noncurrent assets	9,430,000	9,836,789	-	-	9,430,000	9,836,789
Total assets	<u>115,803,881</u>	<u>101,802,046</u>	<u>6,870,621</u>	<u>6,902,661</u>	<u>122,674,502</u>	<u>108,704,707</u>
Deferred outflow of resources	13,558,053	5,798,832	-	-	13,558,053	5,798,832
Current and other liabilities	15,260,655	5,899,812	267,971	188,063	15,528,626	6,087,875
Noncurrent liabilities	42,096,108	37,194,644	8,776	29,218	42,104,884	37,223,862
Total liabilities	<u>57,356,763</u>	<u>43,094,456</u>	<u>276,747</u>	<u>217,281</u>	<u>57,633,510</u>	<u>43,311,737</u>
Deferred inflow of resources	34,629,469	31,495,139	-	-	34,629,469	31,495,139
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	22,643,608	11,906,255	5,119,321	5,652,802	27,762,929	17,559,057
Restricted	5,696,513	4,482,986	-	-	5,696,513	4,482,986
Unrestricted	9,035,581	16,622,042	1,474,553	1,032,578	10,510,134	17,654,620
Total net position	<u>\$ 37,375,702</u>	<u>\$ 33,011,283</u>	<u>\$ 6,593,874</u>	<u>\$ 6,685,380</u>	<u>\$ 43,969,576</u>	<u>\$ 39,696,663</u>

The largest portion of the County's net position (63.1%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The next largest portion of the County's net position (23.9%) reflects unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The remaining balance of restricted net position (\$5,696,513) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole, as well as for the governmental activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

County of Victoria, Texas

**CHANGES IN NET POSITION
(Statutory Basis)**

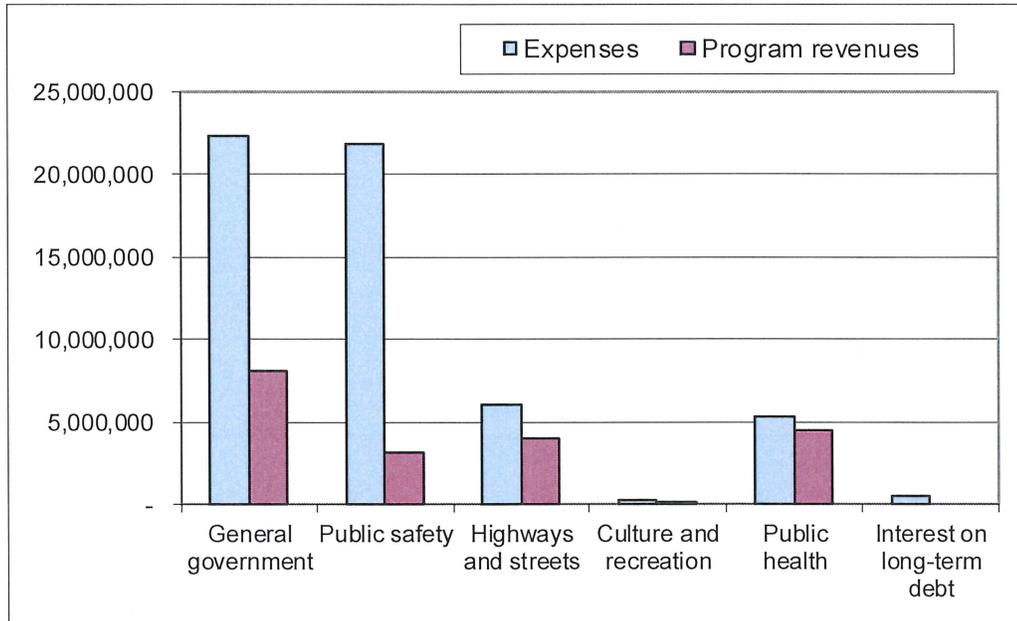
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
REVENUES						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 10,189,534	\$ 8,697,418	\$ 3,065,869	\$ 2,416,087	\$ 13,255,403	\$ 11,113,505
Operating grants & contributions	7,087,257	8,847,234	167,141	184,324	7,254,398	9,031,558
Capital grants & contributions	2,470,691	806,880	-	-	2,470,691	806,880
General revenues:						
Property taxes	28,770,115	29,021,304	-	-	28,770,115	29,021,304
Other taxes	11,075,616	10,189,453	-	-	11,075,616	10,189,453
Other	1,223,485	1,404,922	8,924	4,140	1,232,409	1,409,062
Total revenues	60,816,698	58,967,211	3,241,934	2,604,551	64,058,632	61,571,762
EXPENSES						
General governmental	22,332,747	22,331,100	-	-	22,332,747	22,331,100
Public safety	21,794,099	22,647,849	-	-	21,794,099	22,647,849
Highways and streets	6,053,548	6,484,337	-	-	6,053,548	6,484,337
Culture and recreation	281,960	287,547	-	-	281,960	287,547
Public health	5,290,892	4,871,860	-	-	5,290,892	4,871,860
Interest on long-term debt	549,960	583,908	-	-	549,960	583,908
Airport	-	-	3,284,451	2,841,230	3,284,451	2,841,230
Commissary	-	-	198,062	165,383	198,062	165,383
Total expenses	56,303,206	57,206,601	3,482,513	3,006,613	59,785,719	60,213,214
Change in net position before transfers	4,513,492	1,760,610	(240,579)	(402,062)	4,272,913	1,358,548
Transfers	(149,073)	(481,169)	149,073	481,169	-	-
Change in net position	4,364,419	1,279,441	(91,506)	79,107	4,272,913	1,358,548
Net position - January 1	33,011,283	31,731,842	6,685,380	6,606,273	39,696,663	38,338,115
Net position - December 31	\$ 37,375,702	\$ 33,011,283	\$ 6,593,874	\$ 6,685,380	\$ 43,969,576	\$ 39,696,663

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

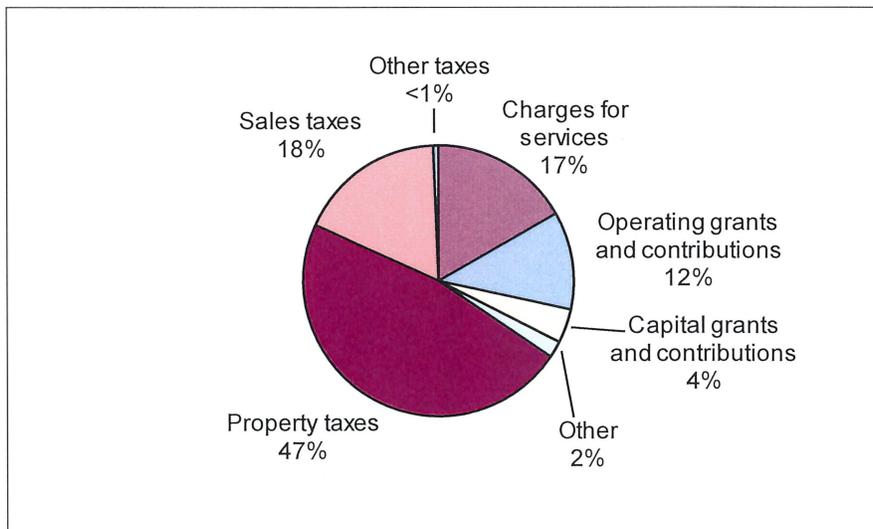
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$4,364,419, thereby accounting for a majority of the total increase in the net position of the County. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services increased \$1,492,116 primarily due to an increase in user fees as well as fines and forfeitures.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$1,663,811 from the prior year primarily due to funds received for the CDBG Hurricane Harvey and the McCoy Road railroad pass projects.
- Total expenses decreased \$903,395 or 1.5% from the prior year. A decrease in public safety expenses made up 95% of this decrease primarily due to declines in expenses in the sheriff's department as well as declines in non-departmental interlocal expenses.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



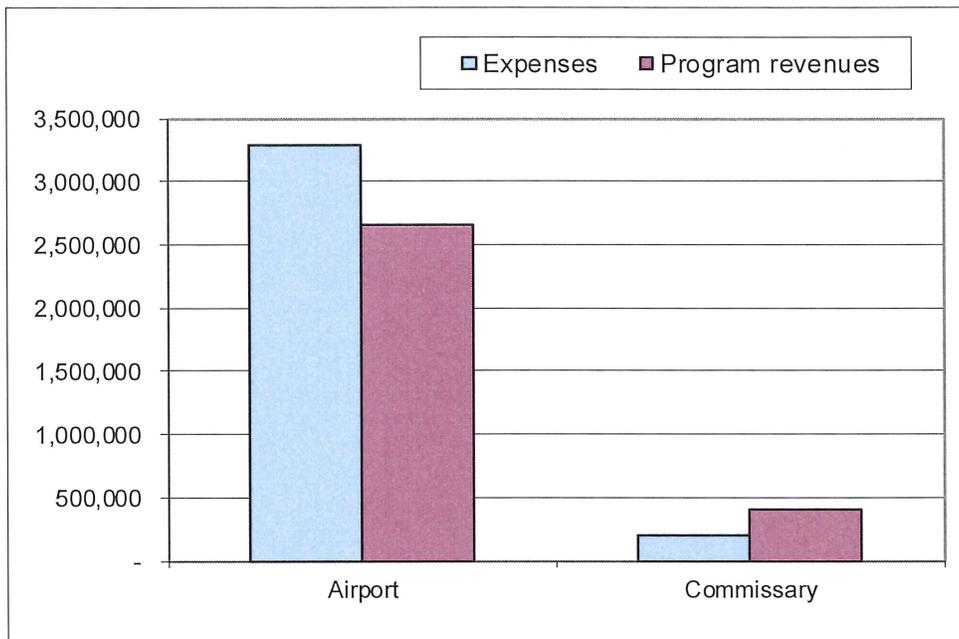
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



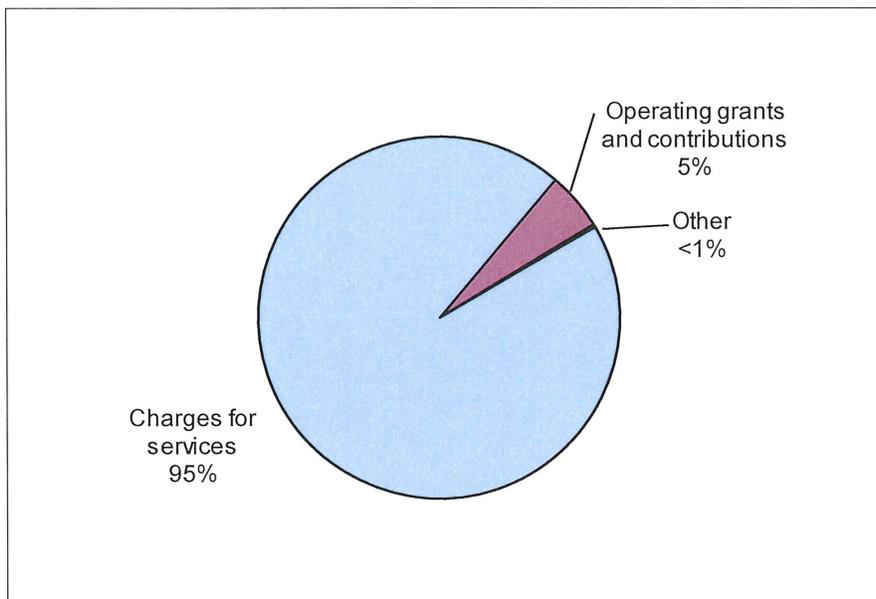
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the County’s net position by \$91,506. Total revenues increased \$637,383 and total expenses increased \$475,900 primarily due to changes in demand for airport services as a result of the re-opening of the airport runway after ongoing reconstruction and recovery from the impact of the Coronavirus. In addition, there was a decrease in transfers from governmental activities of \$332,096 or 69% compared to 2020.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Non-financial assets such as governmental buildings, roads, park land and long-term liabilities that will not be paid with current assets are excluded.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,646,099, an increase of \$1,976,200 in comparison with the prior year. Of the total fund balance, \$16,461,732 constitutes *unassigned fund balance* and is available for spending at the County's discretion. Of the remaining fund balance, \$8,184,367 is *restricted* to specific types of expenditures.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$16,461,732, which constituted the total fund balance. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 43% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 43% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$401,417 during the current year. This increase is due to an increase in total revenues of \$963,620 primarily due more tax revenues collected compared to prior year. In addition, total expenditures decreased \$389,271 due to declines in public safety expenditures in the sheriff's department. The remainder of the increase is attributed to a decrease in transfers to other funds of \$627,626.

Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to:

Fund	2021	2020
	Unrestricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position
Airport	\$ 959,633	\$ 658,578
Commissary	514,920	374,000
Total	\$ 1,474,553	\$ 1,032,578

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in an increase of \$1,450,662 in total expenditures and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$1,031,777 in miscellaneous increases in general governmental expenditures, mainly due to the purchase of land at 311 Constitution and chiller for the jail and the Victoria County Regional Disaster Response and Recovery Center.
- \$134,870 in miscellaneous increases in transfers out, mainly due to increases in expenses/expenditures for the Airport and various departments.
- \$284,015 in miscellaneous increases in public safety expenditures, due to capital outlay for purchases of vehicles, various other equipment, and repairs and maintenance for the sheriff's department.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS - (Continued)

These increases were to be funded out of miscellaneous increases in intergovernmental revenues, fines and forfeitures revenues, and other miscellaneous revenues.

For 2021, the General Fund's actual expenditures and transfers out came in \$2,457,820 lower than the final budget. This positive variance is mainly due to:

- Payroll and other various expenditure accounts that came in under budget for 2021.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$39,115,458 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, and machinery and equipment. The net increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current year was 2% (a 4% increase for governmental activities and a 9% decrease for business-type activities).

County of Victoria, Texas						
CAPITAL ASSETS						
(Net of Depreciation)						
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land	\$ 2,968,039	\$ 2,681,055	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,968,039	\$ 2,681,055
Construction in progress	2,195,465	1,552,129	511,679	464,447	2,707,144	2,016,576
Buildings	9,438,096	9,410,043	-	-	9,438,096	9,410,043
Improvements	8,543,266	8,147,072	4,130,296	4,776,341	12,673,562	12,923,413
Machinery and equipment	5,164,135	4,961,825	477,346	412,014	5,641,481	5,373,839
Infrastructure	5,687,136	5,873,531	-	-	5,687,136	5,873,531
Total	\$ 33,996,137	\$ 32,625,655	\$ 5,119,321	\$ 5,652,802	\$ 39,115,458	\$ 38,278,457

Major capital asset events in the governmental activities during the year ended December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

- Construction in progress had a net increase of \$643,336 due to additional costs related to the CDBG Hurricane Harvey and McCoy Road railroad pass projects as well as various other projects, offset by the completion of the Victoria County Regional Disaster Response and Recovery Center renovations.
- Improvements had a net increase of \$396,194 due to the addition of renovations to the Victoria County Regional Disaster Response and Recovery Center, offset by current year depreciation.
- Various machinery and equipment items were purchased and sold.

Major capital asset events in the business-type activities during the year ended December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

- Construction in progress increased by \$47,232 due to the airport secondary wind indicator project.
- Various machinery and equipment items were purchased and sold.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - (Continued)

Long-term debt. At the end of the current year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$18,950,000. This debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The County maintains an “AA” rating from Standard & Poor’s, and Fitch Ratings for general obligation debt. In addition, the County had outstanding \$277,455 in capital lease payable, \$836,450 in interlocal commitment, \$2,114,544 in compensated absences, \$19,545,170 in net pension liability, \$1,975,777 in OPEB liability, and \$810,331 in issuance premiums.

County of Victoria, Texas						
Long-term Debt						
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Certificates of obligation	\$ 14,525,000	\$ 15,105,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,525,000	\$ 15,105,000
General obligation bonds	4,425,000	4,835,000	-	-	4,425,000	4,835,000
Capital leases payable	277,455	87,290	-	-	277,455	87,290
Interlocal commitment	836,450	1,102,414	-	-	836,450	1,102,414
Compensated absences	2,114,734	1,896,688	29,820	46,110	2,144,554	1,942,798
Net pension liability	19,545,170	13,778,737	-	-	19,545,170	13,778,737
OPEB liability	1,975,777	1,663,830	-	-	1,975,777	1,663,830
Issuance premiums	810,331	880,289	-	-	810,331	880,289
Total	\$ 44,509,917	\$ 39,349,248	\$ 29,820	\$ 46,110	\$ 44,539,737	\$ 39,395,358

The County’s debt had a net increase of \$5,144,379 or 13%. The key factors to this net increase are the following:

- Debt payments of \$990,000 in governmental activities certificates of obligation and general obligation bonds were made during fiscal year 2021.
- The County entered into a capital lease in the governmental activities in fiscal year 2021 in the amount of \$220,793 for a data storage system.
- Net pension liability increased \$5,766,433.
- OPEB liability increased \$311,947.

Additional information on the County’s long-term debt can be found in Note 14.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR’S BUDGETS AND RATES

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective, and controlled use of the County’s resources, as well as a means to accomplish the highest priority objectives. Through the budget, the Commissioners’ Court sets the direction of the County, allocates its resources, and establishes its priorities.

The final 2022 budget was adopted by Commissioners’ Court on September 13, 2021. The budget included a cost of living salary increase. The property tax rate was set at \$0.3959 (39.59 cents) per \$100 assessed taxable valuation, which reflects no change from the prior year. The taxable valuation increased for the 2022 year by \$593 million which will result in an increase of tax revenue of \$2.3 million.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County’s finances for all those with an interest in the government’s finances. Questions concerning any of the information provide in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor’s Office, 115 N. Bridge, Room 122, Victoria, Texas 77901.

Basic Financial Statements

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - STATUTORY BASIS**December 31, 2021*

	Primary Government			Component Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,590,533	\$ 1,448,117	\$ 37,038,650	\$ 75,955,215
Investments	7,819,000	-	7,819,000	-
Receivables (net)	24,849,884	124,653	24,974,537	20,648,442
Internal balances	842	(842)	-	-
Due from other governments	3,707,325	59,000	3,766,325	13,976,884
Interlocal receivable - current portion	290,000	-	290,000	-
Due from external parties	120,160	-	120,160	-
Prepaid items	-	40,112	40,112	10,832,395
Inventory	-	80,260	80,260	2,467,309
Estimated amounts due from third-party payers	-	-	-	68,851
Total current assets	72,377,744	1,751,300	74,129,044	123,949,096
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Land and other assets not being depreciated	5,163,504	511,679	5,675,183	41,188,852
Buildings, improvements, and equipment (net)	28,832,633	4,607,642	33,440,275	89,911,396
Interlocal receivable - noncurrent portion	9,430,000	-	9,430,000	-
Restricted cash	-	-	-	6,282,461
Other assets	-	-	-	68,850
Net pension asset	-	-	-	24,922,546
Total noncurrent assets	43,426,137	5,119,321	48,545,458	162,374,105
Total assets	115,803,881	6,870,621	122,674,502	286,323,201
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amount on refunding	90,715	-	90,715	-
Deferred outflow related to pension	12,953,018	-	12,953,018	2,754,161
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	514,320	-	514,320	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	13,558,053	-	13,558,053	2,754,161

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Primary Government

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,823,348	\$ 106,586	\$ 1,929,934	\$ 9,293,524
Accrued expenses	1,458,718	48,173	1,506,891	12,766,878
Accrued interest payable	235,231	-	235,231	25,730
Due to other governments	513,488	-	513,488	-
Claims payable	369,457	-	369,457	-
Deposits	69,920	34,141	104,061	-
Unearned revenue	8,376,684	58,027	8,434,711	21,710,214
Accrued compensated absences	1,029,850	21,044	1,050,894	-
Current portion of long-term obligations	1,383,959	-	1,383,959	3,158,350
Total current liabilities	<u>15,260,655</u>	<u>267,971</u>	<u>15,528,626</u>	<u>46,954,696</u>
Noncurrent liabilities				
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	5,900,158
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	20,575,161	8,776	20,583,937	30,155,368
Net pension liability	19,545,170	-	19,545,170	-
OPEB liability	1,975,777	-	1,975,777	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>42,096,108</u>	<u>8,776</u>	<u>42,104,884</u>	<u>36,055,526</u>
Total liabilities	<u>57,356,763</u>	<u>276,747</u>	<u>57,633,510</u>	<u>83,010,222</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflow related to property taxes	28,576,562	-	28,576,562	2,394,984
Deferred inflow related to pension	5,969,493	-	5,969,493	16,759,329
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	83,414	-	83,414	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>34,629,469</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,629,469</u>	<u>19,154,313</u>
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	22,643,608	5,119,321	27,762,929	103,910,471
Restricted for:				
Debt service	606,175	-	606,175	-
Other purposes	5,090,338	-	5,090,338	24,922,546
Unrestricted	9,035,581	1,474,553	10,510,134	58,079,810
Total net position	<u>\$ 37,375,702</u>	<u>\$ 6,593,874</u>	<u>\$ 43,969,576</u>	<u>\$ 186,912,827</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Function/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 22,332,747	\$ 5,336,819	\$ 2,727,198	\$ -
Public safety	21,794,099	1,833,123	1,285,275	35,137
Highways and streets	6,053,548	1,383,485	277,551	2,337,564
Culture and recreation	281,960	1,800	-	-
Public health	5,290,892	1,634,307	2,797,233	97,990
Interest on long-term debt	549,960	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	<u>56,303,206</u>	<u>10,189,534</u>	<u>7,087,257</u>	<u>2,470,691</u>
Business-type activities				
Airport	3,284,451	2,661,592	167,141	-
Commissary	198,062	404,277	-	-
Total business-type activities	<u>3,482,513</u>	<u>3,065,869</u>	<u>167,141</u>	<u>-</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 59,785,719</u>	<u>\$ 13,255,403</u>	<u>\$ 7,254,398</u>	<u>\$ 2,470,691</u>
Component Units	<u>\$ 234,423,005</u>	<u>\$ 241,524,059</u>	<u>\$ 4,008,967</u>	<u>\$ 8,948,489</u>

General revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales taxes

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and
Changes in Net Position

Primary Government			
Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Component Units
\$ (14,268,730)	\$ -	\$ (14,268,730)	\$ -
(18,640,564)	-	(18,640,564)	-
(2,054,948)	-	(2,054,948)	-
(280,160)	-	(280,160)	-
(761,362)	-	(761,362)	-
(549,960)	-	(549,960)	-
<u>(36,555,724)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(36,555,724)</u>	<u>-</u>
-	(455,718)	(455,718)	-
-	206,215	206,215	-
<u>-</u>	<u>(249,503)</u>	<u>(249,503)</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>(36,555,724)</u>	<u>(249,503)</u>	<u>(36,805,227)</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,058,510</u>
26,798,781	-	26,798,781	2,343,692
1,971,334	-	1,971,334	-
10,694,633	-	10,694,633	-
380,983	-	380,983	-
158,895	-	158,895	-
245,363	1,924	247,287	104,761
819,227	7,000	826,227	61,745
(149,073)	149,073	-	-
<u>40,920,143</u>	<u>157,997</u>	<u>41,078,140</u>	<u>2,510,198</u>
4,364,419	(91,506)	4,272,913	22,568,708
<u>33,011,283</u>	<u>6,685,380</u>	<u>39,696,663</u>	<u>164,344,119</u>
<u>\$ 37,375,702</u>	<u>\$ 6,593,874</u>	<u>\$ 43,969,576</u>	<u>\$ 186,912,827</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2021

	General	American Rescue Plan Act	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,318,996	\$ 8,376,810	\$ 11,894,159	\$ 35,589,965
Investments	7,819,000	-	-	7,819,000
Receivables (net)	20,283,134	-	4,320,338	24,603,472
Due from other governments	238,652	-	3,468,673	3,707,325
Due from other funds	3,215,443	-	-	3,215,443
Total assets	\$ 46,875,225	\$ 8,376,810	\$ 19,683,170	\$ 74,935,205
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 616,389	\$ 7,500	\$ 1,146,038	\$ 1,769,927
Accrued expenditures	1,075,265	-	371,780	1,447,045
Due to other funds	-	-	2,224,757	2,224,757
Due to other governments	361,912	-	151,576	513,488
Deposits	875	-	69,045	69,920
Unearned revenue	21,255	8,355,429	-	8,376,684
Total liabilities	2,075,696	8,362,929	3,963,196	14,401,821
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	28,337,797	-	7,549,488	35,887,285
Total deferred inflows of resources	28,337,797	-	7,549,488	35,887,285
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	-	13,881	8,170,486	8,184,367
Unassigned	16,461,732	-	-	16,461,732
Total fund balances	16,461,732	13,881	8,170,486	24,646,099
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 46,875,225	\$ 8,376,810	\$ 19,683,170	\$ 74,935,205

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS**RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION
OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATUTORY BASIS**

December 31, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 24,646,099
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</i>		
The Internal Service Fund is used by the County to charge the cost of health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(1,057,255)
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as "unavailable" in the funds.		3,612,599
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by unavailable revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance.		3,698,124
Interlocal receivable on repayment of debt is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported on the fund financial statements.		9,720,000
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:		
Governmental capital assets costs	\$ 197,913,193	
Accumulated depreciation of governmental capital assets	<u>(163,917,056)</u>	33,996,137
Deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred amount on refunding	90,715	
Deferred amount on pension	12,953,018	
Deferred amount on OPEB	<u>514,320</u>	13,558,053
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds and certificates payable	(18,950,000)	
Capital leases	(277,455)	
Issuance premiums	(810,331)	
Interlocal commitment	(836,450)	
Accrued interest payable	(235,231)	
Compensated absences	(2,114,734)	
Net pension liability	(19,545,170)	
OPEB liability	<u>(1,975,777)</u>	(44,745,148)
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred amount on pension	(5,969,493)	
Deferred amount on OPEB	<u>(83,414)</u>	<u>(6,052,907)</u>
Net position of governmental activities		\$ <u>37,375,702</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - STATUTORY BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	<u>General</u>	<u>American Rescue Plan Act</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 33,285,353	\$ -	\$ 5,687,524	\$ 38,972,877
Fees of office and user fees	1,930,430	-	2,997,499	4,927,929
Intergovernmental	3,068,331	587,690	8,401,377	12,057,398
Fines and forfeitures	823,815	-	541,093	1,364,908
Investment income	213,049	13,881	17,865	244,795
Licenses and permits	59,047	-	-	59,047
Contributions	-	-	971,202	971,202
Miscellaneous	1,266,212	-	570,868	1,837,080
Total revenues	<u>40,646,237</u>	<u>601,571</u>	<u>19,187,428</u>	<u>60,435,236</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	19,205,870	26,000	2,796,518	22,028,388
Public safety	18,645,934	-	2,336,877	20,982,811
Highways and streets	-	-	5,710,807	5,710,807
Culture and recreation	252,831	-	-	252,831
Public health	-	-	5,215,356	5,215,356
Capital outlay	-	561,690	1,928,694	2,490,384
Debt service				
Principal retirement	-	-	1,255,964	1,255,964
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	621,875	621,875
Total expenditures	<u>38,104,635</u>	<u>587,690</u>	<u>19,866,091</u>	<u>58,558,416</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>2,541,602</u>	<u>13,881</u>	<u>(678,663)</u>	<u>1,876,820</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital lease	220,793	-	-	220,793
Sale of assets	27,660	-	-	27,660
Transfers in	63,218	-	2,823,678	2,886,896
Transfers out	(2,451,856)	-	(584,113)	(3,035,969)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(2,140,185)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,239,565</u>	<u>99,380</u>
Change in fund balances	401,417	13,881	1,560,902	1,976,200
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>16,060,315</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,609,584</u>	<u>22,669,899</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 16,461,732</u>	<u>\$ 13,881</u>	<u>\$ 8,170,486</u>	<u>\$ 24,646,099</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - STATUTORY BASIS
For the year ended December 31, 2021*

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 1,976,200
<i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</i>		
The Internal Service Fund is used by the County to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The net activity of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.		(438,227)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., transfers, contributions, adjustments and dispositions) is to increase (decrease) net position.		153,982
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Increase in capital assets	\$ 3,772,205	
Depreciation expense	<u>(2,555,705)</u>	1,216,500
Issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Capital lease		(220,793)
The payment on an interlocal receivable is reported as miscellaneous income in the governmental funds. However, in the government-wide statements, this payment is reported as a reduction of a current asset.		(280,000)
Current year payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they serve to reduce long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Bond principal retirement	990,000	
Interlocal commitment principal retirement	265,964	
Capital lease principal retirement	<u>30,628</u>	1,286,592
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Similarly, other revenues are not currently available at year end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes	622,554	
Other revenues	<u>(143,301)</u>	479,253
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Increase in compensated absences	(218,046)	
Net pension costs	504,032	
OPEB costs	(166,989)	
Decrease in accrued interest	12,131	
Decrease in loss on bond refunding	(10,174)	
Decrease in bond premium	<u>69,958</u>	<u>190,912</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ <u>4,364,419</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - STATUTORY BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2021

	<u>Business-type Activities</u>			Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Commissary</u>	<u>Total</u>	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 976,864	\$ 471,253	\$ 1,448,117	\$ 568
Receivables (net)	67,611	57,042	124,653	246,412
Due from other governments	59,000	-	59,000	-
Prepaid items	40,112	-	40,112	-
Inventory	80,260	-	80,260	-
Total current assets	<u>1,223,847</u>	<u>528,295</u>	<u>1,752,142</u>	<u>246,980</u>
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Land and other assets not being depreciated	511,679	-	511,679	-
Buildings, improvements, and equipment (net)	4,506,542	101,100	4,607,642	-
Total noncurrent assets	<u>5,018,221</u>	<u>101,100</u>	<u>5,119,321</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>6,242,068</u>	<u>629,395</u>	<u>6,871,463</u>	<u>246,980</u>
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	104,809	1,777	106,586	53,421
Accrued expenses	41,882	6,291	48,173	11,673
Due to other funds	652	190	842	869,684
Deposits	34,141	-	34,141	-
Unearned revenue	58,027	-	58,027	-
Claims payable	-	-	-	369,457
Accrued compensated absences	17,433	3,611	21,044	-
Total current liabilities	<u>256,944</u>	<u>11,869</u>	<u>268,813</u>	<u>1,304,235</u>
Noncurrent liabilities				
Accrued compensated absences	7,270	1,506	8,776	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>7,270</u>	<u>1,506</u>	<u>8,776</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>264,214</u>	<u>13,375</u>	<u>277,589</u>	<u>1,304,235</u>
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	5,018,221	101,100	5,119,321	-
Unrestricted	959,633	514,920	1,474,553	(1,057,255)
Total net position	<u>\$ 5,977,854</u>	<u>\$ 616,020</u>	<u>\$ 6,593,874</u>	<u>\$ (1,057,255)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - STATUTORY BASIS
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	<u>Business-type Activities</u>			<u>Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund</u>
	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Commissary</u>	<u>Total</u>	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 1,676,449	\$ 404,277	\$ 2,080,726	\$ 4,464,886
Rents	941,878	-	941,878	-
Miscellaneous	43,265	-	43,265	-
Total operating revenues	<u>2,661,592</u>	<u>404,277</u>	<u>3,065,869</u>	<u>4,464,886</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Airport operations	2,567,786	-	2,567,786	-
Commissary operations	-	179,741	179,741	-
Health services	-	-	-	4,903,681
Depreciation	716,665	18,321	734,986	-
Total operating expenses	<u>3,284,451</u>	<u>198,062</u>	<u>3,482,513</u>	<u>4,903,681</u>
Operating income (loss) before nonoperating revenues (expenses) and transfers	(622,859)	206,215	(416,644)	(438,795)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income - interest	1,167	757	1,924	568
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	7,000	-	7,000	-
Noncapital grants and contributions	167,141	-	167,141	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>175,308</u>	<u>757</u>	<u>176,065</u>	<u>568</u>
Income (loss) before transfers	(447,551)	206,972	(240,579)	(438,227)
Transfers				
Transfers in	149,073	-	149,073	-
Total transfers	<u>149,073</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>149,073</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in net position	(298,478)	206,972	(91,506)	(438,227)
Total net position at beginning of year	6,276,332	409,048	6,685,380	(619,028)
Total net position at end of year	<u>\$ 5,977,854</u>	<u>\$ 616,020</u>	<u>\$ 6,593,874</u>	<u>\$ (1,057,255)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - STATUTORY BASIS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the year ended December 31, 2021

	<u>Business-type Activities</u>			Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Commissary</u>	<u>Total</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,643,079	\$ 377,019	\$ 3,020,098	\$ 4,344,475
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,681,999)	(38,606)	(1,720,605)	(4,542,501)
Cash paid to employees for services	(912,036)	(142,922)	(1,054,958)	(295,724)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>49,044</u>	<u>195,491</u>	<u>244,535</u>	<u>(493,750)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Noncapital grants and contributions	108,141	-	108,141	-
Borrowing (repayments) to other funds	39	11	50	493,229
Transfers in (out) from other funds	<u>149,073</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>149,073</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>257,253</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>257,264</u>	<u>493,229</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(117,134)	(84,373)	(201,507)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	<u>7,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(110,134)</u>	<u>(84,373)</u>	<u>(194,507)</u>	<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income	<u>1,167</u>	<u>757</u>	<u>1,924</u>	<u>568</u>
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>1,167</u>	<u>757</u>	<u>1,924</u>	<u>568</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	197,330	111,886	309,216	47
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>779,534</u>	<u>359,367</u>	<u>1,138,901</u>	<u>521</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 976,864</u>	<u>\$ 471,253</u>	<u>\$ 1,448,117</u>	<u>\$ 568</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

	<u>Business-type Activities</u>			Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Commissary</u>	<u>Total</u>	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (622,859)	\$ 206,215	\$ (416,644)	\$ (438,795)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation	716,665	18,321	734,986	-
Changes in assets and liabilities				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(37,908)	(27,258)	(65,166)	(120,103)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(54,975)	-	(54,975)	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(13,134)	-	(13,134)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	48,270	(1,021)	47,249	14,632
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	7,706	1,408	9,114	1,473
Increase (decrease) in deposits	8,788	-	8,788	-
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	10,607	-	10,607	(308)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(14,116)	(2,174)	(16,290)	-
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	-	-	-	49,351
Total adjustments	<u>671,903</u>	<u>(10,724)</u>	<u>661,179</u>	<u>(54,955)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 49,044</u>	<u>\$ 195,491</u>	<u>\$ 244,535</u>	<u>\$ (493,750)</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 137,130	\$ 21,936,548
Receivables (net)		
Other	-	129,316
Deposits	3,654	-
Seized assets	<u>-</u>	<u>837,786</u>
Total assets	<u>140,784</u>	<u>22,903,650</u>
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17,250	433,710
Due to other funds	120,160	-
Due to other governments	<u>-</u>	<u>18,639,035</u>
Total liabilities	<u>137,410</u>	<u>19,072,745</u>
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 3,374</u>	<u>\$ 3,830,905</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ADDITIONS		
Miscellaneous		
Participants' contributions	\$ 263,237	\$ -
Minor trust account deposits	-	887,462
Confiscation and restitution receipts	-	1,946,446
Inmate deposits	-	993,926
Tax collections	-	205,317,331
Investment income	173	210,244
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total additions	<u>263,410</u>	<u>209,355,409</u>
DEDUCTIONS		
General government		
Participants' withdrawals	263,237	-
Minor trust account disbursements	-	628,263
Confiscation and restitution disbursements	-	965,756
Inmate withdrawals	-	990,910
Tax distributions	-	205,318,565
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total deductions	<u>263,237</u>	<u>207,903,494</u>
Changes in net position	173	1,451,915
Net position - beginning, as restated	<u>3,201</u>	<u>2,378,990</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 3,374</u>	<u>\$ 3,830,905</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS
December 31, 2021

	Victoria County Navigation District	Citizens Medical Center	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,248,307	\$ 69,706,908	\$ 75,955,215
Receivables (net)	1,845,586	18,802,856	20,648,442
Due from other governments	632,257	13,344,627	13,976,884
Supplies inventory	-	2,467,309	2,467,309
Estimated amounts due from third-party payers	-	68,851	68,851
Prepaid items and other	12,141	10,820,254	10,832,395
Total current assets	8,738,291	115,210,805	123,949,096
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets			
Land and other assets not being depreciated	23,134,927	18,053,925	41,188,852
Buildings, improvements, and equipment (net)	27,259,024	62,652,372	89,911,396
Restricted cash	-	6,282,461	6,282,461
Other assets	-	68,850	68,850
Net pension asset	-	24,922,546	24,922,546
Total noncurrent assets	50,393,951	111,980,154	162,374,105
Total assets	59,132,242	227,190,959	286,323,201
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflow related to pension	-	2,754,161	2,754,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	2,754,161	2,754,161
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	763,331	8,530,193	9,293,524
Accrued expenditures/expenses	-	12,766,878	12,766,878
Accrued interest payable	25,730	-	25,730
Unearned revenue	15,562	21,694,652	21,710,214
Current portion of long-term obligations	1,467,037	1,691,313	3,158,350
Total current liabilities	2,271,660	44,683,036	46,954,696
Noncurrent liabilities			
Unearned revenue	-	5,900,158	5,900,158
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	16,026,320	14,129,048	30,155,368
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,026,320	20,029,206	36,055,526
Total liabilities	18,297,980	64,712,242	83,010,222
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflow related to property taxes	2,394,984	-	2,394,984
Deferred inflow related to pensions	-	16,759,329	16,759,329
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,394,984	16,759,329	19,154,313
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	32,243,939	71,666,532	103,910,471
Restricted for pension	-	24,922,546	24,922,546
Unrestricted	6,195,339	51,884,471	58,079,810
Total net position	\$ 38,439,278	\$ 148,473,549	\$ 186,912,827

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
COMPONENT UNITS
For the year ended December 31, 2021

Function/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Component Units				
Victoria County Navigation District	\$ 4,946,915	\$ 2,310,072	\$ -	\$ 7,717,743
Citizens Medical Center	<u>229,476,090</u>	<u>239,213,987</u>	<u>4,008,967</u>	<u>1,230,746</u>
Total component units	<u>\$ 234,423,005</u>	<u>\$ 241,524,059</u>	<u>\$ 4,008,967</u>	<u>\$ 8,948,489</u>

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue
and Changes
in Net Position

Component Units

Victoria County Navigation District	Citizens Medical Center	Total
\$ 5,080,900	\$ -	\$ 5,080,900
<u>-</u>	<u>14,977,610</u>	<u>14,977,610</u>
<u>5,080,900</u>	<u>14,977,610</u>	<u>20,058,510</u>
2,343,692	-	2,343,692
14,284	90,477	104,761
<u>61,745</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>61,745</u>
<u>2,419,721</u>	<u>90,477</u>	<u>2,510,198</u>
7,500,621	15,068,087	22,568,708
<u>30,938,657</u>	<u>133,405,462</u>	<u>164,344,119</u>
<u>\$ 38,439,278</u>	<u>\$ 148,473,549</u>	<u>\$ 186,912,827</u>

INDEX

<u>Note</u>		<u>Page</u>
1	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	33
2	Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability.....	42
3	Deposits and Investments	43
4	Receivables	46
5	Due From Other Governments	47
6	Capital Assets.....	47
7	Lessor Agreements.....	49
8	Defined Benefit Pension Plan.....	50
9	Other Postemployment Benefit Plan - Life (OPEB).....	55
10	Retiree Health Benefit Plan (OPEB).....	59
11	Employees' Health Insurance Fund.....	59
12	Deferred Compensation Plan	60
13	Risk Management.....	60
14	Long-term Debt.....	61
15	Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers.....	65
16	Commitments and Contingencies.....	66
17	Fund Balances	67
18	Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements	67
19	Tax Abatements.....	68
20	Subsequent Event	68
21	Victoria County Navigation District	69
22	Citizens Medical Center.....	76

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County of Victoria, Texas (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State of Texas (the "State"). The County is governed by the Commissioners' Court, composed of four (4) County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted primary standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, to the extent that its rules do not conflict with State financial laws and the State Constitution. The codification of GASB Statements and Interpretations and any amendments thereto define the Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards that constitute generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units. GASB recognizes that the establishment of accounting standards for states and local governments, which were created by states, is a power retained by the states.

Prior to 2008, the County prepared financial statements in accordance with GAAP because it did not conflict with State financial laws and the State Constitution. However, the County has concluded that complying with GASB Statement No. 45 (GASB 45), *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions* (OPEB), would result in publishing financial statements that are materially misleading. This statement was superseded by GASB 75 for fiscal year 2018. It would also be inconsistent with State financial laws and misrepresent the nature, scope, and duration of the financial activities of the County.

Beginning in 2008, the County prepared its financial statements using the statutory basis of accounting provided by the State in Chapter 2264, Texas Government Code (Chapter 2264), Financial Accounting and Reporting (the "Statutory Basis"). This Statutory Basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP that is consistent with State financial laws and the State Constitution. The statutory accounting practices as prescribed in Chapter 2264 amend or supersede portions of GASB pronouncements.

The only departure from GAAP as a result of applying the Statutory Basis of accounting is in the accounting for and reporting of OPEB. GASB 75 requires state and local governments to establish standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefits expense/expenditures, related liabilities, and note disclosures in the financial statements. The Statutory Basis differs from GAAP in that GAAP requires a government to report an OPEB liability even when the government has not promised or contracted to fund future benefits and when there is no legally enforceable liability. In other words, GASB 75 does not distinguish between a government that has a legally enforceable liability and a government that does not; nor does it distinguish between a government that has promised benefits and a government that has not. In addition, GASB stated in paragraph 77 of GASB 45, "...the Board affirmed its general presumptions, and that of other standards setters, that an employer that has established a *pattern of providing* postemployment benefits has accepted *responsibility to provide* those benefits". Such presumptions may result in materially misleading financial statements and may be contrary to State law and the actions of the government's governing body.

The Statutory Basis of accounting provides an accounting basis for the County to report any legally enforceable OPEB liability it may have incurred based on the County's "Substantive Plan". A Substantive Plan is defined in Chapter 2264 as a plan providing OPEB approved by the governing body of the plan provider according to the laws and Constitution of the State. The Statutory Basis is consistent with the definition and characteristics of a liability defined in GASB Concepts Statement No. 4, *Elements of Financial Statements* as a "present obligation to sacrifice resources that the government has little or no discretion to avoid". No promises of continuing retirement healthcare benefits beyond 2021 have been made to employees by the Commissioners' Court. The County has included communications both in information provided to employees and in the annual financial statements that specifically state that the decision to provide these benefits is made on an annual basis.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In summary, the County's presentation of OPEB in its financial statements using the Statutory Basis in Chapter 2264: (1) measures the cost of benefits according to their adoption by the government body of the County; (2) provides an accurate assessment of OPEB liabilities and the extent of their funding for the time period for which the benefits were adopted; and (3) provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows.

Other significant accounting policies followed by the County are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, the County's financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered financially accountable. A component unit is included in the County's reporting entity if either of the following are applicable: (1) the County appoints a voting majority of the component unit's governing body and the County is able to impose its will on the component unit or there is potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County; (2) the component unit is fiscally dependent on the County and there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The County is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The component units discussed in this note are included in the County's financial statements because the Commissioners' Court appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the County's ability to impose its will on the organizations.

Component Units

The component units' column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the County's two component units. They are reported as discretely presented component units in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Victoria County Navigation District - Established to oversee and regulate the maintenance and operations of the Victoria Barge Canal. The District is governed by a Board of Commissioners, each member of which is appointed by the Commissioners' Court of the County. The Commissioners' Court of Victoria also reviews and approves its annual budget. This entity is considered a Governmental Fund Type for the County's reporting purposes and uses the same fiscal year as the County.

Citizens Medical Center - A 317-bed acute care hospital owned by the County and established to provide medical services to the residents of the County and surrounding areas. The Medical Center is governed by a board of directors, each member of which is appointed by the Commissioners' Court of the County. This Court also reviews and approves the annual operating budget of the Medical Center. Citizens Medical Center operates on a fiscal year ending June 30 of each year. The amounts reported for the Medical Center in the financial statements are as of June 30, 2021. The Medical Center is reported as a Proprietary Fund Type in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity - (Continued)

Complete financial statements for each of the above noted component units may be obtained by contacting their respective administrative offices at the following addresses:

Victoria County Navigation District
1934 FM 1432
Victoria, Texas 77905

Citizens Medical Center
2701 Hospital Drive
Victoria, Texas 77901

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, discretely presented component units, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 120 day availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, except for interest payable accrued at the debt issuance date for which cash is received with the debt proceeds, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, fines, licenses, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the state and other third parties at year-end on behalf of the County are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The 2021 tax levy is dedicated to pay for expenditures of the 2022 budget. The entire 2021 tax levy has either been recorded as unearned revenue or unavailable revenue as of December 31, 2021.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Funds account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The American Rescue Plan Fund is reported as a major special revenue fund as of December 31, 2021. This fund established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) Program to support response to and recovery from COVID-19 public health emergency.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations: 1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or 2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Airport Fund, an enterprise fund, accounts for the operations of and improvements to the County Airport.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County maintains one Internal Service Fund: Employee Health Insurance Fund.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

The Commissary Fund, an enterprise fund, accounts for the operations of commissary stores within correctional facilities.

The Private Purpose Trust Fund, or the Flexible Benefits Plan, is used to account for amounts withheld from employee paychecks before FICA and withholding taxes are computed. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to benefit parties outside the County. All the above is according to the plan document. The fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The Custodial Funds account for resources held by the County as an agent for various governments and individuals. These resources include ad valorem taxes collected and to be distributed to other local governments, pass-through grants, various fines and fees to be distributed to other governments, etc. The funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for general government debt principal and interest.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between various functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds and internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County Judge is, by statute, the budget officer of the County. After being furnished budget guidelines by the County Judge and Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor prepares an estimate of revenues and a compilation of requested departmental expenditures. Department officials appear before the County Judge and the County Auditor for departmental budget review. A proposed budget is prepared by the County Auditor, then submitted to the Commissioners' Court. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the County Auditor's estimate of revenues and estimated cash balance at January 1 of the budgeted year.

Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund by the first regular session of the Commissioners' Court in September. All budgets adopted by the County are on the cash basis of accounting rather than in conformity with GAAP. Under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid.

When the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring expenditures to keep them from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping the members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the condition of the various funds and accounts. The level of control (the level on which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is on a line-item basis. Any amendments above the line-item level must have the approval of the Commissioners' Court before implementation. The line-item level of control is defined by the basic categories of salaries, fringe benefits, operating expenditures, other services and charges, capital outlay, and debt service.

Budget revenue amendments made during the year in the County's governmental funds netted an increase of \$1,299,134. Budget expenditure amendments in these funds netted an increase of \$2,918,296.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by the County as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported as reservations of fund balances. All encumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

E. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the County are reported at fair value.

The County may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under this Act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit issued by a state or financial institution domiciled in the State of Texas which is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or otherwise secured; and certain repurchase agreements.

The Commissioners' Court has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1995. The investments of the County are in compliance with the Commissioners' Court's investment policies.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies held by the Airport Fund, an enterprise fund, are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Estimated cost is used when actual cost figures are not available.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods. These payments are reported as deferred expenditures (governmental funds) or prepaid expenses (proprietary funds) in the fund financial statements and as deferred expenditures/expenses in the government-wide statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statement of net position. The County defines capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The County reports infrastructure assets on a system basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported regardless of their amount. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets, the County chose to include all such items acquired on or after January 1, 2003. The County reported infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2003, beginning in year ending December 31, 2007.

As the County constructs or acquires capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is capitalized when acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred during the period of construction until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10-50
Improvements other than buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	20-40
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Office equipment and fixtures	5-10

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

Paid time off or PTO benefits are accrued by County employees according to guidelines set in the County's personnel policy. This policy states that PTO begins to accrue on the first day of employment. However, a new hire (regular 40 hour employee) may not begin to use their accrued PTO until they have completed six months of continuous service (with the exception of Public Safety employees, PTO is available after the first bi-weekly accrual). Each employee will thereafter accrue PTO according to the number of years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, if the employee has completed one year of service, he or she will be paid for accrued but unused PTO. The payment of unused PTO may not exceed 80 hours. All PTO is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and in proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs and deferred losses on refunding as expenditures/expenses, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred charges on refunding – A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension/OPEB contributions after measurement date – These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Differences between actuarial assumptions used and actual experience for determination of pension or OPEB liability – These differences are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine pension or OPEB liability – This difference is deferred and amortized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. This year, the County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets – This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.
- Difference in expected and actual pension or OPEB experience is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine pension or OPEB liability – This difference is deferred and amortized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

L. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEBS, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the County's pension liability is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the County by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, Inc., in compliance with GASB No. 68.

M. Fund Equity

Fund balances of Governmental Funds classified as restricted are balances with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners Court through a resolution or by other formal action. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments can be made by the Commissioners Court or by a Court designee (e.g., a department head).

N. Net Position/Fund Balance Flow Assumption

For the classification of government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, it is the County's policy to consider restricted net position before unrestricted net position. For governmental fund balances, the County considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available. However, the County has reserved the right to deviate from this general strategy.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

It is the desire of the County to maintain adequate General Fund fund balance to provide sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The Commissioners Court has adopted a financial standard to maintain an unassigned General Fund fund balance of 25% of the total budgeted expenditures.

The Commissioners Court has also adopted a financial standard to maintain a restricted Debt Service Fund fund balance of 10% - 25% of the following year's debt service requirements, to be used for debt service expenditures.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the County to make estimates and assessments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Upcoming GASB Implementations

The County plans to implement GASB Statement No. 87 (GASB 87), *Leases*, in fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The objective of GASB 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. GASB 87 increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Equity

As of December 31, 2021, the following funds had deficit equity balances:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund Balance/ Net Position</u>
Internal Service Fund	
Employee Health Insurance	\$ 1,057,255

Steps will be taken to eliminate these deficits in the upcoming fiscal year.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of December 31, 2021:

<u>Deposits and Investments</u>	
Bank Deposits	\$ 50,042,740
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	7,819,000
LOGIC Investment Pool	2,278,712
Cash on Hand	<u>6,790,876</u>
Total	<u>\$ 66,931,328</u>

Deposits

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. All deposits of the County that exceeded the federal depository insurance coverage level of \$250,000 per account were covered by collateral held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the County's name under a collateral agreement with Prosperity Bank. The market value of the collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the County's name at year-end was \$110,999,696. At December 31, 2021, the respective bank balances totaled \$65,372,856.

Investments

Following the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, LOGIC uses amortized cost to value portfolio assets. The pool operates in a manner consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2(a)(7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Instead, the regulatory oversight for the pool is the State of Texas. Investments in the pool are classified as cash and cash equivalents for reporting purposes.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**Investments - (Continued)**

As of December 31, 2021, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements Using			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	N/A
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	\$ 7,819,000	\$ -	\$ 7,819,000	\$ -	\$ -
LOGIC Investment Pool	<u>2,278,712</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,278,712</u>
Total	<u>\$ 10,097,712</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,819,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,278,712</u>

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for investments to less than five years from the time of purchase. Specifically, investments of operating funds must have stated final maturities of three years or less and investments in capital project funds must have stated final maturities that do not exceed the expected completion date of the project for which the bonds were sold.

As of December 31, 2021, the County's investments had the following maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years)			
		Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	\$ 7,819,000	\$ -	\$ 7,819,000	\$ -	\$ -
LOGIC Investment Pool	<u>2,278,712</u>	<u>2,278,712</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 10,097,712</u>	<u>\$ 2,278,712</u>	<u>\$ 7,819,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**Investments - (Continued)***Credit Risk*

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to those with ratings of not less than A or its equivalent.

At December 31, 2021, the County's investments had the following quality ratings:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Quality Ratings			
		AAA	AA	A	Unrated
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	\$ 7,819,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,819,000
LOGIC Investment Pool	<u>2,278,712</u>	<u>2,278,712</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 10,097,712</u>	<u>\$ 2,278,712</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,819,000</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk

The County's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity or specific user. At year-end, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires that securities be held in the name of the County or held on behalf of the County and that all securities are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. As of December 31, 2021, and for the year then ended, the County was not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

Please see Notes 20 and 21 for discussions relative to the cash deposits of the County's two component units.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2021, for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	<u>General</u>	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Commissary</u>	<u>Nonmajor and Other Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross receivables					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 16,235,044	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,628,579	\$ 20,863,623
Sales taxes	1,939,946	-	-	-	1,939,946
Fines	13,363,208	-	-	-	13,363,208
Other	63,599	67,611	57,042	298,612	486,864
Total gross receivables	31,601,797	67,611	57,042	4,927,191	36,653,641
Less: Allowances	11,318,663	-	-	360,441	11,679,104
Total net receivables	<u>\$ 20,283,134</u>	<u>\$ 67,611</u>	<u>\$ 57,042</u>	<u>\$ 4,566,750</u>	<u>\$ 24,974,537</u>

The County's governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund			
Ad valorem taxes receivable	\$ 25,116,620	\$ -	\$ 25,116,620
Fines receivable	3,221,177	-	3,221,177
Other	-	21,255	21,255
American Rescue Plan Act			
Federal and state grants	-	8,355,429	8,355,429
Nonmajor Funds			
Ad valorem taxes receivable	7,192,166	-	7,192,166
Federal and state grants	357,322	-	357,322
	<u>\$ 35,887,285</u>	<u>\$ 8,376,684</u>	<u>\$ 44,263,969</u>

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and payable by the following January 31, which comprises the collection dates for the current tax roll. The County of Victoria Tax Assessor-Collector bills and collects its own property taxes.

The County is permitted by State Statute to levy taxes up to \$0.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The combined tax rate for the budgetary year ended December 31, 2021, was \$0.3959 per \$100, which means the County has a tax margin of \$0.4041 per \$100.

NOTE 5: DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Various funds of the County reported amounts due from other governments as of the end of the current year. These amounts are comprised of the following at December 31, 2021:

	<u>General</u>	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Nonmajor and Other Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Contract reimbursements	\$ 179,645	\$ -	\$ 109,098	\$ 288,743
Federal and state grants	11,570	59,000	3,359,575	3,430,145
Alcohol and bingo taxes	<u>47,437</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>47,437</u>
	<u>\$ 238,652</u>	<u>\$ 59,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,468,673</u>	<u>\$ 3,766,325</u>

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,681,055	\$ 286,984	\$ -	\$ 2,968,039
Construction in progress	<u>1,552,129</u>	<u>2,096,371</u>	<u>1,453,035</u>	<u>2,195,465</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>4,233,184</u>	<u>2,383,355</u>	<u>1,453,035</u>	<u>5,163,504</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment	21,067,594	1,432,924	623,686	21,876,832
Buildings	22,443,277	409,571	-	22,852,848
Improvements	25,988,617	1,173,504	-	27,162,121
Infrastructure	<u>120,857,888</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>120,857,888</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>190,357,376</u>	<u>3,015,999</u>	<u>623,686</u>	<u>192,749,689</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Machinery and equipment	16,105,769	1,210,482	603,554	16,712,697
Buildings	13,033,234	381,518	-	13,414,752
Improvements	17,841,545	777,310	-	18,618,855
Infrastructure	<u>114,984,357</u>	<u>186,395</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>115,170,752</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>161,964,905</u>	<u>2,555,705</u>	<u>603,554</u>	<u>163,917,056</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>28,392,471</u>	<u>460,294</u>	<u>20,132</u>	<u>28,832,633</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 32,625,655</u>	<u>\$ 2,843,649</u>	<u>\$ 1,473,167</u>	<u>\$ 33,996,137</u>

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 464,447	\$ 47,232	\$ -	\$ 511,679
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>464,447</u>	<u>47,232</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>511,679</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment	1,162,596	154,273	76,877	1,239,992
Buildings	1,111,046	-	-	1,111,046
Improvements	17,334,622	-	-	17,334,622
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>19,608,264</u>	<u>154,273</u>	<u>76,877</u>	<u>19,685,660</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Machinery and equipment	750,582	88,941	76,877	762,646
Buildings	1,111,046	-	-	1,111,046
Improvements	12,558,281	646,045	-	13,204,326
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>14,419,909</u>	<u>734,986</u>	<u>76,877</u>	<u>15,078,018</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>5,188,355</u>	<u>(580,713)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,607,642</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,652,802</u>	<u>\$ (533,481)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,119,321</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 821,084
Public safety	1,030,120
Highways and streets	593,689
Culture and recreation	26,570
Public health	84,242
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,555,705</u>
Business-type activities	
Airport	\$ 716,665
Commissary	18,321
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	<u>\$ 734,986</u>

NOTE 7: LESSOR AGREEMENTS

The Airport Fund, a major enterprise fund, leases land and buildings to various unrelated third parties. Approximately 25% of the Airport Fund's capital assets are used to operate the Airport activities. The total cost of the buildings is \$1,111,046 and is fully depreciated as of December 31, 2021. The total cost of the improvements to the land and buildings is \$17,334,621 and the carrying value is \$4,130,294. Accumulated depreciation on all assets in the Airport Fund is \$14,995,624. Following is an analysis of minimum future rentals due the Airport Fund under noncancelable lease agreements as of December 31, 2021:

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	
2022	\$ 619,835
2023	492,934
2024	477,710
2025	427,587
2026	<u>433,755</u>
	2,451,821
Thereafter	<u>1,858,206</u>
	<u>\$ 4,310,027</u>

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides retirement and disability benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of nearly 817 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available at TCDRG.org/employer.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Membership

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following is the number of members in the plan:

Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries) currently receiving benefits	409
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	525
Active employees	<u>594</u>
Total	<u>1,528</u>

Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 14.78% for the accounting year in 2021. The deposit rate payable by the employee members is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

The deposit rate payable by the employer for calendar year 2021 is the rate of 14.78% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee members deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	
Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses	Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Asset valuation method	
Smoothing period	5 years
Recognition method	Non-asymptotic
Corridor	None
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 3.00% average over career including inflation.
Investment rate of return	7.60% (Gross of administrative expenses)
Cost of living adjustments	Cost of living adjustments for Victoria County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost of living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost of living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.
Retirement age	Based on annual rates of service retirement where deferred members are assumed to retire at the later of: a) age 60 or b) earliest retirement eligibility.
Turnover	The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan for reasons other than death, disability or retirement is 0% for the two years immediately prior to retirement eligibility. Rates are reduced at ages near retirement as it is anticipated that a member would be less likely to take a withdrawal if the partial lump-sum payment option was available. New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - (Continued)

Mortality For service retirees and beneficiaries, 130% and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For depositing members, 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For disabled retirees, 130% and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.25%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.55%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.25%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	5.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	6.00%	4.90%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	7.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Rund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.85%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-0.70%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2011 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.0% per Cliffwater's 2021 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)**Net Pension Liability - (Continued)***Actuarial Assumptions - (Continued)**Discount Rate*

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%, a decrease of 0.50% from prior measurement. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	<u>Total Pension Liability</u>	<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$ 164,780,626	\$ 151,001,889	\$ 13,778,737
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	3,875,395	-	3,875,395
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾	13,301,521	-	13,301,521
Effect on plan changes ⁽²⁾	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	474,642	-	474,642
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	10,290,048	-	10,290,048
Refund of contributions	(373,746)	(373,746)	-
Benefit payments	(8,681,997)	(8,681,997)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(120,090)	120,090
Member contributions	-	2,143,036	(2,143,036)
Net investment income	-	15,594,804	(15,594,804)
Employer contributions	-	4,610,581	(4,610,581)
Other ⁽³⁾	-	(53,158)	53,158
Net changes	<u>18,885,863</u>	<u>13,119,430</u>	<u>5,766,433</u>
Balance at 12/31/2020	<u>\$ 183,666,489</u>	<u>\$ 164,121,319</u>	<u>\$ 19,545,170</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan values changed.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - (Continued)Net Pension Liability - (Continued)*Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the Victoria County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.60%)	Current Discount Rate (7.60%)	1.0% Increase in Discount Rate (8.60%)
Total pension liability	\$ 207,992,468	\$ 183,666,489	\$ 163,372,876
Fiduciary net position	164,121,317	164,121,319	164,121,317
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ 43,871,151	\$ 19,545,170	\$ (748,441)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TCDRS report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,985,943. At December 31, 2021, the County reported the following deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 534,690	\$ 394,971
Changes of assumptions	7,928,352	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-	5,574,522
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,489,976	-
Total	\$ 12,953,018	\$ 5,969,493

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2021	\$ 825,397
2022	2,583,503
2023	(222,957)
2024	(692,392)
2025	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 2,493,551

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - LIFE (OPEB)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The County participates in the retiree Group Term Life program for the TCDRS. All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year and are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Only employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program are included in the OPEB plan. The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program. The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit and no future increases are assumed in the \$5,000 benefit amount. The benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of January 1 each year.

Membership

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following is the number of members in the plan:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	355
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	140
Active employees	<u>594</u>
Total	<u>1,089</u>

Contributions

The County's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000. For GASB 75 purposes, the OPEB plan is not a cost sharing plan as the employer's benefit payments for the year are treated as being equal to its annual retiree GTL contributions. The contributions are held in the GTL fund and the fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75 as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan.

The County's contribution rates for the program are as follows:

Plan/Calendar Year	Total GTL Contribution (Rate)	Retiree Portion of GTL Contribution (Rate)
2017	0.15%	0.09%
2018	0.15%	0.09%
2019	0.14%	0.11%
2020	0.15%	0.12%
2021	0.15%	0.12%

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - LIFE (OPEB) - ContinuedTotal OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability and the OPEB expense is recognized on the County's financial statements. The OPEB expense recognized each fiscal year is equal to the change in the total OPEB liability from the beginning of the year to the end of the year, adjusted for deferred recognition of certain changes in the liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

Valuation timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	
Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses	Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Asset valuation method	Does not apply
Inflation	Does not apply
Salary increases	Does not apply
Investment rate of return (Discount rate)	2.12%; 20 year bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2020
Cost of living adjustment	Does not apply
Disability	Based on TCDRS experience
Mortality	For service retirees and beneficiaries, 130% and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For depositing members, 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For disabled retirees, 130% and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Retirement	Based on annual rates of service retirement where deferred members are assumed to retire at the later of: a) age 60 or b) earliest retirement eligibility.

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - LIFE (OPEB) - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - (Continued)

Other Termination of
Employment

The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan for reasons other than death, disability or retirement vary by length of service, entry-age group and gender. No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at December 31, 2020 was 2.12%, a decrease from the rate of 2.74% at December 31, 2019. The OPEB plan has been determined to be an unfunded OPEB plan; therefore, only the municipal bond rate applies.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	<u>Changes in Total OPEB Liability</u>
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$ 1,663,830
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	60,068
Interest on total OPEB liability ⁽¹⁾	46,735
Changes of benefit terms ⁽²⁾	-
Effect of economic/demographic experience	7,814
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs ⁽³⁾	234,068
Benefit payments	(36,738)
Other	-
Balance at 12/31/2020	<u>\$ 1,975,777</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan values changed.

⁽³⁾ Reflects change in discount rate.

NOTE 9: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - LIFE (OPEB) - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the County's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.12%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.12%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.12%)	Current Discount Rate (2.12%)	1.0% Increase in Discount Rate (3.12%)
County's Total OPEB Liability:	\$2,455,015	\$1,975,777	\$1,617,206

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$204,118.

As of December 31, 2020, the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 13,653	\$ 3,012
Changes of assumptions	464,078	80,402
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	36,589	-
Total	\$ 514,320	\$ 83,414

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources to be recognized in future OPEB expense (excluding County contributions subsequent to the measurement date) are as follows:

Year ended December 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2021	\$ 97,315
2022	97,316
2023	86,520
2024	113,169
2025	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 394,320

NOTE 10: RETIREE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB)

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County provides its retirees with post-employment health care benefits. In order for a County employee to be eligible for this benefit, their age combined with their years of service must equal seventy-five (75), or they must have attained the age of sixty (60) and with eight (8) years of service, or they must have twenty (20) or more years of service with Victoria County and can retire at any age with full benefits.

The County pays 43.07% of the premium cost for each retiree under the age of 65 provided they worked for Victoria County for eight (8) or more years. If the retiree worked less than eight (8) years for Victoria County the County will not pay any of the premium cost. The County does not contribute to the premium cost for dependents who may be covered under the retiree's (under 65) health insurance plan.

The County pays 50% of the premium cost for medical coverage only for each retiree over the age of 65. The County does not contribute to the premium cost for dependents for retirees over the age of 65.

Other post-employment benefits are expensed and funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as a payroll expense/expenditure in an operating fund with corresponding revenue in the Employee Health Insurance Fund. Payments for health insurance are shown as an expense in the Employee Health Insurance Fund. The cost of providing these benefits for 112 and 128 retirees and active employees for the years 2021 and 2020, respectively, is not separated. Total payments to the Employee Health Insurance Fund by retirees were \$204,989 in 2021 and \$226,376 in 2020.

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEES' HEALTH INSURANCE FUND

The County maintains a self-insurance internal service fund designed to pay comprehensive health benefits incurred by its participants. The fund assumes all risk up to \$125,000 of claims per participant annually; after this a reinsurance policy pays any remaining claims for the remainder of the year. Premiums are charged to the individual funds based on a predetermined cost per employee and dependent. These amounts are recorded as operating revenue in the internal service fund and as operating expenditures/expenses in the respective funds. Any claims that have been incurred, but not reported, as of the balance sheet date are shown as current liabilities in the internal service fund and have been charged as an operating expense for that period. This amount was determined by the County's health plan administrator.

As of December 31, 2021, the fund had estimated liabilities for outstanding claims of \$369,457. There was an unrestricted net position of (\$1,057,255) as of December 31, 2021, a decrease of \$438,227 from 2020.

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEES' HEALTH INSURANCE FUND - (Continued)

Below is a reconciliation of claims liabilities reported in the Employee's Health Insurance Fund for the years noted:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Payable Jan 1</u>	<u>Incurred</u>	<u>Paid</u>	<u>Payable Dec 31</u>
2012	\$ 166,498	\$ 2,423,413	\$ 2,388,999	\$ 200,912
2013	200,912	2,343,056	2,365,617	178,351
2014	178,351	2,346,944	2,374,667	150,628
2015	150,628	2,180,671	2,123,249	208,050
2016	208,050	2,734,593	2,694,141	248,502
2017	248,502	3,309,724	3,372,446	185,780
2018	185,780	3,681,389	3,302,952	564,217
2019	564,217	2,993,182	3,151,561	405,838
2020	405,838	3,428,325	3,514,057	320,106
2021	320,106	3,529,529	3,411,408	438,227

The above schedule reflects only those claims for which the County was liable. Information on claims paid by the insurance carrier under the reinsurance policy was not available. Settled claims resulting from insured risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Except in specified circumstances, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

During 1998, the County transferred plan assets to an independent trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

NOTE 13: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County purchased commercial insurance to cover risks associated with potential claims in 2021. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 14: LONG-TERM DEBTA. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Governmental activities					
Bonds and certificates payable					
Certificates of obligation	\$ 15,105,000	\$ -	\$ 580,000	\$ 14,525,000	\$ 595,000
General obligation bonds	4,835,000	-	410,000	4,425,000	425,000
Less: Deferred amounts					
Issuance premiums	<u>880,289</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>69,958</u>	<u>810,331</u>	<u>-</u>
Net bonds and certificates payable	<u>20,820,289</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,059,958</u>	<u>19,760,331</u>	<u>1,020,000</u>
Direct borrowings					
Capital leases payable	<u>87,290</u>	<u>220,793</u>	<u>30,628</u>	<u>277,455</u>	<u>91,669</u>
Interlocal commitment	<u>1,102,414</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>265,964</u>	<u>836,450</u>	<u>272,290</u>
Compensated absences	<u>1,896,688</u>	<u>4,122,191</u>	<u>3,904,145</u>	<u>2,114,734</u>	<u>1,029,850</u>
Net pension liability	<u>13,778,737</u>	<u>5,766,433</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,545,170</u>	<u>-</u>
OPEB liability	<u>1,663,830</u>	<u>311,947</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,975,777</u>	<u>-</u>
Total governmental activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 39,349,248</u>	<u>\$ 10,421,364</u>	<u>\$ 5,260,695</u>	<u>\$ 44,509,917</u>	<u>\$ 2,413,809</u>
Business-type activities					
Compensated absences	<u>\$ 46,110</u>	<u>\$ 101,331</u>	<u>\$ 117,621</u>	<u>\$ 29,820</u>	<u>\$ 21,044</u>
Total business-type activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 46,110</u>	<u>\$ 101,331</u>	<u>\$ 117,621</u>	<u>\$ 29,820</u>	<u>\$ 21,044</u>

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, OPEB liability, and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 14: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

B. General Obligation Certificates and Bonds

Long-term liabilities at December 31, 2021, are comprised of the following issues:

\$6,340,000 2014 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$280,000 to \$465,000 through 2034; interest varying between 2.00% and 4.00%.	\$ 4,910,000
\$4,920,000 2017 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$85,000 to \$570,000 through 2030; interest varying between 2.00% and 4.00%.	4,425,000
\$9,895,000 2019 Certificates of Obligation (Citizens Medical Center) due in annual installments ranging from \$280,000 to \$690,000 through 2039; interest varying between 2.00% and 4.00%.	<u>9,615,000</u>
Total general obligation debt	<u>\$ 18,950,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 561,909	\$ 1,581,909
2023	1,055,000	527,834	1,582,834
2024	1,085,000	494,234	1,579,234
2025	1,120,000	458,834	1,578,834
2026	1,335,000	417,259	1,752,259
2027-2031	6,865,000	1,340,893	8,205,893
2032-2036	4,445,000	481,386	4,926,386
2037-2039	<u>2,025,000</u>	<u>72,784</u>	<u>2,097,784</u>
	<u>\$ 18,950,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,355,133</u>	<u>\$ 23,305,133</u>

NOTE 14: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)C. Capital Leases

Capital leases payable (direct borrowings) at December 31, 2021, are comprised of the following leases:

Lease purchase agreement on a tractor used by Precinct #4. The original amount of the lease, entered into in 2020, was \$111,203. The lease is payable in five annual installments of \$23,913 and bears interest at a rate of 3.70%.	\$ 66,662
Lease purchase agreement on a data storage system. The original amount of the lease, entered into in 2021, was \$220,793. The lease is payable in three annual installments of \$70,264 and bears interest at a rate of 0.0%.	<u>210,793</u>
Total capital leases	<u>\$ 277,455</u>

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Machinery and equipment	<u>\$ 331,996</u>
	331,996
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(28,311)</u>
	<u>\$ 303,685</u>

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021, are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
2022	\$ 94,178
2023	94,178
2024	94,178
2025	-
2026	<u>-</u>
Total minimum lease payments	282,534
Less: Amount representing interest	<u>(5,079)</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 277,455</u>

NOTE 14: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

D. Interlocal Commitment

In February 2010, the County agreed to pay funds (\$3.3 million) to the City of Victoria, Texas (the "City") to assist with the financing of the State Highway Loop 463 Improvement Project ("Project"). According to the agreement, the City is responsible to oversee the construction of the Project with assistance from the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) and to finance the costs of the Project with indebtedness to be issued by the City. In April 2011, the City issued the 2011 Pass-Through Toll Revenue and Limited Tax Bonds in the amount of \$9,740,000 with interest varying between 2.00 and 4.00% for the purpose of paying their obligation arising under the agreement. The payments by the County to the City would be paid over eleven years, \$300,000 per annum, beginning in 2014 and continuing through 2024. The payments are to be made on or before February 1 of each year at an interest rate of approximately 3.00%. The cost of the Project was estimated to be \$22,980,000 and if the costs for the Project come in less than the estimated amount by more than 20.113685814%, the County's total obligation of \$3,300,000 would be reduced by 50% of the savings. The remaining costs of the Project will be contributed by TxDOT. In 2016, the County received an overpass threshold letter from the City reducing the County's remaining payments by \$85,995 in total or \$7,818 per annum. The County's annual payment to the City was adjusted to \$292,182 and will be paid through February 1, 2024.

The County has reported the interlocal commitment as a long-term obligation on the government-wide financial statements at and as of December 31, 2021. The County intends to service the commitment by the levy of the debt service property tax rate.

Annual requirements on this long-term interlocal commitment are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 272,290	\$ 19,892	\$ 292,182
2023	278,765	13,417	292,182
2024	285,395	6,788	292,183
	<u>\$ 836,450</u>	<u>\$ 40,097</u>	<u>\$ 876,547</u>

E. Interlocal Receivable

In 2019, the County entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Citizens Medical Center (the "Medical Center"), a discretely presented component unit. In order to fulfill their obligation arising from the MOU, the County issued the 2019 Certificates of Obligation for the direct benefit of the Medical Center. The County transferred \$10,000,000 to the Medical Center to be used for the purposes of constructing, improving, and equipping the Medical Center, including the hospital's emergency department, and paying fiscal and engineering fees in connection with such projects. As part of the MOU, the Medical Center will transfer funds to the County for payment of the upcoming principal and/or interest requirements on the Certificates or any refunding bonds issued. The payments by the Medical Center to the County will be paid over twenty years, beginning in 2020 and continuing through 2039, and shall occur at least thirty days prior to the next upcoming payment dates. The MOU between the two parties will terminate upon the complete satisfaction in payment of the annual payments by the Medical Center to the County.

In 2021, the Medical Center paid a total of \$528,433 to the County relating to the interlocal commitment which includes \$280,000 of principal and \$248,433 in interest. The remaining amount of \$9,720,000 is reported as an interlocal receivable on the government-wide financial statements at December 31, 2021.

NOTE 14: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

E. Interlocal Receivable - (Continued)

Annual payments on this interlocal receivable are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
2022	\$ 290,000
2023	300,000
2024	310,000
2025	320,000
2026	505,000
2027-2031	2,770,000
2032-2036	3,095,000
2037-2039	<u>2,130,000</u>
	<u>\$ 9,720,000</u>

NOTE 15: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At times during the fiscal year the various funds of the County were involved in transactions that created interfund receivable and payable balances. These transactions related to such things as the purchase of goods by one fund on behalf of another and the receipt of revenue in one fund that belongs to or is designated for another fund.

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2021, were as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 2,224,757
	Airport	652
	Commissary	190
	Internal Service	869,684
	Private Purpose Trust	<u>120,160</u>
Total		<u>\$ 3,215,443</u>

NOTE 15: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS - (Continued)**B. Interfund Transfers**

Each year various funds of the County transfer funds to other funds. The most significant of these are the planned transfers from the County's General Fund to the Health Department Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, and the transfer from the County's General Fund to the Employee Health Insurance Fund, the Internal Service Fund. These transfers are intended to provide the necessary resources to meet the operating obligations of the receiving fund. During the current fiscal year, transfers between funds consisted of the following:

<u>Transfers Out</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>			
	<u>General</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental</u>	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Total</u>
General	\$ -	\$ 2,366,856	\$ 85,000	\$ 2,451,856
Nonmajor Governmental	<u>63,218</u>	<u>456,822</u>	<u>64,073</u>	<u>584,113</u>
	<u>\$ 63,218</u>	<u>\$ 2,823,678</u>	<u>\$ 149,073</u>	<u>\$ 3,035,969</u>

NOTE 16: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The County is exposed to the risk of contingent liabilities in the ordinary course of its operations. Specifically, such risks arise as a result of the County's participation in various state and federal grant programs and as a result of threatened and pending litigation. Disallowed costs could result if County expenditures made under its grants programs are found to be improper in that they violate state or federal regulations. Such disallowed costs would have to be paid back to the granting agency from the County's General Fund. The County is not aware of any costs that have been disallowed in the current year and does not anticipate that any will be.

As of December 31, 2021, the County was involved in various matters of litigation. It is the opinion of the County's legal counsel that any exposure faced by the County as a result of these matters was minimal. Furthermore, any losses incurred would in all probability be covered by liability insurance carried by the County.

Based on the above information, the accompanying financial statements do not reflect any accrual for contingent liabilities as of the end of the current fiscal year.

NOTE 17: FUND BALANCES

The following is a detail of the governmental fund balances as of December 31, 2021:

	<u>Restricted</u>	<u>Unassigned</u>	<u>Total</u>
General			
Unassigned	\$ -	\$ 16,461,732	\$ 16,461,732
American Rescue Plan Act			
Various government costs	13,881	-	13,881
Nonmajor Governmental			
Road and bridge	2,497,746	-	2,497,746
County/District Clerks	585,001	-	585,001
Public safety	1,160,985	-	1,160,985
Highways and streets	478,484	-	478,484
Public health	225,857	-	225,857
Courthouse security	170,554	-	170,554
Retirement of long-term debt	596,283	-	596,283
Various government costs	<u>2,455,576</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,455,576</u>
	<u>\$ 8,184,367</u>	<u>\$ 16,461,732</u>	<u>\$ 24,646,099</u>

NOTE 18: RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY ISSUED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the beginning balance of seized assets in the Special Services Fund, a Custodial Fund, was restated to include additional assets. The effect of this restatement was to increase net position in the fiduciary funds by \$53,475.

NOTE 19: TAX ABATEMENTS

The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the State of Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act. Under the Act, localities may grant property tax abatements of up to 100% of a business' tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the County. The Act provides guidelines and criteria that are then adopted for two-year periods. In order to be eligible to receive tax phase-in, over a period of four to ten years, the planned new facility or planned expansion to modernization of an existing facility must meet the following qualifications:

- a. be reasonably expected to increase the appraised value of the property in the amount of not less than five hundred thousand (\$500,000) dollars after construction is completed.
- b. for new construction projects expected to create less than ten new jobs, pay employees in new jobs an aggregate base weekly wage equal to ten times the average weekly wage across all sectors for Victoria County for the most recent calendar quarter reported by the Texas Workforce Commission as of the date of the application.
- c. companies seeking to qualify for tax phase-in on the basis of job retention shall document that without the creation of a reinvestment zone and/or tax phase-in; the company will either reduce or cease operations. The taxes are abated through a reduction of assessed value. The amount of the tax abatement is determined by applying a specific percentage of taxes owed to each year in the abatement period. Provisions for recapturing abated taxes include discontinuation of products or services for a period of one year during the phase-in period, at which time the agreement shall terminate and the taxes shall be paid within 60 days of termination. The agreement can also be terminated if the company violates any of the terms and conditions of its phase-in agreement, or has delinquent unabated ad valorem taxes owed.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the County abated property taxes totaling \$405,057 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements that each exceed 10% of the total amount abated:

100% tax abatement to a company for locating in the County and constructing a new facility for the purpose of assembling heavy construction equipment. The abatement amounted to \$405,057.

The County has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. The County is not subject to any abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities. The County has chosen to disclose information about some of its tax abatement agreements individually. It established a quantitative threshold of 10% of the total dollar amount of taxes abated during the year.

NOTE 20: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In June 2022, the County entered into a second MOU with the Medical Center. As part of this MOU, the County will issue certificates of obligation (C.O.s), in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000, for the purpose of constructing, expanding, improving, and equipping the Medical Center, including the hospital's intensive care unit, and paying fiscal and engineering fees in connection with such projects. However, the County will not be obligated to issue the C.O.s, or hold any election, should the County receive a valid petition that results in the County being required to attain voter approval prior to the issuance of the C.O.s. As part of the MOU, the Medical Center will transfer funds to the County for amounts equal to the upcoming principal and/or interest requirements on the C.O.s or any refunding bonds issued. The MOU shall terminate upon the complete satisfaction in payment of the annual payments by the Medical Center to the County.

NOTE 21: VICTORIA COUNTY NAVIGATION DISTRICT

As described in Note 1, the Victoria County Navigation District (the “District”) is a component unit of the County. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate for accounting purposes from the County. Following are note disclosures relating to this component unit.

A. Organization

The District was created by a vote of the electorate of Victoria County, Texas, at an election held on February 4, 1947, under the provisions of Article 8263(h) V.A.T.S. (now codified into Chapter 62, Texas Water Code). The Board of Navigation and the Canal Commissioners (the “Commissioners”) is the level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the District’s activities in the County.

The Commissioners are appointed by the Commissioners’ Court of the County and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters including taxing authority.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to GAAP, as applicable to governmental units. For inclusion in this report, the District’s operations are reported in a single Governmental Fund Type.

C. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District complied with budgetary restrictions at all function levels except the following. The following table details these variances:

<u>Fund/Function</u>	<u>Expenditure Variance</u>
General Fund	
Operating expenditures	\$ 2,629
Other services and charges	35,480
Capital outlay	33,758

These over expenditures were funded by available fund balance in the General Fund.

Deficit Fund Equity

As of December 31, 2021, the Special Revenue Fund (a major Special Revenue Fund) had a deficit fund equity balance of \$43,374. This deficit will be eliminated in the 2022 fiscal year.

D. Deposits and Investments

The District’s funds are deposited and invested under the terms of the Victoria County’s depository contract. The depository bank, Prosperity Bank, deposits for safekeeping and trust with Victoria County’s agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect the District’s funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge-approved securities are waived only to the extent of the depository bank’s dollar amount of FDIC insurance.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the District’s investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.

NOTE 21: VICTORIA COUNTY NAVIGATION DISTRICT - (Continued)

D. Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific user. At year-end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. During the fiscal year and at year-end, all deposits held in the depository bank were fully collateralized and therefore the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2021 the District had no investments.

E. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

	<u>General Fund</u>
Gross receivables:	
Accounts	\$ 343,280
Ad valorem taxes	<u>1,581,375</u>
Total gross receivables	1,924,655
Less: Allowances	<u>79,069</u>
Total net receivables	<u>\$ 1,845,586</u>

The District's ad valorem property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District. Taxes are delinquent by February 1 following the October 1 levy date. A statutory lien becomes effective on all property with unpaid taxes as of January 1 of the year following the assessment.

NOTE 21: VICTORIA COUNTY NAVIGATION DISTRICT - (Continued)E. Receivables - (Continued)

The District's governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,540,092	\$ -	\$ 2,540,092
Grant reimbursements	11,335	-	11,335
Lease revenue	-	15,562	15,562
Special Revenue Fund			
Grant reimbursements	<u>264,500</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>264,500</u>
	<u>\$ 2,815,927</u>	<u>\$ 15,562</u>	<u>\$ 2,831,489</u>

F. Due from Other Governments

Various funds of the District reported amounts due from other governments as of the end of the current fiscal year. These amounts are comprised of the following at December 31, 2021:

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 315,392	\$ -	\$ 315,392
Grant reimbursements	<u>29,738</u>	<u>287,127</u>	<u>316,865</u>
	<u>\$ 345,130</u>	<u>\$ 287,127</u>	<u>\$ 632,257</u>

NOTE 21: VICTORIA COUNTY NAVIGATION DISTRICT - (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

The District's capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 16,472,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,472,109
Construction in progress	427,198	6,235,620	-	6,662,818
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>16,899,307</u>	<u>6,235,620</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,134,927</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Improvements	39,498,740	4,994,830	15,808	44,477,762
M.P.R.R. Main Line Bridge	4,029,273	-	-	4,029,273
Equipment	443,377	25,711	40,082	429,006
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>43,971,390</u>	<u>5,020,541</u>	<u>55,890</u>	<u>48,936,041</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Improvements	17,698,139	1,843,093	15,808	19,525,424
M.P.R.R. Main Line Bridge	1,873,935	75,746	-	1,949,681
Equipment	188,979	53,015	40,082	201,912
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>19,761,053</u>	<u>1,971,854</u>	<u>55,890</u>	<u>21,677,017</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>24,210,337</u>	<u>3,048,687</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>27,259,024</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 41,109,644</u>	<u>\$ 9,284,307</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 50,393,951</u>

Depreciation expense of \$1,971,854 was charged to the general government function/program in 2021.

H. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund Receivables and Payables

At times during the fiscal year the various funds of the District were involved in transactions that created interfund receivable and payable balances. These transactions related to such things as the purchase of goods by one fund on behalf of another and the receipt of revenue in one fund that belongs to or is designated for another fund. Interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2021, were as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue	\$ 3,500
		<u>\$ 3,500</u>

NOTE 21: VICTORIA COUNTY NAVIGATION DISTRICT - (Continued)

H. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers - (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

Each year various funds of the District transfer funds to other funds. These transactions related to such things as the purchase of goods by one fund on behalf of another and the receipt of revenue in one fund that belongs to or is designated for another fund. Other than these ordinary transfers, the most significant transfer was from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund for EDA grant matching requirements. During the current fiscal year, transfers between funds consisted of the following:

	Transfers In		
	General	Special Revenue	Total
Transfers out			
General	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000
2015 Capital Project	21	-	21
	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,000,021</u>

I. Lessor Agreements

The District owns various properties which are available for lease, primarily land, docks, and wharves. The property available for lease includes land with total cost of \$16,472,110, as well as docks and wharves with total cost of \$11,822,386 and carrying value of \$7,211,020. Minimum future lease payments to be received under noncancelable lease agreements as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	
2022	\$ 799,850
2023	785,761
2024	649,966
2025	331,623
2026	249,570
	<u>2,816,770</u>
Thereafter	398,670
	<u>\$ 3,215,440</u>

NOTE 21: VICTORIA COUNTY NAVIGATION DISTRICT - (Continued)

J. Long-term Debt

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Governmental activities					
Revenue bonds	\$ 17,530,000	\$ -	\$ 1,355,000	\$ 16,175,000	\$ 1,390,000
Notes payable - direct borrowings	<u>1,391,472</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>73,115</u>	<u>1,318,357</u>	<u>77,037</u>
Total governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 18,921,472</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,428,115</u>	<u>\$ 17,493,357</u>	<u>\$ 1,467,037</u>

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds payable at December 31, 2021, are comprised of the following issues:

2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of various amounts beginning in 2013 through June 1, 2028; interest rate of 3.05%.	\$ 2,675,000
2012A Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of various amounts beginning in 2013 through June 1, 2032; interest rate of 2.99%.	6,975,000
2015 Port Improvement Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of various amounts beginning in 2016 through June 1, 2030; interest rate of 2.98%.	<u>6,525,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 16,175,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 1,390,000	\$ 463,733	\$ 1,853,733
2023	1,435,000	421,353	1,856,353
2024	1,475,000	377,696	1,852,696
2025	1,520,000	332,765	1,852,765
2026	1,575,000	286,334	1,861,334
2027 - 2031	7,765,000	697,057	8,462,057
2032	<u>1,015,000</u>	<u>15,174</u>	<u>1,030,174</u>
Total	<u>\$ 16,175,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,594,112</u>	<u>\$ 18,769,112</u>

NOTE 21: VICTORIA COUNTY NAVIGATION DISTRICT - (Continued)

J. Long-term Debt - (Continued)

Notes Payable

Notes payable at December 31, 2021, are comprised of the following direct borrowing:

Smith property note due in monthly installments of various amounts beginning in 2016 through June 15, 2036; interest rate of 2.75%, revised to 2.65% as of June 15, 2021.	\$ 1,318,357
Total	<u>\$ 1,318,357</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes payable are as follows:

<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 77,037	\$ 32,848	\$ 109,885
2023	77,487	32,398	109,885
2024	79,508	30,377	109,885
2025	81,757	28,128	109,885
2026	83,981	25,904	109,885
2027 - 2031	455,375	94,050	549,425
2032 - 2036	<u>463,212</u>	<u>28,970</u>	<u>492,182</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,318,357</u>	<u>\$ 272,675</u>	<u>\$ 1,591,032</u>

K. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchased commercial insurance to cover risks associated with potential claims during fiscal year 2021. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

L. Retirement Plan

The District sponsors a defined contribution pension plan established under Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that covers all of its employees. The plan is administered by Prosperity Bank Trust Department. Employees are able to select their contribution as a percentage of their eligible earnings, which amounted to approximately \$27,616 for the year ended December 31, 2021. The District matches employee contributions up to 7%. Total contributions made by the District for the year totaled \$25,747.

M. Subsequent Event

On March 30, 2022, the District entered into a Mutual Contribution in Aid of Construction Agreement with the Victoria Sales Tax Development Corporation (VSTDC). Under this agreement, the District will receive funding from the VSTDC to be used for the development of the Texas Logistics Center which will expand rail access to the inland port. VSTDC will contribute a total of \$3,000,000, payable in \$1,000,000 annual installments beginning on April 30, 2022.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER

As described in Note 1, Citizens Medical Center is a component unit of the County. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate for accounting purposes from the County. Following are note disclosures relating to this component unit:

A. Organization

Citizens Medical Center (the "Medical Center") is a 317-bed acute care hospital that is a component unit of the County. The Medical Center is operated by a Board of Managers (the Board) that is appointed by the County Commissioners' Court. Its primary mission is to provide health care services to the citizens of the County. The Medical Center primarily earns revenues by providing inpatient, outpatient, skilled nursing, home health, and emergency care services to patients in Victoria County and surrounding areas.

The Medical Center controls the operations of nine freestanding nursing homes located in the Medical Center's service area at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Medical Center have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions (principally federal and state grants and county appropriations) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions that are not program specific (such as county appropriations), property taxes, investment income, and interest on capital asset-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Medical Center first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Patient Accounts Receivable

The Medical Center reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients, and others. The Medical Center provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions.

Supplies

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Costs are determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. Assets under capital lease obligations are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives.

The following estimated useful lives are being used by the Medical Center:

Land improvements	5 to 25 years
Buildings, building improvements, and fixed equipment	3 to 40 years
Major movable equipment	3 to 25 years

Capital Asset Impairment

The Medical Center evaluates capital assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital asset has occurred. If a capital asset is tested for impairment and the magnitude of the decline in service utility is significant and unexpected accumulated depreciation is increased by the amount of the impairment loss. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Medical Center reports the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheet.

Compensated Absences

Medical Center policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as vacation benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Expense and the related liability for sick leave benefits are recognized when earned to the extent the employee is expected to realize the benefit in cash determined using the termination payment method. Sick leave benefits expected to be realized as paid time off are recognized as expense when the time off occurs, and no liability is accrued for such benefits employees have earned but not yet realized. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Risk Management

The Medical Center is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than general and professional liability, employee health claims and workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The Medical Center is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from general and professional liability, employee health claims, and workers' compensation. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of medical malpractice and employee health claims and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Medical Center has an agent defined benefit pension plan through the Texas Hospital Association (the Plan). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Medical Center reports an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheet.

Net Position

Net position of the Medical Center is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted for pension represents assets restricted for providing contributions to the agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan which provides pensions in accordance with the benefit terms of the plan. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, \$609,176 and \$222,491, respectively, of unrestricted net position has been designated by the Medical Center's Board for self-insured health care. Designated assets remain under the control of the Board, which may, at its discretion, later use these assets for other purposes.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The Medical Center has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Medical Center at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis for the period the related services are rendered, and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods, as adjustments become known.

Charity Care

The Medical Center provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the Medical Center does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue. The cost of charity care provided under the Medical Center's charity policy was approximately \$9,159,000 and \$9,640,000 for 2021 and 2020, respectively. The cost of charity care is estimated by applying the ratio of cost to gross charges to gross uncompensated charges.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Income Taxes

As an essential government function of the County, the Medical Center is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Medical Center is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

C. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Medical Center's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of the *Texas Public Funds Investment Act*.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; bonds of any city, county, school district or special road district of the State of Texas; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center had bank balances of \$75,989,369 and \$78,225,244, respectively. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, \$359,176 and \$0, respectively, was uninsured and uncollateralized. The remaining cash was insured or collateralized by assets held in other than the Medical Center's name based on the Medical Center's cash management arrangement with the County Treasurer. The County maintains custody of the Medical Center's operating cash accounts and is responsible for obtaining appropriate collateralization of such accounts.

D. Patient Accounts Receivable

The Medical Center grants credit without collateral to its patients, many of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. Patient accounts receivable at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Hospital	
Patients and their insurance carriers	\$ 21,963,516
Medicare	3,309,737
Medicaid	<u>694,851</u>
	<u>25,968,104</u>
Nursing Homes	
Patients and their insurance carriers	576,730
Medicare	2,000,127
Medicaid	<u>1,881,826</u>
	<u>4,458,683</u>
	30,426,787
Less allowance for uncollectible amounts	<u>11,623,931</u>
Total	<u>\$ 18,802,856</u>

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions/ Transfers	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2021
Land and land improvements	\$ 11,410,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,410,320
Buildings, improvements, and fixed equipment	141,755,975	3,152,184	-	144,908,159
Major moveable equipment	87,860,240	2,678,081	(597,050)	89,941,271
Construction in progress	1,127,384	5,516,221	-	6,643,605
	<u>242,153,919</u>	<u>11,346,486</u>	<u>(597,050)</u>	<u>252,903,355</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	3,781,096	145,394	-	3,926,490
Buildings, improvements, and fixed equipment	86,024,857	5,274,372	(597,050)	90,702,179
Major moveable equipment	74,449,686	3,118,703	-	77,568,389
	<u>164,255,639</u>	<u>8,538,469</u>	<u>(597,050)</u>	<u>172,197,058</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 77,898,280</u>	<u>\$ 2,808,017</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 80,706,297</u>

F. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses included in current liabilities at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Payable to suppliers and contractors	\$ 9,968,236
Payable to employees (including payroll taxes and benefits)	5,535,863
Payable under management fee arrangement	3,784,902
Revenue received in advance	142,385
Payable under self-insured programs	<u>1,865,685</u>
Total	<u>\$ 21,297,071</u>

G. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Medical Center for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Long-term debt:					
Due to County	\$ 10,000,000	\$ -	\$ (280,000)	\$ 9,720,000	\$ 290,000
Capital lease obligations	<u>4,310,968</u>	<u>1,824,770</u>	<u>(533,512)</u>	<u>5,602,226</u>	<u>1,401,313</u>
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 14,310,968</u>	<u>\$ 1,824,770</u>	<u>\$ (813,512)</u>	<u>\$ 15,322,226</u>	<u>\$ 1,691,313</u>

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)G. Long-term Obligations - (Continued)Due to County

In December 2019, the Medical Center entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the County, whereas the County issued Certificates of Obligation Bonds (the Bonds) for the purpose of paying all or a portion of certain construction projects (the Projects) of the Medical Center. As a result of issuing the Bonds, the County transferred \$10,000,000 to the Medical Center, which was deposited in a restricted cash account for the Projects. The MOU requires the Medical Center to transfer to the County an amount equal to the upcoming principal and/or interest requirements on the Bonds. Such transfers shall occur at least 30 days prior to the next upcoming principal and/or interest payment dates.

The Bonds mature annually through February 15, 2039, and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.10% to 4.00% annually. The Medical Center's debt service requirements under the MOU as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending</u> <u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 290,000	\$ 238,540	\$ 528,540
2023	300,000	226,792	526,792
2024	310,000	215,791	525,791
2025	320,000	206,380	526,380
2026	505,000	194,727	699,727
2027-2039	<u>7,995,000</u>	<u>1,373,425</u>	<u>9,368,425</u>
	<u>\$ 9,720,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,455,655</u>	<u>\$ 12,175,655</u>

Capital Lease Obligations

The Medical Center is obligated under leases for equipment that are accounted for as capital leases. Assets under capital leases at June 30, 2021 and 2020, totaled approximately \$5,944,000 and \$5,046,000, respectively, net of accumulated depreciation of approximately \$1,381,000 and \$214,000, respectively.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, including interest rates between 2.16% and 3.99%, together with present value of the future minimum lease payments:

<u>Year Ending</u> <u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 1,401,313	\$ 159,156	\$ 1,560,469
2023	1,313,853	118,366	1,432,219
2024	1,228,309	77,527	1,305,836
2025	1,170,555	37,609	1,208,164
2026	488,196	4,551	492,747
Thereafter	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 5,602,226</u>	<u>\$ 397,209</u>	<u>\$ 5,999,435</u>

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)**H. Self-insured Claims**

The Medical Center partially self-insures the cost for its general and professional liability, employee health care benefits costs, and workers' compensation claims. *The Texas Tort Claims Act* limits the Medical Center's general and professional liability to \$250,000 per claim and \$500,000 per occurrence. The Medical Center purchases annual stop-loss insurance coverage for all employee health care benefits and workers' compensation claims. Stop-loss coverage began at \$450,000 and \$400,000 for workers compensation claims at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Stop-loss coverage for employee health claims began at \$325,000 and \$300,000 at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Losses from asserted and unasserted claims identified under the Medical Center's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate the Medical Center's past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of each claim or incident and relevant trend factors. It is reasonably possible that the Medical Center's estimate of losses will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the Medical Center's self-insured claims liability accounts during 2021 and 2020 are summarized as follows:

	2021		
	Employee Health Care Benefits	Worker's Compensation	General and Professional Liability
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,650,000	\$ 269,180	\$ 300,000
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years	(11,380,221)	(444,241)	-
Claim and expenses paid, net	11,595,906	373,196	-
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,865,685</u>	<u>\$ 198,135</u>	<u>\$ 300,000</u>

	2020		
	Employee Health Care Benefits	Worker's Compensation	General and Professional Liability
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,580,000	\$ 259,959	\$ 300,000
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years	11,369,157	378,618	-
Claim and expenses paid, net	(11,299,157)	(369,397)	-
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,650,000</u>	<u>\$ 269,180</u>	<u>\$ 300,000</u>

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

I. Net Patient Service Revenue

The Medical Center has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Medical Center at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include the following:

Medicare

Certain inpatient acute care services are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Physician services are paid based upon established fee schedules. Outpatient services are paid using prospectively determined rates. The Medical Center is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlements determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Medical Center and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor. The Medical Center's cost reports have been audited by the Medicare administrative contractor through June 30, 2017.

Medicaid

Inpatient services are paid under a prospective payment system. Outpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are primarily paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. The Medical Center is reimbursed for certain services at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Medical Center and audits thereof by Medicaid.

Skilled Nursing

Revenue from Medicare skilled nursing patients are generally paid based on prospectively established per diem rates that are based on patient's acuity. Medicaid and private pay rates are also paid based on per diem rates.

Approximately 61% and 58% of net patient service revenues are from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term.

Supplemental Medicaid Funding Revenue

In response to the growing number of uninsured patients and the rising cost of health care, the Texas Legislature established a Texas Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program (DSH Program) that was designed to assist those facilities serving the majority of indigent patients by providing funds supporting increased access to health care within the community. This program allows the Texas Department of Human Services to levy assessments from certain hospitals, use the assessed funds to obtain federal matching funds, and then redistribute the total funds to those facilities serving a disproportionate share of indigent patients in the state of Texas.

Net patient service revenue includes funding from the Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program (DSH). The amounts the Medical Center may expect to receive from this program has been impacted by the Medicaid section 115(a) demonstration program discussed below and historical funding is not necessarily funding the Medical Center can expect to receive in the future.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

I. Net Patient Service Revenue - (Continued)

Supplemental Medicaid Funding Revenue - (Continued)

On December 12, 2011, the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) approved a new Medicaid Section 1115(a) demonstration entitled "Texas Health Transformation Quality Improvement Program" (Waiver). The Waiver expanded existing Medicaid managed care programs and established two funding pools that assist providers with uncompensated care costs (UC Pool) and promotes health system transformation (DSRIP Pool). The revenue from the two funding pools is recognized as earned throughout the demonstration year. On December 21, 2017, the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) received an approved extension from Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for the period of January 1, 2018 through September 30, 2022. Among other changes, the approved plan required a change in the methodology used to allocate UC funds and a phase out of the DSRIP program over the five-year period. On November 30, 2020, CMS approved an additional extension to extend the Waiver for an additional ten-year period through September 30, 2030. This latest extension would have ended the DSRIP pool effective September 30, 2021, expanded and added other direct payment programs and made other administrative changes to reflect CMS policy changes. On April 16, 2021, CMS rescinded the extension approval citing an improper exemption from the public notice and comment process originally granted. On September 7, 2021, HHSC accepted an offer from CMS to extend DSRIP funding and other existing direct payment programs through September 30, 2022 as HHSC and CMS negotiate an extension and terms of the Waiver and other direct payment programs.

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center recognized revenue from these programs of approximately \$11,104,000 and \$12,058,000, respectively, which is included as net patient service revenue in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Amounts receivable under these programs were approximately \$5,027,000 and \$3,910,1000 at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, which is included as due from other governments in the balance sheets. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center had recorded approximately \$0 and \$911,000, respectively, of DSH revenue for services to be provided in 2022 and 2021, respectively. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center had recorded approximately \$0 and \$1,072,000 of UC revenue for services to be provided in 2022 and 2021, respectively. These amounts are reported as revenue received in advance within accrued expenses in the accompanying balance sheets and will be recognized as revenue during the period in which services are provided.

The Medical Center participated in a collaboration with Memorial Herman Health System (MHHS) during the year ended June 30, 2016. On October 1, 2016, MHHS assigned the agreement to Fort Bend Clinical Services, Inc. (FBCS). The agreement allows the parties to improve access to healthcare for indigent persons residing in the Victoria community. As part of the collaboration, MHHS and FBCS supported organizations that provide physician services in the Victoria area. The value of services provided to the indigent in the Victoria community was approximately \$0 and \$688,000 during the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Medical Center recorded expenses of approximately \$0 and \$326,000 during the years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. These expenses are reflected as a component of purchased services and professional fees expense in the statements of revenues, expense and changes in net position. This arrangement was terminated effective September 30, 2019.

During 2018, the Medical Center began to participate in the Uniform Hospital Rate Increase Program (UHRIP). Under UHRIP, HHSC may direct managed care organizations in a service delivery area to provide a uniform percentage rate increase to all hospitals within a particular class of hospitals. The program increases revenue from services provided to the Medicaid managed care beneficiaries. The state's share of UHRIP funding is funded through intergovernmental transfers from certain hospitals, including the Medical Center. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center recorded approximately \$944,000 and \$505,000, respectively of prepaid intergovernmental transfers that has been recognized in prepaid items and other in the balance sheets.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

I. Net Patient Service Revenue - (Continued)

Supplemental Medicaid Funding - (Continued)

The Medical Center began participating in the Quality Improvement Payment Program (QIPP) on September 1, 2017. The program is designed to assist nursing facilities serving indigent patients by providing funding to support increased access to health care within the community. It is also designed to allow participating providers to receive additional reimbursement if they either reach a national benchmark level or they make quarterly improvements in up to four predetermined quality measures.

Revenue recognized under the QIPP program (net of any intergovernmental transfer payments) was approximately \$16,352,000 and \$11,495,000 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and is included in nursing home net patient service revenue in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center recorded estimated receivables under this program of approximately \$8,318,000 and \$5,859,000, respectively, which are included as due from other governments in the balance sheets. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the estimated receivable included \$5,744,000 and \$3,371,000 of prepaid intergovernmental transfers, which the Medical Center is required to contribute in advance of receiving any gross proceeds.

The programs described above are subject to review and scrutiny by both the Texas Legislature and the CMS and the programs could be modified or terminated based on new legislation or regulation in future periods. Additionally, the funding the Medical Center has received is subject to audit and is not representative of funding to be received in future years.

J. Nursing Home Operations

Effective March 1, 2014, the Medical Center entered a series of lease and management agreements with two nursing home operators that resulted in the Medical Center becoming the legal operator of twelve nursing homes. Effective February 28, 2015 and September 1, 2018, the management agreements for two and one, respectively of these freestanding nursing homes was terminated by the Medical Center. The lease agreements generally call for monthly payments ranging from approximately \$27,000 to \$195,000 per facility. Under the terms of these agreements, the Medical Center incurred approximately \$7,730,400 and \$7,803,000 of rental expense in 2021 and 2020, respectively, which is included in nursing facility expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Future minimum lease payments under these cancelable agreements at June 30, 2021, were approximately \$7,730,400 for 2022.

Under the management agreement, the managers provide all services necessary to operate the homes, including employees, supplies and other operating costs. The managers also provide all billing and collection services. All patient revenue from the facilities is paid to the Medical Center. From these collections, the Medical Center pays the managers for all facility costs and the management fees pursuant to the agreements. However, Medical Center payments to the manager are generally limited to the amount of net patient revenue received from the facilities. At its option, the Medical Center may pay additional amounts to the manager above the amounts collected for patient revenue.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

K. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Medical Center sponsors a public employee defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees within an agent multiple-employer retirement program sponsored for member hospitals by the Texas Hospital Association (THA). HealthSHARE, a wholly owned subsidiary of THA, is the plan administrator of the Plan. The Plan's assets are invested as a portion of the THA's master pension trust fund. Benefit provisions are contained in the plan document and were established and can be amended only with the authority of the Medical Center's Board. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. However, an annual actuarial valuation report is available from the Medical Center or HealthSHARE. That report may be obtained by writing HealthSHARE at 1108 Lavaca, Suite 700, Austin, Texas 78701.

The Plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Additionally, the Plan provides fully vested benefits to terminated employees who have at least five years of vesting service. Employees may retire (with reduced benefits) at age 60 with five years of vesting service. The monthly benefit at normal retirement (age 65 plus five years of Plan participation) for participants who entered the plan prior to March 1, 2018, payable in a lifetime annuity during the final five years of employment, ranges from 1.75% to 3.25% times the years of service times average monthly compensation, subject to certain benefit limits. The monthly benefit at normal retirement (65 plus five years of Plan participation) for participants who entered or re-entered the plan on or after March 1, 2018, payable in a lifetime annuity during the final five years of employment, ranges from 1.50% to 3.00% times the years of service times average monthly compensation, subject to certain benefit limits.

The terms of the Plan provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date provided the employee joined the plan prior to March 1, 2018. The annual adjustments are equal to the change in the Consumer Price Index, limited to a maximum increase in retirement allowance of 2%. No cost-of-living adjustments are available for benefits earned by participants who entered or re-entered the plan on or after March 1, 2018.

Membership

The employees covered by the Plan at February 28, 2021 (measurement date) are:

	<u>2021</u>
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	177
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	434
Active employees	<u>877</u>
	<u>1,488</u>

Funding Policy

The Medical Center's governing body has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the Medical Center and active employees.

The governing body establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Plan participants are required to contribute 4.0% to 5.5% of their compensation, depending on the benefits class to which they are assigned.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)K. Pension PlanContributions

The Medical Center is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, employees contributed approximately \$2,365,000 and \$2,179,000, respectively, and the Medical Center contributed \$1,800,000 and \$1,667,000, respectively. Employee contributions expressed as a percentage of annual pay was 4.1% and 4.0% for June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Medical Center contributions expressed as a percentage of annual pay was 3.2% and 3.0% for June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The Medical Center's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of February 28, 2021 and 2020, for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the roll forward procedure of the total pension liability in the actuarial valuation as of March 1, 2020 and March 1, 2019, respectively, with the results rolled forward to February 28, 2021 and 2020, for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the March 1, 2020 and 2019, actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.0%
Salary increases	4.5%, average, including inflation
Ad hoc cost of living adjustments	Not included
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Mortality rates	Pri-2012 Mortality Table with Projection Scale MP-2020

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method, in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real estate return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.0%). In addition, the final 6.75% assumption reflected a reduction of 0.19% for adverse deviation and 0.30% for investment related expenses.

The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equities		
Large cap	50%	6.0%
Small cap	15%	6.5%
International Equities	10%	6.0%
Fixed income	25%	2.8%
Total	100%	

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

K. Pension Plan - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75% and 7.00% at February 28, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that participating employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 105,427,818	\$ 114,254,921	\$ (8,827,103)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	4,163,576	-	4,163,576
Interest	7,427,464	-	7,427,464
Differences between expected and actual experience	(150,429)	-	(150,429)
Member contributions	-	2,296,472	(2,296,472)
Employer contributions	-	1,800,000	(1,800,000)
Net investment income	-	26,765,821	(26,765,821)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,629,142)	(4,629,142)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(416,131)	416,131
Assumption changes	2,910,108	-	2,910,108
Net changes	9,721,577	25,817,020	(16,095,443)
Balance at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 115,149,395</u>	<u>\$ 140,071,941</u>	<u>\$ (24,922,546)</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) has been calculated using a discount rate of 6.75%. The following presents the Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) using a discount rate calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.75%) and 1% higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	1.0% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
Medical Center's net pension liability (asset)	\$ (9,707,133)	\$ (24,922,546)	\$ (37,433,522)

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)K. Pension Plan - (Continued)Pension Expense (Credit) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center recognized pension expense (credit) of \$(4,492,026) and \$418,575, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the Medical Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 28,409	\$ 1,335,431
Changes of assumptions	2,125,752	2,120,785
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	13,303,113
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	600,000	-
Total	\$ 2,754,161	\$ 16,759,329

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center reported \$600,000 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Medical Center contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability at February 28, 2021 and 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2021, related to pensions, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$ (5,226,722)
2023	(2,510,535)
2024	(3,050,783)
2025	(3,817,128)
2026	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (14,605,168)

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)K. Pension Plan - (Continued)Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As of February 28, 2021 and 2020, the master pension trust fund was comprised of the following:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,189,939	\$ 3,164,228
Investments at fair value:		
Common stocks	-	63,608,528
Mutual funds	362,149,394	285,441,567
Common/collective trust funds	254,244,360	211,712,744
103-12 investment fund	<u>42,854,735</u>	<u>27,361,525</u>
Total investments at fair value	<u>659,248,489</u>	<u>588,124,364</u>
Total plan fiduciary net pension	<u>\$ 666,438,428</u>	<u>\$ 591,288,592</u>

The Plan's interest in the master pension trust fund of the measurement date of February 28, 2021 and 2020, was \$140,071,941 and \$114,254,921, respectively.

Investment Policy

Investment policy decisions are established and maintained by the Trustees of the THA Retirement Plan for Member Hospitals. The Trustees have several asset mix alternatives from which participating employers may choose in order to control risk. The Trustees employ and select investment managers with the advice of investment counsel which is completely independent of the investment managers.

The primary goal of a pension fund is to help pay the cost of the pension plan while providing adequate security to meet the benefits promised under the Plan. As a consequence, two important dimensions of a pension plan's investment program are expected return and expected risk.

The Plan trustees diversify plan investments among asset classes, recognizing that there is a relationship between the level of risk assumed in an investment program and the level of return that should be expected. Appropriate diversification better enables the Plan trustees to balance risk and return. The fund's diversification guidelines are set forth below.

<u>Asset Class/Style</u>	<u>Target Asset Mix</u>
Large cap U.S. equities	50%
Small cap U.S. equities	15%
International equities	<u>10%</u>
Total equities	<u>75%</u>
Intermediate fixed income	25%
Long duration fixed income	<u>0%</u>
Total fixed income	<u>25%</u>

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

K. Pension Plan - (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - (Continued)

Investment Policy - (Continued)

The Trustees maintain a portfolio structure that may combine active and passive management in order to balance the objectives of enhanced return and cost control.

Passive equity and fixed income portfolios invest in a substantially similar manner as that of the underlying benchmark.

Active equity managers have the following requirements:

- The equity portion of the portfolio should not be less than 90% of the portfolio, measured at market value.
- Equity holdings in any one economic sector should not exceed the greater of 30% of the portfolio or 10 percentage points above the sector weight in the benchmark.
- Equity holdings in any single company (including common stock and convertible securities) should not exceed 10% of the portfolio.

Active fixed income managers have the following requirements:

- The primary investments should be government, corporate and mortgage securities.
- Holdings in obligations of any single entity (with the exception of the U.S. government and/or its agencies) should not exceed 5% of the portfolio.

The common collective trust fund investment objective is to approximate as closely as practicable, before expenses, to the performance of the S&P 500 Index over the long term.

The 103-12 investment fund objective is to approximate as closely as practicable to the performance of the MSCI EAFE Index.

Investment Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of expenses, which expresses net investment performance adjusted for changing amounts actually invested each month was 5.49% for the 12 months ended March 1, 2020.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Plan's policy to limit its holdings in obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5% of the portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Plan's investments are held in trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk

It is the Plan's policy to limit equity holdings in any one economic sector to the greater of 25% of the portfolio or 10% above the sector weight in the benchmark and limit equity holdings in any single company to 7% of the portfolio. Additionally, the Plan's policy limits holdings in fixed income obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5% of the portfolio.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

K. Pension Plan - (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - (Continued)

The following table reflects the Plan's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5% of total investments:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Dodge & Cox International Stock Fund	7.1%	4.5%
Morgan Stanley Pooled International Equity Trust	6.4%	0.0%
PIMCO Total Return Fund	10.5%	13.2%
S + P 500 Flagship Fund	38.1%	35.8%
State Street Russell 1000 Value Index Fund	8.0%	0.0%
State Street TR Pass Bond Market Index Fund	10.8%	13.3%
Vanguard Small Cap Index	17.4%	13.9%

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for pension plan assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the general classification of pension plan assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

The fair value of the master pension trust fund assets at February 28, 2021 and 2020, were as follows:

	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Fair Value Measurements Using</u>		
		<u>Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)</u>	<u>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</u>	<u>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</u>
February 28, 2021:				
Investments by fair value level:				
Mutual funds	<u>\$ 362,149,394</u>	<u>\$ 362,149,394</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total investments by fair value level	<u>362,149,394</u>	<u>\$ 362,149,394</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A):				
Common/collective trust fund	254,244,360			
103-12 investment fund	<u>42,854,735</u>			
Total investments measured at NAV	<u>297,099,095</u>			
Total investments measured at fair value	<u>\$ 659,248,489</u>			

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

K. Pension Plan - (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - (Continued)

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
February 28, 2020:				
Investments by fair value level:				
Common stocks	\$ 63,608,528	\$ 63,608,528	\$ -	\$ -
Mutual funds	<u>285,441,567</u>	<u>285,441,567</u>	-	-
Total investments by fair value level	<u>349,050,095</u>	<u>\$ 349,050,095</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A):				
Common/collective trust fund	211,712,744			
103-12 investment fund	<u>27,361,525</u>			
Total investments measured at NAV	<u>239,074,269</u>			
Total investments measured at fair value	<u>\$ 588,124,364</u>			

(A). Certain investments that are measured at fair using NAV per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts disclosed for total plan investments at fair value.

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Plan did not hold any Level 2 or 3 securities at March 1, 2021 or 2020.

The valuation method of investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are presented as above. There were no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions for these funds.

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

L. COVID-19 Pandemic and CARES Funding Act

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization designated the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the incidence of COVID-19 (COVID-19) as a global pandemic. Patient volumes and the related revenues were significantly affected by COVID-19 as various policies were implemented by federal, state, and local governments in response to the pandemic that led many people to remain at home and forced the closure of or limitations on certain businesses, as well as suspended elective procedures by health care facilities.

The Medical Center's pandemic response plan has multiple facets and continues to evolve as the pandemic unfolds. The Medical Center has taken steps to enhance its operational and financial flexibility, and react to the risks the COVID-19 pandemic presents to its business, including the following:

- Implementation of targeted cost reduction initiatives
- Reduction of certain planned projects and capital expenditures

The extent of the COVID-19 pandemic's adverse effect on the Medical Center's operating results and financial condition has been and will continue to be driven by many factors, most of which are beyond the Medical Center's control and ability to forecast.

Because of these and other uncertainties, the Medical Center cannot estimate the length or severity of the effect of the pandemic on the Medical Center's business. Decreases in cash flows and results of operations may have an effect on the inputs and assumptions used in significant accounting estimates, including estimated bad debts and contractual adjustments related to uninsured and other patient accounts.

Provider Relief Fund

During the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Medical Center received approximately \$5,864,000 and \$7,585,000, respectively, of distributions from the CARES Act Provider Relief Fund. These distributions from the Provider Relief Fund are not subject to repayment, provided the Medical Center is able to attest to and comply with the terms and conditions of the funding, including demonstrating that the distributions received have been used for qualifying expenses or lost revenue attributable to COVID-19, as defined by the HHS.

The Medical Center is accounting for such payments as voluntary nonexchange transactions. Payments are recognized as eligibility requirements have been met. Based on an analysis of the compliance and reporting requirements of the Provider Relief Fund and the effect of the pandemic on the Medical Center's operating revenues and expenses through year end, the Medical Center recognized approximately \$3,074,000 and \$935,000, related to hospital and nursing home operations, respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2021. These payments are recorded as operating grants and contributions in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The unrecognized amount of Provider Relief Fund distributions is recorded as unearned revenue in the accompanying balance sheets, which were approximately \$9,596,000 and \$7,585,000, respectively, at June 30, 2021 and 2020. Of these unrecognized amounts, approximately \$7,000,000 and \$4,498,000, respectively, were distributions related to the Medical Center's nursing homes. The Medical Center advanced these payments to its nursing home managers and recorded these payments as prepaid items in the accompanying balance sheets.

Guidance for reporting use of Provider Relief Fund payments received has changed significantly since distributions were authorized through the CARES Act in March 2020. The Medical Center has evaluated the "Post-Payment Notice of Reporting Requirements" (Notice) and the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) issued by HHS subsequent to June 30, 2021, in accordance with GASB codification Section 2250 and have concluded as follows:

- July 1, 2021 FAQs – recognized

NOTE 22: CITIZENS MEDICAL CENTER - (Continued)

L. COVID-19 Pandemic and CARES Funding Act - (Continued)

Provider Relief Fund - (Continued)

The Medical Center has recognized revenue from the Provider Relief Fund based on guidance issued by HHS as of June 30, 2021, and any clarifications issued by HHS subsequent to year-end, including any referenced above as recognized subsequent events. For guidance issued subsequent to June 30, 2021, considering nonrecognized subsequent events, the Medical Center has reviewed this guidance and cannot currently estimate the impact on the amount of Provider Relief Fund the Medical Center has recognized through June 30, 2021, but the impact could be material. The Medical Center will continue to monitor compliance with the terms and conditions of the Provider Relief Fund and the effect of the pandemic on the Medical Center's revenues and expenses. The terms and conditions governing the Provider Relief Fund are complex and subject to interpretation and change. If the Medical Center is unable to attest to or comply with current or future terms and conditions, its ability to retain some or all of the distributions received may be affected. Additionally, the amounts recorded in the financial statements compared to the Medical Center's Provider Relief Fund reporting could differ. Provider Relief Fund payments are subject to government oversight, including potential audits.

Medicare Accelerated and Advanced Payment Program

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Medical Center requested accelerated Medicare payments as provided for in the CARES Act, which allows for eligible health care facilities to request up to six months of advance Medicare payments for acute care hospitals or up to three months of advance Medicare payments for other health care providers. These amounts are expected to be recaptured by CMS according to the payback provisions.

Effective September 30, 2020, the payback provisions were revised and extended the payback period to begin one year after the issuance of the advance payment through a phased payback period approach. The first 11 months of the payback period will be at 25% of the remittance advice payment followed by a six-month payback period at 50% of the remittance advice payment. After 29 months, CMS expects any amount not paid back through the withhold amounts to be paid back in a lump sum or interest will begin to accrue subsequent to the 29 months at a rate of 4%.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Medical Center received approximately \$20,319,000 from these accelerated Medicare payment requests. During the year ended June 30, 2021, Medicare has applied approximately \$2,321,000 from these accelerated Medicare payment requests against filed claims. As of June 30, 2021, and 2020, approximately \$17,998,000 and \$20,319,000, respectively, of accelerated Medicare payment requests are recorded as current liabilities under the caption advanced claim payments from Medicare – current and noncurrent liabilities under the caption advanced claim payment from Medicare – noncurrent in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Required Supplementary Information

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to Statutory Differences Over (Under)	Actual Amounts Statutory Basis
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 32,448,441	\$ 32,448,441	\$ 32,994,994	\$ (290,359)	\$ 33,285,353
Fees of office and user fees	1,810,100	1,810,100	1,910,762	(19,668)	1,930,430
Intergovernmental	3,589,427	3,689,075	3,173,530	105,199	3,068,331
Fines and forfeitures	895,100	895,100	796,495	(27,320)	823,815
Investment income					
Interest	300,100	300,100	213,112	63	213,049
Licenses and permits	62,000	62,000	54,867	(4,180)	59,047
Miscellaneous	1,364,288	1,401,939	1,249,667	(16,545)	1,266,212
Total revenues	<u>40,469,456</u>	<u>40,606,755</u>	<u>40,393,427</u>	<u>(252,810)</u>	<u>40,646,237</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	19,047,107	20,078,884	19,027,295	(178,575)	19,205,870
Public safety	19,569,362	19,853,377	18,645,694	(240)	18,645,934
Culture and recreation	261,888	261,888	251,927	(904)	252,831
Total expenditures	<u>38,878,357</u>	<u>40,194,149</u>	<u>37,924,916</u>	<u>(179,719)</u>	<u>38,104,635</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>1,591,099</u>	<u>412,606</u>	<u>2,468,511</u>	<u>(73,091)</u>	<u>2,541,602</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Capital lease	-	-	-	(220,793)	220,793
Sale of assets	1,000	28,660	27,660	-	27,660
Transfers in	17,210	63,218	63,218	-	63,218
Transfers out	(1,612,709)	(1,747,579)	(1,558,993)	892,863	(2,451,856)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,594,499)</u>	<u>(1,655,701)</u>	<u>(1,468,115)</u>	<u>672,070</u>	<u>(2,140,185)</u>
Change in fund balance	(3,400)	(1,243,095)	1,000,396	598,979	401,417
Fund balance, January 1	<u>15,065,959</u>	<u>15,065,959</u>	<u>15,065,959</u>	<u>(994,356)</u>	<u>16,060,315</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 15,062,559</u>	<u>\$ 13,822,864</u>	<u>\$ 16,066,355</u>	<u>\$ (395,377)</u>	<u>\$ 16,461,732</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION

Last ten years

	Measurement Year		
	2014	2015	2016
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$ 3,577,472	\$ 3,776,298	\$ 4,065,893
Interest (on the total pension liability)	9,485,056	10,149,077	10,684,513
Effect of plan changes	-	(701,094)	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	-	1,386,660	-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	621,328	(1,535,186)	(330,461)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(5,762,494)</u>	<u>(6,083,068)</u>	<u>(6,466,997)</u>
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	7,921,362	6,992,687	7,952,948
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	<u>118,170,701</u>	<u>126,092,063</u>	<u>133,084,750</u>
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$ 126,092,063</u>	<u>\$ 133,084,750</u>	<u>\$ 141,037,698</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - Employer	\$ 3,702,500	\$ 3,769,876	\$ 3,800,589
Contributions - Employee	1,893,248	1,936,039	1,988,347
Net investment income	7,248,240	(355,076)	8,359,703
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(5,762,494)	(6,083,068)	(6,466,997)
Administrative expense	(84,874)	(81,559)	(90,807)
Other	<u>230,957</u>	<u>(68,399)</u>	<u>180,203</u>
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,227,577	(882,187)	7,771,038
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	<u>106,554,565</u>	<u>113,782,142</u>	<u>112,899,955</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 113,782,142</u>	<u>\$ 112,899,955</u>	<u>\$ 120,670,993</u>
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 12,309,921</u>	<u>\$ 20,184,795</u>	<u>\$ 20,366,705</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	90.24%	84.83%	85.56%
Covered Payroll	\$ 27,046,396	\$ 27,657,704	\$ 28,404,964
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	45.51%	72.98%	71.70%

NOTE: Information for the prior three years was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information over the next three years as provided by TCDRS on a "measurement date" basis.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

					Measurement Year					
					2017	2018	2019	2020		
	\$	4,039,378	\$	3,806,114	\$	3,627,860	\$	3,875,395		
		11,470,437		12,163,758		12,653,682		13,301,521		
		-		-		-		-		
		1,054,081		-		-		10,290,048		
		(243,371)		(1,385,186)		357,417		474,642		
		<u>(7,071,153)</u>		<u>(8,002,461)</u>		<u>(8,727,628)</u>		<u>(9,055,743)</u>		
		9,249,372		6,582,225		7,911,331		18,885,863		
		<u>141,037,698</u>		<u>150,287,070</u>		<u>156,869,295</u>		<u>164,780,626</u>		
	\$	<u>150,287,070</u>	\$	<u>156,869,295</u>	\$	<u>164,780,626</u>	\$	<u>183,666,489</u>		
	\$	3,914,502	\$	3,847,415	\$	4,071,804	\$	4,610,581		
		2,051,460		1,951,589		2,030,101		2,143,036		
		17,595,977		(2,577,942)		21,698,296		15,594,804		
		(7,071,153)		(8,002,461)		(8,727,628)		(9,055,743)		
		(91,146)		(106,114)		(115,069)		(120,090)		
		<u>(15,671)</u>		<u>(54,202)</u>		<u>(68,862)</u>		<u>(53,158)</u>		
		16,383,969		(4,941,715)		18,888,642		13,119,430		
		<u>120,670,993</u>		<u>137,054,962</u>		<u>132,113,247</u>		<u>151,001,889</u>		
	\$	<u>137,054,962</u>	\$	<u>132,113,247</u>	\$	<u>151,001,889</u>	\$	<u>164,121,319</u>		
	\$	<u>13,232,108</u>	\$	<u>24,756,048</u>	\$	<u>13,778,737</u>	\$	<u>19,545,170</u>		
		91.20%		84.22%		91.64%		89.36%		
	\$	29,306,268	\$	27,879,837	\$	29,001,437	\$	30,614,801		
		45.15%		88.80%		47.51%		63.84%		

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION
Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year		
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,727,348	\$ 2,346,096	\$ 2,983,888
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	<u>(1,727,348)</u>	<u>(2,346,096)</u>	<u>(2,983,888)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$23,469,448	\$24,361,762	\$25,330,071
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.4%	9.6%	11.8%

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Fiscal Year						
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 3,702,500	\$ 3,769,876	\$ 3,800,589	\$ 3,914,502	\$ 3,847,415	\$ 4,071,804	\$ 4,610,581
<u>(3,702,500)</u>	<u>(3,769,876)</u>	<u>(3,800,589)</u>	<u>(3,914,502)</u>	<u>(3,847,415)</u>	<u>(4,071,804)</u>	<u>(4,610,581)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>						
\$27,046,396	\$27,657,704	\$27,657,704	\$29,306,568	\$27,879,837	\$29,001,437	\$30,614,801
13.7%	13.6%	13.7%	13.4%	13.8%	14.0%	15.1%

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE**Last ten years*

	Measurement Year		
	2017	2018	2019
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 35,991	\$ 38,855	\$ 32,230
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)	46,335	46,441	50,853
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(9,035)	877	10,445
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	73,830	(160,803)	378,320
Benefit payments	<u>(26,376)</u>	<u>(25,092)</u>	<u>(31,902)</u>
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	120,745	(99,722)	439,946
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	<u>1,202,861</u>	<u>1,323,606</u>	<u>1,223,884</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$ 1,323,606</u>	<u>\$ 1,223,884</u>	<u>\$ 1,663,830</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 29,306,268	\$ 27,879,837	\$ 29,001,437
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.52%	4.39%	5.74%

NOTE: Information for the prior six years was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information over the next six years as provided by TCDRS on a "measurement date" basis.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Measurement Year

2020

\$ 60,068
46,735
-
7,814
234,068
(36,738)

311,947

1,663,830

\$ 1,975,777

\$ 30,614,801

6.45%

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE

Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 26,376	\$ 25,092	\$ 31,902
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	<u>(26,376)</u>	<u>(25,092)</u>	<u>(31,902)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$29,306,568	\$27,879,837	\$29,001,437
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%

NOTE: Information for the prior six years was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information over the next six years.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Fiscal Year

2021

\$ 36,738

(36,738)

\$ -

\$30,614,801

0.1%

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The County annually adopts budgets that are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). A reconciliation to the statutory basis is provided in the preceding statement. Refer to Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements for explanation of the statutory basis of accounting used to prepare the financial statements.

The Required Supplementary Information does not include a budgetary comparison schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund, American Rescue Plan Act Fund. The activity of the fund is funded by the federal government, thereby no local control over appropriating funds is possible. Therefore, there is no requirement of presenting a budgetary comparison schedule.

NOTE 2: TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	20.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/20 valuation)
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 4.60% average over career including inflation.
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected 2019: New inflation, mortality, and other assumptions were reflected

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2021

NOTE 2: TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION - (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates - (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected In the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule
	2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule
	2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017
	2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule
	2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule
	2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule

NOTE 3: TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

There were no changes in plan provisions or assumptions during the year.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS

December 31, 2021

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,418,745	\$ 1,475,414	\$ 11,894,159
Receivables (net)	3,033,232	1,287,106	4,320,338
Due from other governments	<u>3,468,673</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,468,673</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 16,920,650</u>	<u>\$ 2,762,520</u>	<u>\$ 19,683,170</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,146,038	\$ -	\$ 1,146,038
Accrued expenditures	371,780	-	371,780
Due to other funds	2,224,757	-	2,224,757
Due to other governments	151,576	-	151,576
Deposits	<u>69,045</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>69,045</u>
Total liabilities	<u>3,963,196</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,963,196</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue			
Property taxes	5,025,929	2,166,237	7,192,166
Other	<u>357,322</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>357,322</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>5,383,251</u>	<u>2,166,237</u>	<u>7,549,488</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted	<u>7,574,203</u>	<u>596,283</u>	<u>8,170,486</u>
Total fund balances	<u>7,574,203</u>	<u>596,283</u>	<u>8,170,486</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 16,920,650</u>	<u>\$ 2,762,520</u>	<u>\$ 19,683,170</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
STATUTORY BASIS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 3,745,472	\$ 1,942,052	\$ 5,687,524
Fees of office and user fees	2,997,499	-	2,997,499
Intergovernmental	8,401,377	-	8,401,377
Fines and forfeitures	541,093	-	541,093
Investment income	16,525	1,340	17,865
Contributions	971,202	-	971,202
Miscellaneous	570,868	-	570,868
Total revenues	<u>17,244,036</u>	<u>1,943,392</u>	<u>19,187,428</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	2,796,518	-	2,796,518
Public safety	2,336,877	-	2,336,877
Highways and streets	5,710,807	-	5,710,807
Public health	5,215,356	-	5,215,356
Capital outlay	1,928,694	-	1,928,694
Debt service			
Principal retirement	-	1,255,964	1,255,964
Interest and fiscal charges	-	621,875	621,875
Total expenditures	<u>17,988,252</u>	<u>1,877,839</u>	<u>19,866,091</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(744,216)</u>	<u>65,553</u>	<u>(678,663)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	2,823,678	-	2,823,678
Transfers out	<u>(584,113)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(584,113)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>2,239,565</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,239,565</u>
Change in fund balances	1,495,349	65,553	1,560,902
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>6,078,854</u>	<u>530,730</u>	<u>6,609,584</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 7,574,203</u>	<u>\$ 596,283</u>	<u>\$ 8,170,486</u>

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, private purpose trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The County's Special Revenue Funds consists of Road and Bridge and other funds.

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

The Road and Bridge Funds are constitutional funds established to account for current funds used for the purpose of constructing and maintaining roads and bridges. The principal sources of revenues for these funds are ad valorem taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The County is divided into four precincts, each of which is administered by one of the four County Commissioners. Each precinct has a separate budget for construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in the precinct. The Road and Bridge Funds consists of the following:

Road and Bridge Precinct Funds - Account for costs associated with the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in the four Commissioners' precincts. Revenues are derived primarily from ad valorem taxes, vehicle registration fees, and interest earnings.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Other Special Revenue Funds consists of various funds that account for particular functions and activities as described below:

Emergency Management Fund - Accounts for the funds received from the City of Victoria and the State of Texas for Emergency Management operations.

LEPC Fund - Accounts for funds received from local businesses and organizations for financial support of the Local Emergency Planning Committees.

Justice of the Peace Special Fund - Records the disposition of cash bonds and miscellaneous overpayments. These funds are disbursed according to court orders.

County Jury Fund - Accounts for funds allocated under Section 134.101, 134.102, or 134.103 to the county or municipal jury fund maintained by the county treasurer. As required by Section 134.151 the money that is deposited in the County Jury Fund may be used by a county only to fund juror reimbursement and finance jury services.

Records Management Fund - Accounts for monies received by the County under Local Government Code Section 118.011. Expenditures of the fund are made to manage and preserve documents filed in the office of the County Clerk. Revenues come from filing charges assessed by the County Clerk.

Courthouse Security Fund - Accounts for funds received from various sources designated to be used to enhance security in the County Courthouse.

Justice Court Building Security Fund - Accounts for funds received that are designated to be used to enhance security in buildings that house justice court other than the County Courthouse.

District Clerk Records Management Fund - Accounts for monies received by the County from filing charges assessed by the District Clerk under Local Government Code Section 51.317. Expenditures of the fund are made to manage and preserve documents filed in the office of the District Clerk.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

County Clerk of the Court Fund - Accounts for funds allocated under Section 134.101 or 134.102 to the county or municipal jury fund maintained by the county treasurer. As required by Section 134.151 the money that is deposited in the County Jury Fund may be used only to defray costs of services provided by a county or district clerk.

District Clerk of the Court Fund - Accounts for funds allocated under Section 134.101 or 134.102 to the clerk of the court account fund maintained by the county treasurer. As required by Section 134.151 the money that is deposited in the District Clerk of the Court may be used only to defray costs of services provided by a county or district clerk.

Court Reporter Service Fund - Accounts for funds allocated under Section 134.102 to the clerk of the court account fund. As required by Section 51.601 money deposited in the court reporter service fund may be used to assist in the payment of court reported related services.

Patriot Park Donations Fund - Accounts for funds received from various entities which have been donated for specific purposes for the Patriot Park.

Sheriff Special Fund - Records out-of-county cash bonds and various fines and fees collected by the Sheriff's department. These funds are remitted to the State and other entities as appropriate.

2021 Winter Weather Grant Fund - On February 20, 2021, Governor Abbott announced that his request for a federal major declaration was granted for the Severe Winter Storm that began on February 11, 2021. The FEMA disaster designation is DR-4586. This opens opportunities through FEMA's Public Assistance (PA) program for reimbursement of eligible cost associated with emergency protective measures.

FEMA Public Assistance DR-4485 Coronavirus Relief Fund - The Texas of Division of Emergency Management (TDEM) has provided funding for COVID-19 activities specifically emergency protective measures.

Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act Fund - Accounts for funds received from the U.S. Department of Interior for rentals, royalties, bonus and other sums derived from certain Outer Continental Shelf leases in the Gulf of Mexico. These revenues are reserved for projects and activities for the purposes of coastal protection, including conservation, coastal restoration, hurricane protection, and infrastructure directly affected by coastal wetland losses.

Hurricane Harvey Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency and insurance reimbursements. Funds are used to repair hurricane-damaged properties and as reimbursement for eligible hurricane expenses.

TxDOT McCoy Road Reconstruction Fund - The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) has provided funding for the reconstruction and widening of the road crossing over the McCoy Rd at-grade public crossing. In 2015, the Texas Legislature included \$20 million in the General Appropriations Act to fund projects on public roadways that would improve connectivity to Texas maritime ports. TxDOT distributes these funds through the Port Access Improvement Program, which provides grants to ports and other entities for projects that will improve connectivity, enhance safety, and relieve congestion in communities around the state's maritime ports.

CTIF Grant Fund - This grant will fund infrastructure projects located in areas that have been affected by increased oil and gas production. This is funded by Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT).

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

Capital Credits Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts from an allocation of unclaimed capital credits received from electric cooperatives which can be used for community and economic development.

Juvenile Probation Fund - Records monies received by the County from the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission as well as transfers from the General Fund of the County. These monies are spent to provide various services related to the operation of the County Juvenile Probation Department.

Drug Courts Program Fund - Accounts for the revenues/expenditures related to operations of the state mandated programs for monitoring and rehabilitating violators of state drug laws.

County Specialty Court Fund - Accounts for funds allocated under Section 134.101 or 134.102 to the county specialty court. This account fund is maintained by the county treasurer. As required by Section 134.151 the money deposited may be used only to fund specialty court programs established under Subtitle K, Title 2, Government Code.

Local Truancy Preventions Fund - Accounts for funds allocated under Section 134.103 to the local truancy prevention and diversion fund maintained by the County Treasurer, which may be used to finance the salary, benefits, training travel expenses, office supplies, and other necessary expenses relating to the position of a juvenile case manager employed by Article 45.056 Code of Criminal Procedure.

Justice Technology Fund - Accounts for funds received from a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor offense in a Justice Court, pursuant to Article 102.0173, Code of Criminal Procedures. These funds are administered by or under the direction of the Commissioners' Court and are used to finance the technological enhancements of the Justice Courts.

Family Protection Fee Fund - Accounts for funds received from individuals filing suit for dissolution of a marriage. These funds are administered by or under the direction of the Commissioners' Court and are to be distributed to non-profit organizations in Victoria County.

County/District Technology Fund - Accounts for funds received from a defendant convicted of a criminal offense in a County or District Court, pursuant to Article 102.0169, Code of Criminal Procedures. These funds are administered by or under the direction of the Commissioners' Court and are used to finance the technological enhancements of the County and District Courts.

Child Abuse Prevention Fund - Accounts for fines for certain child sexual assault and related convictions. This fine is put into the Child Abuse Prevention fund. The money allocated here may be used only to fund child abuse prevention programs in the county the court is located. This fund shall be administered by or under the direction of the commissioner's court.

CDA Processing Fee Fund - Accounts for fees earned by the office of the Criminal District Attorney from the collection of "hot" checks returned to County merchants. Expenditures of the fund include normal operating costs of the District Attorney's Office.

CDA Bond Forfeiture Commissions Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Criminal District Attorney retaining a commission on bond forfeiture collection pursuant to Government Code 41.005.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

CDA State Judiciary Fund - Accounts for funds received from the State Comptroller's Office to provide financial assistance to district attorneys for office expenses, supplies, and personnel.

Pre-Trial Intervention Fund - Accounts for fees for first time offenders or non-violent crimes which are used for expenses related to the defendants participation in the pre-trial intervention program, refurbish courthouse facilities, train staff and purchase office supplies that are related to this program.

CDA Victims Assistance Grant Fund - Accounts for the funds received from the U.S. Department of Justice and administered by the Office for Victims of Crime. The purpose of the grant is to stimulate State participation and support for victim service programs and promote victim cooperation with law enforcement, in addition to the direct benefit to crime victims with Federal assistance monies.

Sheriff Victims Assistance Grant Fund - Accounts for the funds received from the Office of the Attorney General to provide funding for a full-time Crime Victim Liaison to work in the Sheriff's Department and the Victoria Police Department.

State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Office of Justice Program, Bureau of Justice Assistance. This grant will provide funding for the purchase of Technology- Tracking devices and electronic monitoring, specifically pipe scanners and downloading stations used by VCSO Jailers.

Texas Vine Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Office of the Attorney General. The purpose of the Vine (Victim Information and Notification Everyday) Grant is to provide basic information on jailed suspects/offenders and their scheduled court events to crime victims and other concerned citizens.

Justice Assistance Grant Regional Task Force Fund - The Office of the Governor (OOG) has provided funding for the Regional Task Force Apprehension Project. The Victoria County Sheriff's Office will utilize these funds for the purchase of All-Terrain Vehicle equipment. The goal of this project is to provide more effective and successful regional task force suspect apprehension.

Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding (CESF) Fund - The Office of the Governor and the Department of Justice have provided funding for the CV-Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding (CESF). Funding will be utilized to prevent, prepare for and respond to the coronavirus.

Operation Stonegarden Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Department of Homeland Security to enhance cooperation and coordination between federal and local law enforcement agencies in a joint mission to secure the United States borders.

Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission (GCRPC) 9-1-1 Allocation Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission. This agreement will establish and maintain 9-1-1 emergency telephone service in State Planning Region 17, and the Commission on State Emergency Communications has approved the plan.

Byrne Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program Fund - Accounts for funds received from the City of Victoria for the purchase of equipment and training of personnel for the Victoria County Sheriff's Office.

High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Office of National Drug Control Policy to support initiatives designed to implement the strategy proposed by the Executive Board of the Houston HIDTA and approved by the Office of the National Drug Control Policy.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

Rifle Resistant Body Armor Grant Program (BAGP) Fund - The Office of the Governor has provided funding for the Rifle –Resistant Body Armor Grant Program. The purpose of this program is to equip peace officers with rifle-resistant body armor. The project will equip forty-two Victoria County Sheriff's Office Patrol, Interdiction, Investigations, Mental Health, Special Crimes, School Resource and Warrants Officers with Rifle Resistant Body Armor for the protection of life and safety for these officers, while maintaining maneuverability critical for operational success.

Firefighters Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Texas Forestry Service for the reimbursement of firefighting training assistance.

Feral Hog Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service. This grant will provide funding for the purchase of eight hog box traps and hog bait. This will enhance the hog eradication in Victoria County.

TXCDBG WCID #2 PLACEDO Fund - Texas Department of Agriculture has provided funding the Texas Community Development Block Grant. The grant will carry out water system improvements in the Placedo area in collaboration with Victoria County Water Control and Improvement District No. 2 (District). The project would provide district wide benefits through improvements at the District Water Plant.

TXCDBG Hurricane Harvey Disaster Recovery Program Fund - The General Land Office (GLO) has provided funding for the Texas Community Development Block Grant. Hurricane Harvey overwhelmed the drainage system of Victoria County. This inundated the street and drainage systems and threatened public health. This grant will be used to make infrastructure improvements to facilitate proper storm water conveyance and reduce the impact of future flooding.

State Fees Fund - Accounts for statutory additions to various fines collected by the County. These fees are transferred to the State and the General Fund of the County on a periodic basis.

Provision of Mental Health Peace Officers (PESC) Funding Fund - Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between Victoria County, Texas and Gulf Bend Center for the Provision of Mental Health Peace Officers under the Psychiatric Emergency Services Program (PESC) funding through Texas Health and Human Services Commission. It is for reimbursement (not to exceed \$11,000.00) for the transportation of individuals with mental illness to the appropriate location where the individuals can receive necessary services.

Mental Health Peace Officer Fund - Accounts for funds received from Gulf Bend Center to employ a mental health deputy assigned in the mental health task force.

BISD School Resource Officer Fund - Accounts for funds received from Bloomington Independent School District (BISD) to employ a juvenile probation officer that is housed and working on BISD campuses.

Sheriff's Special Purpose Fund - Accounts for the use of drug related monies awarded to the Sheriff's Department via court proceedings.

Sheriff's Donation Fund - Accounts for funds received from various entities which have been donated for specific purposes for the Victoria County Sheriff.

CDA Contraband Forfeiture Fund - Accounts for the use of drug related monies awarded to the Criminal District Attorney via court proceedings post October 17, 1989.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

CDA DOJ Equitable Share Fund - Accounts for funds received from the U.S. Department of Justice. The purpose of this program is for law enforcement to deter crime by depriving criminals of the profits and proceeds of their illegal activities and to weaken criminal enterprises by removing the instrumentalities of crime.

Sheriff's Federal Forfeiture Fund - Accounts for funds received from the U.S. Departments of Treasury and Justice. The purpose of this program is for law enforcement to deter crime by depriving criminals of the profits and proceeds of their illegal activities and to weaken criminal enterprises by removing the instrumentalities of crime.

National School Lunch Program Fund - Accounts for funds received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This grant will provide funding for the purchase of food for children and increase food security.

VISD School Resource Officer Fund - Accounts for funds received from Victoria Independent School District (VISD) to employ school resource officers that are housed and working on VISD campuses.

Election Administrator's Special Fund - Records the various fees received designated to be used by the County Election Administrator in coordinating various County elections.

2020 Help America Vote Act (HAVA) Elections Security Fund - The purpose of this award is to improve the administration of elections for Federal office, including to enhance election technology and make election security improvements to the systems, equipment and processes used in federal election. Funds will be used for the purchase of card scanners, printers and software which will increase the efficiency and security of the local voting process in the county.

Elections Chapter 19 Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Secretary of State to increase the number of registered voters in the state, maintain and report an accurate list of the number of registered voters, and/or increase the efficiency of the voter registration office through the use of technological equipment.

Tax Assessor-Collector Special Fund - Accounts for interest earnings on the Special Inventory Escrow Account. These funds are the sole property of the collector and are used to defray the cost of administration of the prepayment procedure established by Texas Property Tax Code Section 23.122.

Historical Commission Fund - Accounts for monies received through various promotional activities. These funds are expended for the purpose of preparing the historical heritage of the County of Victoria.

Child Welfare Board Fund - Accounts for funds that are designated to provide various child protective services to residents of the County.

Rebuild Texas Fund - Accounts for funds received from the OneStar Foundation and the Michael & Susan Dell Foundation for the Rebuild Texas Fund. The grant award will provide funding for relief and rebuilding efforts.

Law Library Fund - Accounts for expenditures related to the establishment and maintenance of a professional library for members of the Texas Bar Association. Revenues are derived from fees assessed on civil cases filed in County and District Courts.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

Health Department Fund - Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with services provided to the public by the nursing division, special services division, and the environmental services division located at the Victoria City/County Health Department.

Texas A&M University Health Science Contract Fund - Accounts for funds received from Coastal Bend Health Education Center. This grant will provide funding to support the community health worker position at the Victoria County Public Health Department.

Medicaid Administrative Claims Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Texas Health and Human Services to reimburse agencies for proper and efficient administration of the Texas Medicaid State Plan. The program is to ensure more effective and timely access of individuals to health care, the most appropriate utilization of Medicaid covered services, and to promote activities and behaviors that reduce the risk of poor health outcomes for the state's most vulnerable populations.

Texas Home Visiting Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services for providing a maternal, infant and early childhood home visiting program through the STARS Clinic.

Hogg Foundation Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from Hogg Foundation for Mental Health. The grant award will provide funding for the Be Well Victoria program to support opportunities for resilience, mental health and overall well-being in our community.

Hurricane Public Health Co-op Agreement (COAG/LHD) Fund - Accounts for funds received from Hurricane Public Health Crisis Response. The grant award will provide funding for the immunizations cold chain needs, infection control and prevention, and traditional and novel vector control.

COVID-19 Health Disparities Grant Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Department of State Health Services. The purpose of the COVID-19 Health Disparities Grant is to ensure community engagement in targeted communities disproportionately impacted by COVID-19 and the building of sustainable relationships in those targeted communities.

CPS/Public Health Workforce Grant Fund - The Department of State Health Services issued this grant to establish, expand, train and sustain public health workforce in support of Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) response and in alignment with the Public Health Crisis Response Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response from the Centers for Disease Control. In addition, the purpose of the grant is to perform required activities intended to slow the transmission of the disease, minimize morbidity and mortality, preserve function of healthcare workforce and infrastructure, and minimize social and economic impacts.

WIC Program Fund - Accounts for funds received from the Texas Department of State Health Services for Victoria County's participation in the WIC Card Program. These funds are used to determine eligibility of applicants through assessment of their income, residence and nutritional status and provide nutrition education and counseling to eligible participants.

Law Enforcement Officer Education (LEOSE) Fund - Accounts for funds received from the State of Texas. These funds are used for continuing education of persons licensed under Government Code Chapter 415 or to provide necessary training to full-time law enforcement support personnel.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS**December 31, 2021*

	Road and Bridge	Other Special Revenue	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,755,521	\$ 5,663,224	\$ 10,418,745
Receivables (net)			
Ad valorem	2,981,032	-	2,981,032
Other	617	51,583	52,200
Due from other governments	-	3,468,673	3,468,673
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,737,170</u>	<u>\$ 9,183,480</u>	<u>\$ 16,920,650</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 95,001	\$ 1,051,037	\$ 1,146,038
Accrued expenditures	109,816	261,964	371,780
Due to other funds	8,678	2,216,079	2,224,757
Due to other governments	-	151,576	151,576
Deposits	-	69,045	69,045
Total liabilities	<u>213,495</u>	<u>3,749,701</u>	<u>3,963,196</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue -			
Property taxes	5,025,929	-	5,025,929
Other	-	357,322	357,322
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>5,025,929</u>	<u>357,322</u>	<u>5,383,251</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted	<u>2,497,746</u>	<u>5,076,457</u>	<u>7,574,203</u>
Total fund balances	<u>2,497,746</u>	<u>5,076,457</u>	<u>7,574,203</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 7,737,170</u>	<u>\$ 9,183,480</u>	<u>\$ 16,920,650</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Road and Bridge	Other Special Revenue	Total
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 3,745,472	\$ -	\$ 3,745,472
Fees of office and user fees	-	2,997,499	2,997,499
Intergovernmental	1,383,485	7,017,892	8,401,377
Fines and forfeitures	-	541,093	541,093
Investment income			
Interest	6,642	9,883	16,525
Contributions	-	971,202	971,202
Miscellaneous	161,695	409,173	570,868
Total revenues	<u>5,297,294</u>	<u>11,946,742</u>	<u>17,244,036</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	-	2,796,518	2,796,518
Public safety	-	2,336,877	2,336,877
Highways and streets	5,672,943	37,864	5,710,807
Public health	-	5,215,356	5,215,356
Capital outlay	-	1,928,694	1,928,694
Total expenditures	<u>5,672,943</u>	<u>12,315,309</u>	<u>17,988,252</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(375,649)</u>	<u>(368,567)</u>	<u>(744,216)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	392,858	2,430,820	2,823,678
Transfers out	<u>(7,893)</u>	<u>(576,220)</u>	<u>(584,113)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>384,965</u>	<u>1,854,600</u>	<u>2,239,565</u>
Change in fund balance	9,316	1,486,033	1,495,349
Fund balance, January 1	<u>2,488,430</u>	<u>3,590,424</u>	<u>6,078,854</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 2,497,746</u>	<u>\$ 5,076,457</u>	<u>\$ 7,574,203</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS

December 31, 2021

	Road and Bridge Funds				Total
	Pct. 1	Pct. 2	Pct. 3	Pct. 4	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 900,697	\$ 1,469,065	\$ 1,354,292	\$ 1,031,467	\$ 4,755,521
Receivables (net)					
Ad valorem	762,905	713,695	699,700	804,732	2,981,032
Other	-	-	125	492	617
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,663,602</u>	<u>\$ 2,182,760</u>	<u>\$ 2,054,117</u>	<u>\$ 1,836,691</u>	<u>\$ 7,737,170</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 11,118	\$ 9,390	\$ 20,753	\$ 53,740	\$ 95,001
Accrued expenditures	29,749	24,410	33,908	21,749	109,816
Due to other funds	2,371	1,920	2,496	1,891	8,678
Total liabilities	<u>43,238</u>	<u>35,720</u>	<u>57,157</u>	<u>77,380</u>	<u>213,495</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - Property taxes	1,284,354	1,204,470	1,180,251	1,356,854	5,025,929
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,284,354</u>	<u>1,204,470</u>	<u>1,180,251</u>	<u>1,356,854</u>	<u>5,025,929</u>
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted	336,010	942,570	816,709	402,457	2,497,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	<u>\$ 1,663,602</u>	<u>\$ 2,182,760</u>	<u>\$ 2,054,117</u>	<u>\$ 1,836,691</u>	<u>\$ 7,737,170</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - STATUTORY BASIS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	Road and Bridge Funds				Total
	Pct. 1	Pct. 2	Pct. 3	Pct. 4	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 955,095	\$ 898,891	\$ 880,209	\$ 1,011,277	\$ 3,745,472
Intergovernmental	350,273	337,068	332,666	363,478	1,383,485
Investment income					
Interest	1,104	1,932	2,086	1,520	6,642
Miscellaneous	41,092	1,436	46,050	73,117	161,695
Total revenues	<u>1,347,564</u>	<u>1,239,327</u>	<u>1,261,011</u>	<u>1,449,392</u>	<u>5,297,294</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Highways and streets	1,351,866	1,083,074	1,622,682	1,615,321	5,672,943
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,302)	156,253	(361,671)	(165,929)	(375,649)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	65,891	158,479	76,723	91,765	392,858
Transfers out	(1,555)	(1,982)	(2,178)	(2,178)	(7,893)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>64,336</u>	<u>156,497</u>	<u>74,545</u>	<u>89,587</u>	<u>384,965</u>
Change in fund balance	60,034	312,750	(287,126)	(76,342)	9,316
Fund balance, January 1	275,976	629,820	1,103,835	478,799	2,488,430
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 336,010</u>	<u>\$ 942,570</u>	<u>\$ 816,709</u>	<u>\$ 402,457</u>	<u>\$ 2,497,746</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS

December 31, 2021

	Emergency Mgmt.	LEPC Fund	Justice of the Peace Special	County Jury	Records Mgmt.	Courthouse Security
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 14,269	\$ 258	\$ 1,085	\$ 528,511	\$ 126,888
Receivables (net)						
Other	-	-	-	13	2,887	480
Due from other governments	<u>279,717</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 279,717</u>	<u>\$ 14,269</u>	<u>\$ 258</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 531,398</u>	<u>\$ 127,368</u>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 258	\$ -	\$ 7,484	\$ -
Accrued expenditures	10,694	-	-	-	1,171	-
Due to other funds	266,694	-	-	-	4	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>277,388</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>258</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,659</u>	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	<u>2,329</u>	<u>14,269</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,098</u>	<u>522,739</u>	<u>127,368</u>
Total fund balances	<u>2,329</u>	<u>14,269</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,098</u>	<u>522,739</u>	<u>127,368</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 279,717</u>	<u>\$ 14,269</u>	<u>\$ 258</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 531,398</u>	<u>\$ 127,368</u>

Justice Court Building Security	District Clerk Records Mgmt.	County Clerk of the Court	District Clerk of the Court	Court Reporter Service	Patriot Park Donations	Sheriff Special	Coronavirus Relief
\$ 43,174	\$ 4,094	\$ 32,277	\$ 4,898	\$ 270	\$ 3,002	\$ 69,170	\$ 591,837
12	280	162	411	15	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306,740
<u>\$ 43,186</u>	<u>\$ 4,374</u>	<u>\$ 32,439</u>	<u>\$ 5,309</u>	<u>\$ 285</u>	<u>\$ 3,002</u>	<u>\$ 69,170</u>	<u>\$ 898,577</u>
\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 125	\$ 1
-	111	389	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	69,045	-
-	112	389	-	-	-	69,170	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306,740
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306,740
43,186	4,262	32,050	5,309	285	3,002	-	591,836
43,186	4,262	32,050	5,309	285	3,002	-	591,836
<u>\$ 43,186</u>	<u>\$ 4,374</u>	<u>\$ 32,439</u>	<u>\$ 5,309</u>	<u>\$ 285</u>	<u>\$ 3,002</u>	<u>\$ 69,170</u>	<u>\$ 898,577</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS

December 31, 2021

	Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act	TxDOT McCoy Rd Reconstr.	CTIF Grant	Capital Credits	Juvenile Probation	Drug Courts Program
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 501,152	\$ 334,301	\$ -	\$ 109,241	\$ 56,535	\$ 607
Receivables (net)						
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	756,502	253,723	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 501,152</u>	<u>\$ 1,090,803</u>	<u>\$ 253,723</u>	<u>\$ 109,241</u>	<u>\$ 56,535</u>	<u>\$ 607</u>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 561,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,642	\$ -
Accrued expenditures	-	-	-	2,346	45,628	-
Due to other funds	-	-	253,723	-	265	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>561,737</u>	<u>253,723</u>	<u>2,346</u>	<u>56,535</u>	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	-	50,582	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>50,582</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	501,152	478,484	-	106,895	-	607
Total fund balances	<u>501,152</u>	<u>478,484</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>106,895</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>607</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 501,152</u>	<u>\$ 1,090,803</u>	<u>\$ 253,723</u>	<u>\$ 109,241</u>	<u>\$ 56,535</u>	<u>\$ 607</u>

County Specialty Court	Local Truancy Preventions	Justice Technology	Family Protection Fee	County/ District Technology	Child Abuse Prevention	CDA Processing Fee	CDA Bond Forfeiture Commissions
\$ 11,925	\$ 19,184	\$ 15,420	\$ 244	\$ 20,237	\$ 125	\$ 2,276	\$ 34,943
305	48	38	35	119	4	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 12,230</u>	<u>\$ 19,232</u>	<u>\$ 15,458</u>	<u>\$ 279</u>	<u>\$ 20,356</u>	<u>\$ 129</u>	<u>\$ 2,276</u>	<u>\$ 34,943</u>
\$ 4,896	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>4,896</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>7,334</u>	<u>19,232</u>	<u>15,458</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>20,356</u>	<u>129</u>	<u>2,173</u>	<u>34,943</u>
<u>7,334</u>	<u>19,232</u>	<u>15,458</u>	<u>279</u>	<u>20,356</u>	<u>129</u>	<u>2,173</u>	<u>34,943</u>
<u>\$ 12,230</u>	<u>\$ 19,232</u>	<u>\$ 15,458</u>	<u>\$ 279</u>	<u>\$ 20,356</u>	<u>\$ 129</u>	<u>\$ 2,276</u>	<u>\$ 34,943</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS

December 31, 2021

	CDA State Judiciary	Pre-Trial Intervention	CDA Victims Assistance Grant	Sheriff Victims Assistance Grant	SCAAP Program	Texas Vine Grant
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,158	\$ 46,387	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,815	\$ -
Receivables (net)						
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	17,326	14,930	-	1,549
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,158</u>	<u>\$ 46,387</u>	<u>\$ 17,326</u>	<u>\$ 14,930</u>	<u>\$ 2,815</u>	<u>\$ 1,549</u>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,131	\$ 4	\$ 11	\$ 10	\$ -	\$ 1,549
Accrued expenditures	-	881	2,626	2,138	-	-
Due to other funds	-	2	14,689	10,927	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>1,131</u>	<u>887</u>	<u>17,326</u>	<u>13,075</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,549</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	1,027	45,500	-	1,855	2,815	-
Total fund balances	<u>1,027</u>	<u>45,500</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,855</u>	<u>2,815</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 2,158</u>	<u>\$ 46,387</u>	<u>\$ 17,326</u>	<u>\$ 14,930</u>	<u>\$ 2,815</u>	<u>\$ 1,549</u>

Operation Stonegarden Grant	GCRPC 9-1-1 Allocation	Drug Trafficking Grant	Firefighters Grant	Feral Hog Grant	TxCDBG WCID #2	TxCDBG Hurricane Harvey	State Fees	PESC Mental Health
\$ -	\$ 22,557	\$ -	\$ 3,400	\$ -	\$ 15,564	\$ -	\$ 144,007	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,569	-
<u>65,434</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,216</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,344</u>	<u>6,810</u>	<u>958,317</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>791</u>
<u>\$ 65,434</u>	<u>\$ 22,557</u>	<u>\$ 36,216</u>	<u>\$ 3,400</u>	<u>\$ 3,344</u>	<u>\$ 22,374</u>	<u>\$ 958,317</u>	<u>\$ 151,576</u>	<u>\$ 791</u>
\$ 162	\$ 1,658	\$ 5,325	\$ -	\$ 1,350	\$ 3,960	\$ 359,118	\$ -	\$ -
15,819	-	3,463	-	-	-	-	-	-
34,761	-	27,428	-	1,994	-	599,199	-	791
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	151,576	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>50,742</u>	<u>1,658</u>	<u>36,216</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,344</u>	<u>3,960</u>	<u>958,317</u>	<u>151,576</u>	<u>791</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>14,692</u>	<u>20,899</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,414</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>14,692</u>	<u>20,899</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,414</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ 65,434</u>	<u>\$ 22,557</u>	<u>\$ 36,216</u>	<u>\$ 3,400</u>	<u>\$ 3,344</u>	<u>\$ 22,374</u>	<u>\$ 958,317</u>	<u>\$ 151,576</u>	<u>\$ 791</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS

December 31, 2021

	Mental Health Peace Officer	BISD School Resource Officer	Sheriff's Special Purpose	Sheriff's Donation	CDA Contraband Forfeiture	CDA DOJ Equitable Share
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 653,360	\$ 261	\$ 926,048	\$ 1,105
Receivables (net)						
Other	-	-	3,509	-	19,922	-
Due from other governments	66,799	15,080	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 66,799</u>	<u>\$ 15,080</u>	<u>\$ 656,869</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 945,970</u>	<u>\$ 1,105</u>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 213	\$ 13	\$ 55	\$ -	\$ 6,951	\$ -
Accrued expenditures	12,745	3,131	1,329	-	2,654	-
Due to other funds	53,841	11,936	47	-	5	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>66,799</u>	<u>15,080</u>	<u>1,431</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,610</u>	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	-	-	655,438	261	936,360	1,105
Total fund balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>655,438</u>	<u>261</u>	<u>936,360</u>	<u>1,105</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 66,799</u>	<u>\$ 15,080</u>	<u>\$ 656,869</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 945,970</u>	<u>\$ 1,105</u>

<u>Sheriff's Federal Forfeiture</u>	<u>National School Lunch Program</u>	<u>VISD School Resource Officer</u>	<u>Election Admin. Special</u>	<u>HAVA Election Security</u>	<u>Elections Chapter 19</u>	<u>Tax Assessor- Collector Special</u>	<u>Historical Commission</u>
\$ 392,454	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,365	\$ 10,142	\$ -	\$ 22,875	\$ 19,164
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	8,597	94,018	-	-	400	-	-
<u>\$ 392,454</u>	<u>\$ 8,597</u>	<u>\$ 94,018</u>	<u>\$ 64,365</u>	<u>\$ 10,142</u>	<u>\$ 400</u>	<u>\$ 22,875</u>	<u>\$ 19,164</u>
\$ -	\$ 4,999	\$ 132	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ 76	\$ -	\$ -
-	3,389	29,344	684	-	-	-	-
-	209	64,542	9	-	324	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	8,597	94,018	697	-	400	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
392,454	-	-	63,668	10,142	-	22,875	19,164
392,454	-	-	63,668	10,142	-	22,875	19,164
<u>\$ 392,454</u>	<u>\$ 8,597</u>	<u>\$ 94,018</u>	<u>\$ 64,365</u>	<u>\$ 10,142</u>	<u>\$ 400</u>	<u>\$ 22,875</u>	<u>\$ 19,164</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - STATUTORY BASIS

December 31, 2021

	Child Welfare Board	Rebuild Texas	Law Library	Health Department	TX A&M University Health Science Contract	Medicaid Administrative Claims
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,166	\$ 8,973	\$ 38,720	\$ 474,578	\$ 5,628	\$ 57,041
Receivables (net)						
Other	-	-	121	1,800	-	13,853
Due from other governments	-	-	-	236,174	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 17,166</u>	<u>\$ 8,973</u>	<u>\$ 38,841</u>	<u>\$ 712,552</u>	<u>\$ 5,628</u>	<u>\$ 70,894</u>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 688	\$ 8,973	\$ 3,846	\$ 39,542	\$ -	\$ 2
Accrued expenditures	-	-	-	82,901	-	471
Due to other funds	-	-	-	590,109	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>688</u>	<u>8,973</u>	<u>3,846</u>	<u>712,552</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>473</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	16,478	-	34,995	-	5,628	70,421
Total fund balances	<u>16,478</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,995</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,628</u>	<u>70,421</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	<u>\$ 17,166</u>	<u>\$ 8,973</u>	<u>\$ 38,841</u>	<u>\$ 712,552</u>	<u>\$ 5,628</u>	<u>\$ 70,894</u>

<u>Texas Home Visiting Grant</u>	<u>Hogg Foundation Grant</u>	<u>Hurricane Public Health Co-op Agreement</u>	<u>COVID-19 Health Disparities Grant</u>	<u>CPS/Public Health Workforce Grant</u>	<u>WIC Program</u>	<u>LEOSE</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ -	\$ 154,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,283	\$ 5,663,224
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,583
<u>105,765</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,243</u>	<u>24,500</u>	<u>34,892</u>	<u>166,806</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,468,673</u>
<u>\$ 105,765</u>	<u>\$ 154,250</u>	<u>\$ 14,243</u>	<u>\$ 24,500</u>	<u>\$ 34,892</u>	<u>\$ 166,806</u>	<u>\$ 54,283</u>	<u>\$ 9,183,480</u>
\$ 17,223	\$ 594	\$ -	\$ 102	\$ 684	\$ 7,418	\$ -	\$ 1,051,037
4,879	3,819	-	3,665	6,831	20,856	-	261,964
83,663	29	14,243	20,733	27,377	138,532	-	2,216,079
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	151,576
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,045
<u>105,765</u>	<u>4,442</u>	<u>14,243</u>	<u>24,500</u>	<u>34,892</u>	<u>166,806</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,749,701</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,322
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,322
-	149,808	-	-	-	-	54,283	5,076,457
-	149,808	-	-	-	-	54,283	5,076,457
<u>\$ 105,765</u>	<u>\$ 154,250</u>	<u>\$ 14,243</u>	<u>\$ 24,500</u>	<u>\$ 34,892</u>	<u>\$ 166,806</u>	<u>\$ 54,283</u>	<u>\$ 9,183,480</u>

(concluded)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Emergency Mgmt.	LEPC Fund	County Jury	Records Mgmt.	Courthouse Security
REVENUES					
Fees of office and user fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 794	\$ 195,398	\$ 41,100
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income					
Interest	-	-	-	605	3,550
Contributions	215,010	2,500	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>215,010</u>	<u>2,500</u>	<u>794</u>	<u>196,003</u>	<u>44,650</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	69,763	21,257
Public safety	311,077	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	10,020	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>321,097</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>69,763</u>	<u>21,257</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(106,087)</u>	<u>2,500</u>	<u>794</u>	<u>126,240</u>	<u>23,393</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	106,087	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	(210)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>106,087</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(210)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance	-	2,500	584	126,240	23,393
Fund balance, January 1	<u>2,329</u>	<u>11,769</u>	<u>514</u>	<u>396,499</u>	<u>103,975</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 2,329</u>	<u>\$ 14,269</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 522,739</u>	<u>\$ 127,368</u>

Justice Court Building Security	District Clerk Records Mgmt.	County Clerk of the Court	District Clerk of the Court	Court Reporter Service	Patriot Park Donations	2021 Winter Weather Grant	Coronavirus Relief
\$ 3,234	\$ 7,710	\$ 18,910	\$ 4,248	\$ 285	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	10,370	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	40,438	-
<u>3,234</u>	<u>7,710</u>	<u>18,910</u>	<u>4,248</u>	<u>285</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>50,808</u>	<u>49,000</u>
1,591	5,229	389	-	-	-	47,142	320,119
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>1,591</u>	<u>5,229</u>	<u>389</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>47,142</u>	<u>320,119</u>
<u>1,643</u>	<u>2,481</u>	<u>18,521</u>	<u>4,248</u>	<u>285</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,666</u>	<u>(271,119)</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	36,839	953,515
-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,505)	(90,560)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,666)	862,955
1,643	2,481	18,521	4,248	285	-	-	591,836
<u>41,543</u>	<u>1,781</u>	<u>13,529</u>	<u>1,061</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,002</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ 43,186</u>	<u>\$ 4,262</u>	<u>\$ 32,050</u>	<u>\$ 5,309</u>	<u>\$ 285</u>	<u>\$ 3,002</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 591,836</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act	Hurricane Harvey	TxDOT McCoy Rd Reconstr.	CTIF Grant	Capital Credits
REVENUES					
Fees of office and user fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	364,420	97,181	705,920	277,551	19,715
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income					
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	529,066	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>364,420</u>	<u>97,181</u>	<u>1,234,986</u>	<u>277,551</u>	<u>19,715</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	196,410	-	-	110,835
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	37,864	-
Public health	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	756,502	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>196,410</u>	<u>756,502</u>	<u>37,864</u>	<u>110,835</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>364,420</u>	<u>(99,229)</u>	<u>478,484</u>	<u>239,687</u>	<u>(91,120)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	4,009	-	-	-
Transfers out	(91,105)	(75,276)	-	(239,687)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(91,105)</u>	<u>(71,267)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(239,687)</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance	273,315	(170,496)	478,484	-	(91,120)
Fund balance, January 1	<u>227,837</u>	<u>170,496</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>198,015</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 501,152</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 478,484</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 106,895</u>

Juvenile Probation	Drug Courts Program	County Specialty Court	Local Truancy Preventions	Justice Technology	Family Protection Fee	County/District Technology	Child Abuse Prevention
\$ 300	\$ 1,639	\$ 11,710	\$ 11,769	\$ 10,806	\$ 6,069	\$ 16,542	\$ 20
1,047,332	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
49	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>1,047,681</u>	<u>1,640</u>	<u>11,710</u>	<u>11,769</u>	<u>10,806</u>	<u>6,069</u>	<u>16,542</u>	<u>20</u>
1,454,294	4,300	11,803	-	13,175	6,146	13,968	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	8,024	-
<u>1,454,294</u>	<u>4,300</u>	<u>11,803</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,175</u>	<u>6,146</u>	<u>21,992</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>(406,613)</u>	<u>(2,660)</u>	<u>(93)</u>	<u>11,769</u>	<u>(2,369)</u>	<u>(77)</u>	<u>(5,450)</u>	<u>20</u>
406,858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>406,858</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
245	(2,660)	(93)	11,769	(2,369)	(77)	(5,450)	20
<u>(245)</u>	<u>3,267</u>	<u>7,427</u>	<u>7,463</u>	<u>17,827</u>	<u>356</u>	<u>25,806</u>	<u>109</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 607</u>	<u>\$ 7,334</u>	<u>\$ 19,232</u>	<u>\$ 15,458</u>	<u>\$ 279</u>	<u>\$ 20,356</u>	<u>\$ 129</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	CDA Processing Fee	CDA Bond Forfeiture Commissions	CDA State Judiciary	Pre-Trial Intervention	CDA Victims Assistance Grant
REVENUES					
Fees of office and user fees	\$ 3,603	\$ 447	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	22,500	24,250	42,326
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income					
Interest	15	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>3,618</u>	<u>447</u>	<u>22,500</u>	<u>24,250</u>	<u>42,326</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	24,991	-	22,389	21,474	66,598
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>24,991</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,389</u>	<u>21,474</u>	<u>66,598</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(21,373)</u>	<u>447</u>	<u>111</u>	<u>2,776</u>	<u>(24,272)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	21,877	-	-	-	24,272
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>21,877</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,272</u>
Change in fund balance	504	447	111	2,776	-
Fund balance, January 1	<u>1,669</u>	<u>34,496</u>	<u>916</u>	<u>42,724</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 2,173</u>	<u>\$ 34,943</u>	<u>\$ 1,027</u>	<u>\$ 45,500</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Sheriff Victims Assistance Grant	SCAAP Program	Texas Vine Grant	JAG Regional Task Force	Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding	Operation Stonegarden Grant	GCRPC 9-1-1 Allocation	Byrne JAG Program
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
42,286	2,815	18,578	13,848	127,365	342,604	3,200	17,288
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	137	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>42,286</u>	<u>2,815</u>	<u>18,578</u>	<u>13,848</u>	<u>127,365</u>	<u>342,604</u>	<u>3,337</u>	<u>17,288</u>
-	-	-	-	53,674	-	-	-
55,370	-	18,578	-	-	327,912	80,078	17,288
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	13,848	73,691	-	-	-
<u>55,370</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,578</u>	<u>13,848</u>	<u>127,365</u>	<u>327,912</u>	<u>80,078</u>	<u>17,288</u>
<u>(13,084)</u>	<u>2,815</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,692</u>	<u>(76,741)</u>	<u>-</u>
13,084	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>13,084</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	2,815	-	-	-	14,692	(76,741)	-
<u>1,855</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>97,640</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ 1,855</u>	<u>\$ 2,815</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,692</u>	<u>\$ 20,899</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Drug Trafficking Grant	Rifle Resistant Body Armor Grant Program (BAGP)	Firefighters Grant	Feral Hog Grant	TxCDBG WCID #2
REVENUES					
Fees of office and user fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	122,196	27,925	-	-	20,698
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income					
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	20,218	-	5,408
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	11,664	-
Total revenues	<u>122,196</u>	<u>27,925</u>	<u>20,218</u>	<u>11,664</u>	<u>26,106</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	21,442
Public safety	122,196	27,925	16,818	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-	11,664	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>122,196</u>	<u>27,925</u>	<u>16,818</u>	<u>11,664</u>	<u>21,442</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,664</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance	-	-	3,400	-	4,664
Fund balance, January 1	-	-	-	-	13,750
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,400</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 18,414</u>

TxCDBG Hurricane Harvey	PESC Mental Health	Mental Health Peace Officer	BISD School Resource Officer	Sheriff's Special Purpose	Sheriff's Donation	CDA Contraband Forfeiture	CDA DOJ Equitable Share
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 74,666	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1,011,009	7,952	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	339,486	-	201,607	-
-	-	-	-	1,080	-	1,618	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	341,662	-	-	-	18	-
<u>1,011,009</u>	<u>7,952</u>	<u>341,662</u>	<u>74,666</u>	<u>340,566</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>203,243</u>	<u>2</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	115,059	-
-	-	341,662	74,666	89,623	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	7,952	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>1,011,009</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>1,011,009</u>	<u>7,952</u>	<u>341,662</u>	<u>74,666</u>	<u>89,623</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>115,059</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	250,943	-	88,184	2
-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	(21,877)	-
-	-	-	-	54	-	(21,877)	-
-	-	-	-	250,997	-	66,307	2
-	-	-	-	404,441	261	870,053	1,103
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 655,438</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 936,360</u>	<u>\$ 1,105</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
STATUTORY BASIS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	Sheriff's Federal Forfeiture	National School Lunch Program	VISD School Resource Officer	Election Admin. Special	HAVA Election Security
REVENUES					
Fees of office and user fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 795,910	\$ 172,319	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	95,726	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income					
Interest	723	-	-	62	30
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	<u>723</u>	<u>95,726</u>	<u>795,910</u>	<u>172,381</u>	<u>30</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	129,100	9,594
Public safety	51,270	-	791,870	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-
Public health	-	184,371	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	4,040	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>51,270</u>	<u>184,371</u>	<u>795,910</u>	<u>129,100</u>	<u>9,594</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(50,547)</u>	<u>(88,645)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>43,281</u>	<u>(9,564)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	88,645	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>88,645</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance	(50,547)	-	-	43,281	(9,564)
Fund balance, January 1	<u>443,001</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,387</u>	<u>19,706</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 392,454</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 63,668</u>	<u>\$ 10,142</u>

Elections Chapter 19	Tax Assessor- Collector Special	Historical Commission	Child Welfare Board	Rebuild Texas	Law Library	Health Department
\$ 7,084	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 566	\$ -	\$ 44,266	\$ 1,568,104
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,277,058
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1,261	34	-	-	-	716
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1,007	765	-	-	-	13,617
<u>7,084</u>	<u>2,268</u>	<u>799</u>	<u>566</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>44,266</u>	<u>2,859,495</u>
7,084	50	1,408	6,998	-	40,236	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	3,655,143
-	-	-	-	51,560	-	-
<u>7,084</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,408</u>	<u>6,998</u>	<u>51,560</u>	<u>40,236</u>	<u>3,655,143</u>
-	2,218	(609)	(6,432)	(51,560)	4,030	(795,648)
-	-	-	10,948	5,083	-	759,549
-	-	-	-	-	(17,000)	-
-	-	-	10,948	5,083	(17,000)	759,549
-	2,218	(609)	4,516	(46,477)	(12,970)	(36,099)
-	20,657	19,773	11,962	46,477	47,965	36,099
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 22,875</u>	<u>\$ 19,164</u>	<u>\$ 16,478</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 34,995</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	TX A&M University Health Science Contract	Medicaid Administrative Claims	Texas Home Visiting Grant	Hogg Foundation Grant	Hurricane Public Health Co-op Agreement
REVENUES					
Fees of office and user fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	28,167	497,959	-	17,593
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income					
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-	150,000	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	2	-	-
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>28,167</u>	<u>497,961</u>	<u>150,000</u>	<u>17,593</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-
Public health	-	19,724	497,961	109,834	17,593
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>19,724</u>	<u>497,961</u>	<u>109,834</u>	<u>17,593</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>8,443</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,166</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance	-	8,443	-	40,166	-
Fund balance, January 1	<u>5,628</u>	<u>61,978</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>109,642</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 5,628</u>	<u>\$ 70,421</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 149,808</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

COVID-19 Health Disparities Grant	CPS/Public Health Workforce Grant	WIC Program	LEOSE	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,997,499
22,616	43,626	644,872	20,946	7,017,892
-	-	-	-	541,093
-	-	-	-	9,883
-	-	-	-	971,202
-	-	-	-	409,173
<u>22,616</u>	<u>43,626</u>	<u>644,872</u>	<u>20,946</u>	<u>11,946,742</u>
-	-	-	-	2,796,518
-	-	-	10,544	2,336,877
-	-	-	-	37,864
22,616	43,626	644,872	-	5,215,356
-	-	-	-	1,928,694
<u>22,616</u>	<u>43,626</u>	<u>644,872</u>	<u>10,544</u>	<u>12,315,309</u>
-	-	-	10,402	(368,567)
-	-	-	-	2,430,820
-	-	-	-	(576,220)
-	-	-	-	1,854,600
-	-	-	10,402	1,486,033
-	-	-	43,881	3,590,424
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 54,283</u>	<u>\$ 5,076,457</u>

(concluded)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is a constitutional fund and is utilized to account for all County revenues and expenditures except those which are required to be classed in other constitutional funds and such other funds that are presented separately to facilitate proper accountability.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Ad valorem				
Current	\$ 22,196,441	\$ 22,196,441	\$ 22,022,406	\$ (174,035)
Delinquent	400,000	400,000	335,643	(64,357)
Penalty and interest	177,000	177,000	219,267	42,267
Sales and use	9,675,000	9,675,000	10,417,678	742,678
Total taxes	<u>32,448,441</u>	<u>32,448,441</u>	<u>32,994,994</u>	<u>546,553</u>
Fees of office and user fees				
Sheriff's department	275,000	275,000	249,204	(25,796)
Prisoner maintenance	500	500	-	(500)
Estray fees	100	100	2,662	2,562
County treasurer	3,000	3,000	2,160	(840)
Election administrator	1,000	1,000	308	(692)
County clerk	325,000	325,000	417,665	92,665
Probate personnel education fees	1,000	1,000	1,665	665
Guardianship fee	5,500	5,500	6,682	1,182
County courts at law	4,000	4,000	3,305	(695)
Tax assessor-collector	600,000	600,000	590,923	(9,077)
Criminal district attorney	9,000	9,000	9,516	516
District clerk	150,000	150,000	140,016	(9,984)
Justices of the peace	74,000	74,000	71,923	(2,077)
Deferred adjudication	35,000	35,000	23,954	(11,046)
Constables	110,000	110,000	103,242	(6,758)
Pre-trial supervisory fees	6,500	6,500	12,855	6,355
Pre-trial bonding fees	200,000	200,000	259,072	59,072
Interlock device fees	10,000	10,000	15,460	5,460
Pre-trial drug test fees	500	500	150	(350)
Total fees of office and user fees	<u>1,810,100</u>	<u>1,810,100</u>	<u>1,910,762</u>	<u>100,662</u>
Intergovernmental				
Payment in lieu of taxes	500	500	991	491
Alcohol beverage tax	265,000	265,000	302,442	37,442
County courts at law	168,000	168,000	168,000	-
Bingo gross receipts tax	75,000	75,000	110,092	35,092
Tobacco settlement	50,000	50,000	41,999	(8,001)
Indigent defense grant	76,750	76,750	68,767	(7,983)
Jury fee reimbursement/SB1704	50,000	50,000	17,102	(32,898)
DA Longevity Reimb/GC 41	2,677	2,677	2,511	(166)
Juvenile detention contracts	2,250,000	2,250,000	1,781,231	(468,769)
State juvenile detention funds	78,000	137,648	165,669	28,021
Jail inmate bedspace	505,000	505,000	456,055	(48,945)
Jail inmate contract other	18,000	18,000	2,620	(15,380)

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES (continued)				
Intergovernmental (continued)				
Jail inmate extradition	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,500	\$ 14,870	\$ 2,370
General inmate medical	38,000	38,000	41,181	3,181
GCRPC grant/generator	-	40,000	-	(40,000)
Total intergovernmental	<u>3,589,427</u>	<u>3,689,075</u>	<u>3,173,530</u>	<u>(515,545)</u>
Fines and forfeitures				
District court fines	210,000	210,000	185,700	(24,300)
County court at law fines	250,000	250,000	322,841	72,841
Justice of the peace fines	365,000	365,000	284,870	(80,130)
Forfeitures	70,100	70,100	3,084	(67,016)
Total fines and forfeitures	<u>895,100</u>	<u>895,100</u>	<u>796,495</u>	<u>(98,605)</u>
Interest	300,100	300,100	213,112	(86,988)
Licenses and permits				
Marriage licenses	15,000	15,000	18,428	3,428
Beer and whiskey licenses	42,000	42,000	35,439	(6,561)
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	1,000	(4,000)
Total licenses and permits	<u>62,000</u>	<u>62,000</u>	<u>54,867</u>	<u>(7,133)</u>
Miscellaneous				
Records management preservation	22,000	22,000	10,747	(11,253)
Criminal justice planning commission	100	100	1,589	1,489
Crime stopper fee	50	50	-	(50)
Consolidated state criminal fee	10,000	10,000	24,320	14,320
LEOSEF collection	-	-	20	20
Victims of crime collection	5	5	5	-
Juvenile probation diversion collections	-	-	20	20
Legal service for indigents fees	1,200	1,200	1,178	(22)
Defensive driving course fee	4,500	4,500	3,335	(1,165)
Visual record by electronic device	1,200	1,200	3,296	2,096
Court reporter fees	23,000	23,000	23,232	232
Arrest warrant fees	40,000	40,000	25,230	(14,770)
Other fees	125,206	125,206	96,824	(28,382)
Personal recognizant fees	650	650	127	(523)
CJAD contract services	6,600	6,600	5,151	(1,449)
Rents and royalties	298,094	298,094	292,766	(5,328)
Telephone commissions	146,000	146,000	111,442	(34,558)
Election machines rental	6,500	38,226	48,223	9,997
Reimbursements and refunds	589,033	591,008	582,162	(8,846)
Restitutions	200	200	18	(182)
Miscellaneous	89,950	93,900	19,982	(73,918)
Total miscellaneous	<u>1,364,288</u>	<u>1,401,939</u>	<u>1,249,667</u>	<u>(152,272)</u>
Total revenues	<u>40,469,456</u>	<u>40,606,755</u>	<u>40,393,427</u>	<u>(213,328)</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
County judge				
Salaries	\$ 169,334	\$ 167,287	\$ 166,885	\$ 402
Fringe benefits	43,577	48,251	46,318	1,933
Operating expenditures	8,200	8,200	6,609	1,591
Total county judge	<u>221,111</u>	<u>223,738</u>	<u>219,812</u>	<u>3,926</u>
Commissioners' court				
Salaries	88,336	85,849	62,328	23,521
Fringe benefits	30,055	27,915	20,624	7,291
Operating expenditures	30,400	32,400	30,336	2,064
Other services and charges	4,800	4,800	4,027	773
Total commissioners' court	<u>153,591</u>	<u>150,964</u>	<u>117,315</u>	<u>33,649</u>
Records management				
Salaries	84,239	84,239	83,579	660
Fringe benefits	27,908	27,908	27,315	593
Operating expenditures	2,750	2,750	821	1,929
Total records management	<u>114,897</u>	<u>114,897</u>	<u>111,715</u>	<u>3,182</u>
County clerk				
Salaries	553,947	553,947	547,043	6,904
Fringe benefits	178,523	178,523	171,859	6,664
Operating expenditures	31,250	31,250	17,576	13,674
Capital outlay	-	6,479	6,479	-
Total county clerk	<u>763,720</u>	<u>770,199</u>	<u>742,957</u>	<u>27,242</u>
Pre-trial services				
Salaries	97,958	97,958	95,315	2,643
Fringe benefits	31,766	31,766	30,488	1,278
Operating expenditures	3,070	3,070	155	2,915
Total pre-trial services	<u>132,794</u>	<u>132,794</u>	<u>125,958</u>	<u>6,836</u>
Veterans' service officer				
Salaries	52,192	51,122	49,274	1,848
Fringe benefits	11,848	12,918	12,358	560
Operating expenditures	4,170	7,957	1,814	6,143
Total veterans' service officer	<u>68,210</u>	<u>71,997</u>	<u>63,446</u>	<u>8,551</u>
Non-departmental				
Operating expenditures	1,496,966	1,162,973	1,135,110	27,863
Other services and charges	1,416,699	1,265,348	1,245,850	19,498
Capital outlay	25,000	1,034,907	561,742	473,165
Total non-departmental	<u>2,938,665</u>	<u>3,463,228</u>	<u>2,942,702</u>	<u>520,526</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)				
Current (continued)				
General government (continued)				
County court at law				
Salaries	\$ 551,742	\$ 547,284	\$ 546,241	\$ 1,043
Fringe benefits	148,536	148,661	142,182	6,479
Operating expenditures	10,632	10,632	5,618	5,014
Other services and charges	103,000	118,860	117,677	1,183
Total county court at law	<u>813,910</u>	<u>825,437</u>	<u>811,718</u>	<u>13,719</u>
County court at law # 2				
Other services and charges	95,000	126,615	126,613	2
Total county court at law # 2	<u>95,000</u>	<u>126,615</u>	<u>126,613</u>	<u>2</u>
District court				
Salaries	335,564	330,520	316,686	13,834
Fringe benefits	151,437	152,181	147,176	5,005
Operating expenditures	16,114	16,114	10,425	5,689
Other services and charges	896,450	993,875	972,546	21,329
Total district court	<u>1,399,565</u>	<u>1,492,690</u>	<u>1,446,833</u>	<u>45,857</u>
District clerk				
Salaries	561,270	561,479	558,359	3,120
Fringe benefits	188,226	188,274	181,710	6,564
Operating expenditures	47,749	96,656	94,630	2,026
Total district clerk	<u>797,245</u>	<u>846,409</u>	<u>834,699</u>	<u>11,710</u>
Justice of the peace # 1				
Salaries	162,624	162,624	162,272	352
Fringe benefits	55,229	55,229	53,569	1,660
Operating expenditures	5,335	5,335	2,840	2,495
Capital outlay	-	5,850	5,850	-
Total justice of the peace # 1	<u>223,188</u>	<u>229,038</u>	<u>224,531</u>	<u>4,507</u>
Justice of the peace # 2				
Salaries	130,691	131,066	129,528	1,538
Fringe benefits	42,844	42,931	37,815	5,116
Operating expenditures	4,035	4,128	3,116	1,012
Total justice of the peace # 2	<u>177,570</u>	<u>178,125</u>	<u>170,459</u>	<u>7,666</u>
Justice of the peace # 3				
Salaries	210,115	210,115	210,113	2
Fringe benefits	66,009	66,009	64,091	1,918
Operating expenditures	4,660	4,660	3,802	858
Capital outlay	-	6,835	6,835	-
Total justice of the peace # 3	<u>280,784</u>	<u>287,619</u>	<u>284,841</u>	<u>2,778</u>
Justice of the peace # 4				
Salaries	149,437	150,518	145,703	4,815
Fringe benefits	48,587	48,833	46,559	2,274
Operating expenditures	5,340	5,340	4,512	828
Total justice of the peace # 4	<u>203,364</u>	<u>204,691</u>	<u>196,774</u>	<u>7,917</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)				
Current (continued)				
General government (continued)				
Criminal district attorney				
Salaries	\$ 1,320,337	\$ 1,309,569	\$ 1,281,602	\$ 27,967
Fringe benefits	372,965	381,505	364,630	16,875
Operating expenditures	<u>30,382</u>	<u>32,610</u>	<u>31,922</u>	<u>688</u>
Total criminal district attorney	<u>1,723,684</u>	<u>1,723,684</u>	<u>1,678,154</u>	<u>45,530</u>
Election administrator				
Salaries	171,489	208,661	208,650	11
Fringe benefits	46,086	48,294	48,252	42
Operating expenditures	80,048	95,018	90,183	4,835
Other services and charges	<u>36,921</u>	<u>38,411</u>	<u>37,585</u>	<u>826</u>
Total election administrator	<u>334,544</u>	<u>390,384</u>	<u>384,670</u>	<u>5,714</u>
County auditor				
Salaries	395,711	401,443	400,202	1,241
Fringe benefits	127,196	129,412	125,219	4,193
Operating expenditures	<u>13,045</u>	<u>13,045</u>	<u>12,809</u>	<u>236</u>
Total county auditor	<u>535,952</u>	<u>543,900</u>	<u>538,230</u>	<u>5,670</u>
County treasurer				
Salaries	255,732	253,839	253,832	7
Fringe benefits	80,757	81,379	79,528	1,851
Operating expenditures	<u>33,084</u>	<u>35,855</u>	<u>31,492</u>	<u>4,363</u>
Total county treasurer	<u>369,573</u>	<u>371,073</u>	<u>364,852</u>	<u>6,221</u>
Tax assessor-collector				
Salaries	627,901	621,905	610,409	11,496
Fringe benefits	198,215	201,211	192,597	8,614
Operating expenditures	<u>19,850</u>	<u>22,850</u>	<u>21,594</u>	<u>1,256</u>
Total tax assessor-collector	<u>845,966</u>	<u>845,966</u>	<u>824,600</u>	<u>21,366</u>
Administrative services				
Salaries	235,314	235,314	235,313	1
Fringe benefits	62,946	67,338	66,388	950
Operating expenditures	<u>16,200</u>	<u>16,200</u>	<u>13,746</u>	<u>2,454</u>
Total administrative services	<u>314,460</u>	<u>318,852</u>	<u>315,447</u>	<u>3,405</u>
Information technology				
Salaries	431,203	434,226	429,966	4,260
Fringe benefits	130,861	131,549	123,839	7,710
Operating expenditures	476,300	479,377	478,415	962
Other services and charges	190,000	187,091	185,700	1,391
Capital outlay	<u>50,000</u>	<u>66,621</u>	<u>66,620</u>	<u>1</u>
Total information technology	<u>1,278,364</u>	<u>1,298,864</u>	<u>1,284,540</u>	<u>14,324</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)				
Current (continued)				
General government (continued)				
Human resources				
Salaries	\$ 103,484	\$ 107,355	\$ 107,354	\$ 1
Fringe benefits	33,020	34,645	33,308	1,337
Operating expenditures	10,400	9,656	2,041	7,615
Total human resources	<u>146,904</u>	<u>151,656</u>	<u>142,703</u>	<u>8,953</u>
Facilities management				
Salaries	460,125	471,908	439,120	32,788
Fringe benefits	149,114	151,297	143,825	7,472
Operating expenditures	1,200,759	1,244,291	1,166,991	77,300
Total facilities management	<u>1,809,998</u>	<u>1,867,496</u>	<u>1,749,936</u>	<u>117,560</u>
Adult probation department				
Operating expenditures	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Total adult probation department	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Juvenile detention facility				
Salaries	2,138,853	2,212,414	2,190,856	21,558
Fringe benefits	644,469	645,054	605,424	39,630
Operating expenditures	357,900	430,030	381,348	48,682
Other services and charges	120,650	106,650	99,036	7,614
Capital outlay	-	12,244	6,166	6,078
Total juvenile detention facility	<u>3,261,872</u>	<u>3,406,392</u>	<u>3,282,830</u>	<u>123,562</u>
Juvenile board				
Salaries	33,557	33,557	33,557	-
Fringe benefits	7,619	7,619	7,403	216
Total juvenile board	<u>41,176</u>	<u>41,176</u>	<u>40,960</u>	<u>216</u>
Total general government	<u>19,047,107</u>	<u>20,078,884</u>	<u>19,027,295</u>	<u>1,051,589</u>
Public safety				
Fire marshal				
Salaries	381,051	382,817	382,812	5
Fringe benefits	115,828	115,470	113,848	1,622
Operating expenditures	108,143	106,328	91,941	14,387
Other services and charges	65,000	58,552	50,325	8,227
Capital outlay	-	8,263	8,114	149
Total fire marshal	<u>670,022</u>	<u>671,430</u>	<u>647,040</u>	<u>24,390</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Public safety (continued)				
Sheriff				
Salaries	\$ 10,890,473	\$ 10,383,369	\$ 10,026,525	\$ 356,844
Fringe benefits	3,272,131	3,285,920	2,966,777	319,143
Operating expenditures	2,448,166	2,811,759	2,385,313	426,446
Other services and charges	-	46,817	46,816	1
Capital outlay	-	184,006	112,287	71,719
Total sheriff	<u>16,610,770</u>	<u>16,711,871</u>	<u>15,537,718</u>	<u>1,174,153</u>
Constable # 1				
Salaries	46,808	46,808	46,807	1
Fringe benefits	15,763	15,763	15,360	403
Operating expenditures	4,700	9,458	8,781	677
Capital outlay	-	2,150	2,150	-
Total constable # 1	<u>67,271</u>	<u>74,179</u>	<u>73,098</u>	<u>1,081</u>
Constable # 2				
Salaries	48,298	48,298	48,297	1
Fringe benefits	15,357	15,357	15,205	152
Operating expenditures	4,700	6,343	4,413	1,930
Total constable # 2	<u>68,355</u>	<u>69,998</u>	<u>67,915</u>	<u>2,083</u>
Constable # 3				
Salaries	47,768	47,768	47,767	1
Fringe benefits	15,237	15,237	15,076	161
Operating expenditures	4,700	5,715	3,092	2,623
Capital outlay	-	6,255	6,250	5
Total constable # 3	<u>67,705</u>	<u>74,975</u>	<u>72,185</u>	<u>2,790</u>
Constable # 4				
Salaries	46,893	46,893	46,892	1
Fringe benefits	10,646	11,074	11,032	42
Operating expenditures	4,700	4,450	3,673	777
Capital outlay	-	2,150	2,150	-
Total constable # 4	<u>62,239</u>	<u>64,567</u>	<u>63,747</u>	<u>820</u>
Non-departmental				
Other services and charges				
City/County interlocal agreement	<u>2,023,000</u>	<u>2,186,357</u>	<u>2,183,991</u>	<u>2,366</u>
Total non-departmental	<u>2,023,000</u>	<u>2,186,357</u>	<u>2,183,991</u>	<u>2,366</u>
Total public safety	<u>19,569,362</u>	<u>19,853,377</u>	<u>18,645,694</u>	<u>1,207,683</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL
 For the year ended December 31, 2021

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
EXPENDITURES (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Culture and recreation				
Extension service				
Salaries	\$ 186,814	\$ 186,814	\$ 186,811	\$ 3
Fringe benefits	37,974	37,974	37,089	885
Operating expenditures	24,100	24,100	15,119	8,981
Other services and charges	13,000	13,000	12,908	92
Total extension service	<u>261,888</u>	<u>261,888</u>	<u>251,927</u>	<u>9,961</u>
Total culture and recreation	<u>261,888</u>	<u>261,888</u>	<u>251,927</u>	<u>9,961</u>
Total expenditures	<u>38,878,357</u>	<u>40,194,149</u>	<u>37,924,916</u>	<u>2,269,233</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>1,591,099</u>	<u>412,606</u>	<u>2,468,511</u>	<u>2,055,905</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of assets	1,000	28,660	27,660	(1,000)
Transfers in	17,210	63,218	63,218	-
Transfers out	<u>(1,612,709)</u>	<u>(1,747,579)</u>	<u>(1,558,993)</u>	<u>188,586</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,594,499)</u>	<u>(1,655,701)</u>	<u>(1,468,115)</u>	<u>187,586</u>
Change in fund balance	(3,400)	(1,243,095)	1,000,396	2,243,491
Fund balance, January 1	<u>15,065,959</u>	<u>15,065,959</u>	<u>15,065,959</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 15,062,559</u>	<u>\$ 13,822,864</u>	<u>\$ 16,066,355</u>	<u>\$ 2,243,491</u>

(concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STATUTORY BASIS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to Statutory Differences Over (Under)	Actual Amounts Statutory Basis
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Current taxes	\$ 929,506	\$ 929,508	\$ -	\$ 929,508
Delinquent taxes	18,363	15,195	(409)	15,604
Penalty and interest	8,400	9,870	(113)	9,983
Intergovernmental				
Vehicle license fees	90,000	90,038	-	90,038
Additional license fees	220,000	224,485	-	224,485
Permits	28,500	35,750	-	35,750
Investment income				
Interest	14,000	1,104	-	1,104
Miscellaneous	36,721	41,723	631	41,092
Total revenues	<u>1,345,490</u>	<u>1,347,673</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>1,347,564</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Highways and streets				
Salaries	589,797	584,866	(4,204)	589,070
Fringe benefits	188,363	176,683	(1,436)	178,119
Operating expenditures	643,493	579,117	4,516	574,601
Other services and charges	276	276	-	276
Capital outlay	9,800	9,800	-	9,800
Total expenditures	<u>1,431,729</u>	<u>1,350,742</u>	<u>(1,124)</u>	<u>1,351,866</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(86,239)</u>	<u>(3,069)</u>	<u>1,233</u>	<u>(4,302)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	142,305	76,414	65,891
Transfers out	-	(1,555)	-	(1,555)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>140,750</u>	<u>76,414</u>	<u>64,336</u>
Change in fund balance	(86,239)	137,681	77,647	60,034
Fund balance, January 1	<u>279,686</u>	<u>279,686</u>	<u>3,710</u>	<u>275,976</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 193,447</u>	<u>\$ 417,367</u>	<u>\$ 81,357</u>	<u>\$ 336,010</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 2**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STATUTORY BASIS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to Statutory Differences Over (Under)	Actual Amounts Statutory Basis
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Current taxes	\$ 866,650	\$ 874,831	\$ -	\$ 874,831
Delinquent taxes	17,000	14,301	(386)	14,687
Penalty and interest	8,300	9,267	(106)	9,373
Intergovernmental				
Vehicle license fees	90,000	90,038	-	90,038
Additional license fees	220,000	211,280	-	211,280
Permits	28,500	35,750	-	35,750
Investment income				
Interest	18,000	1,932	-	1,932
Miscellaneous	1,100	1,436	-	1,436
Total revenues	<u>1,249,550</u>	<u>1,238,835</u>	<u>(492)</u>	<u>1,239,327</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Highways and streets				
Salaries	500,920	486,950	(3,965)	490,915
Fringe benefits	158,226	149,459	(1,493)	150,952
Operating expenditures	548,463	439,481	(1,282)	440,763
Other services and charges	21,000	444	-	444
Capital outlay	20,000	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>1,248,609</u>	<u>1,076,334</u>	<u>(6,740)</u>	<u>1,083,074</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>941</u>	<u>162,501</u>	<u>6,248</u>	<u>156,253</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,041	50,444	(108,035)	158,479
Transfers out	(1,982)	(1,982)	-	(1,982)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(941)</u>	<u>48,462</u>	<u>(108,035)</u>	<u>156,497</u>
Change in fund balance	-	210,963	(101,787)	312,750
Fund balance, January 1	<u>785,103</u>	<u>785,103</u>	<u>155,283</u>	<u>629,820</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 785,103</u>	<u>\$ 996,066</u>	<u>\$ 53,496</u>	<u>\$ 942,570</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 3**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STATUTORY BASIS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to Statutory Differences Over (Under)	Actual Amounts Statutory Basis
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Current taxes	\$ 848,595	\$ 856,605	\$ -	\$ 856,605
Delinquent taxes	17,000	14,003	(378)	14,381
Penalty and interest	8,200	9,119	(104)	9,223
Intergovernmental				
Vehicle license fees	90,000	90,038	-	90,038
Additional license fees	220,000	206,878	-	206,878
Permits	28,500	35,750	-	35,750
Investment income				
Interest	25,000	2,086	-	2,086
Miscellaneous	55,300	47,597	1,547	46,050
Total revenues	<u>1,292,595</u>	<u>1,262,076</u>	<u>1,065</u>	<u>1,261,011</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Highways and streets				
Salaries	646,103	632,898	(4,087)	636,985
Fringe benefits	212,801	205,967	(1,239)	207,206
Operating expenditures	764,963	705,032	23,544	681,488
Other services and charges	3,345	2,565	-	2,565
Capital outlay	94,438	94,438	-	94,438
Total expenditures	<u>1,721,650</u>	<u>1,640,900</u>	<u>18,218</u>	<u>1,622,682</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(429,055)</u>	<u>(378,824)</u>	<u>(17,153)</u>	<u>(361,671)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	225,685	225,686	148,963	76,723
Transfers out	(2,178)	(2,178)	-	(2,178)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>223,507</u>	<u>223,508</u>	<u>148,963</u>	<u>74,545</u>
Change in fund balance	(205,548)	(155,316)	131,810	(287,126)
Fund balance, January 1	<u>991,582</u>	<u>991,582</u>	<u>(112,253)</u>	<u>1,103,835</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 786,034</u>	<u>\$ 836,266</u>	<u>\$ 19,557</u>	<u>\$ 816,709</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 4**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STATUTORY BASIS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to Statutory Differences Over (Under)	Actual Amounts Statutory Basis
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Current taxes	\$ 974,982	\$ 984,185	\$ -	\$ 984,185
Delinquent taxes	19,000	16,088	(434)	16,522
Penalty and interest	9,300	10,450	(120)	10,570
Intergovernmental				
Vehicle license fees	90,000	90,038	-	90,038
Additional license fees	250,000	237,690	-	237,690
Permits	28,500	35,750	-	35,750
Investment income				
Interest	12,000	1,520	-	1,520
Miscellaneous	75,831	72,625	(492)	73,117
Total revenues	<u>1,459,613</u>	<u>1,448,346</u>	<u>(1,046)</u>	<u>1,449,392</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Highways and streets				
Salaries	481,792	469,807	(1,579)	471,386
Fringe benefits	139,179	130,951	(772)	131,723
Operating expenditures	917,507	797,560	(41,884)	839,444
Other services and charges	26,808	25,480	765	24,715
Capital outlay	124,460	124,459	319	124,140
Debt service	23,914	23,913	-	23,913
Total expenditures	<u>1,713,660</u>	<u>1,572,170</u>	<u>(43,151)</u>	<u>1,615,321</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(254,047)</u>	<u>(123,824)</u>	<u>42,105</u>	<u>(165,929)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	91,765	91,765	-	91,765
Transfers out	(2,178)	(2,178)	-	(2,178)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>89,587</u>	<u>89,587</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>89,587</u>
Change in fund balance	(164,460)	(34,237)	42,105	(76,342)
Fund balance, January 1	705,308	705,308	226,509	478,799
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 540,848</u>	<u>\$ 671,071</u>	<u>\$ 268,614</u>	<u>\$ 402,457</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for general government debt principal and interest.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Budget to Statutory Differences Over (Under)	Actual Amounts Statutory Basis
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Current taxes	\$ 1,908,164	\$ 1,893,208	\$ -	\$ 1,893,208
Delinquent taxes	34,000	28,824	(884)	29,708
Penalty and interest	14,800	18,858	(278)	19,136
Investment income				
Interest	6,000	1,340	-	1,340
Total revenues	<u>1,962,964</u>	<u>1,942,230</u>	<u>(1,162)</u>	<u>1,943,392</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,255,964	1,255,964	-	1,255,964
Interest and fiscal charges	622,628	621,875	-	621,875
Total expenditures	<u>1,878,592</u>	<u>1,877,839</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,877,839</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>84,372</u>	<u>64,391</u>	<u>(1,162)</u>	<u>65,553</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in fund balance	84,372	64,391	(1,162)	65,553
Fund balance, January 1	<u>503,302</u>	<u>503,302</u>	<u>(27,428)</u>	<u>530,730</u>
Fund balance, December 31	<u>\$ 587,674</u>	<u>\$ 567,693</u>	<u>\$ (28,590)</u>	<u>\$ 596,283</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial Funds are used to account for the monies received and disbursed by the County in the capacity of trustee, custodian, or agent for individuals or other entities.

County Clerk-Trusts Fund - Accounts for monies held by the County Clerk in trust for various minors of the County of Victoria.

Criminal District Attorney Fund - Accounts for the merchants' portion of collections made on "hot" checks.

District Clerk-Trusts Fund - Accounts for monies held by the District Clerk in trust for various minors of the County of Victoria.

Jail Inmate Trust Fund - Accounts for monies that are held for the benefit of and use by inmates in the County Jail.

Tax Assessor-Collector Fund - Accounts for the collection of ad valorem taxes, various vehicle taxes, and sales taxes by the County Tax Assessor-Collector. These monies are remitted to other governments and the State as collected.

Juvenile Restitution Fund - Records the receipt and disbursement of monies collected from juvenile offenders and paid to owners of damaged property.

Special Services Fund - Records confiscated drug monies prior to their being awarded, by action of the court, to various individuals and/or County departments.

Juvenile Inmate Trust Fund - Accounts for monies that are held for the benefit of and use by inmates in the County Juvenile Detention facility.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS**COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**December 31, 2021*

	<u>County Clerk- Trusts</u>	<u>Criminal District Attorney</u>	<u>District Clerk- Trusts</u>	<u>Jail Inmate Trust</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 801,462	\$ 7,778	\$ 1,482,912	\$ 76,304
Receivables (net)				
Other	-	-	-	-
Seized assets	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 801,462</u>	<u>\$ 7,778</u>	<u>\$ 1,482,912</u>	<u>\$ 76,304</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 7,778	\$ 22,156	\$ 76,304
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>7,778</u>	<u>22,156</u>	<u>76,304</u>
NET POSITION				
Restricted	<u>801,462</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,460,756</u>	<u>-</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 801,462</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,460,756</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

<u>Tax Assessor-Collector</u>	<u>Juvenile Restitution</u>	<u>Special Services</u>	<u>Juvenile Inmate Trust</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 18,726,216	\$ 19	\$ 841,492	\$ 365	\$ 21,936,548
129,316	-	-	-	129,316
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>837,786</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>837,786</u>
<u>\$ 18,855,532</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 1,679,278</u>	<u>\$ 365</u>	<u>\$ 22,903,650</u>
\$ 216,497	\$ 19	\$ 110,591	\$ 365	\$ 433,710
<u>18,639,035</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,639,035</u>
<u>18,855,532</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>110,591</u>	<u>365</u>	<u>19,072,745</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,568,687</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,830,905</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,568,687</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,830,905</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

	County Clerk- Trusts	Criminal District Attorney	District Clerk- Trusts	Jail Inmate Trust
ADDITIONS				
Miscellaneous				
Minor trust account deposits	\$ 251,618	\$ -	\$ 635,844	\$ -
Confiscation and restitution receipts	-	42,660	-	-
Inmate deposits	-	-	-	990,910
Tax collections	-	-	-	-
Investment income	1,546	-	7,303	-
Total additions	<u>253,164</u>	<u>42,660</u>	<u>643,147</u>	<u>990,910</u>
DEDUCTIONS				
General government				
Minor trust account disbursements	171,201	-	457,062	-
Confiscation and restitution disbursements	-	42,660	-	-
Inmate withdrawals	-	-	-	990,910
Tax distributions	-	-	-	-
Total deductions	<u>171,201</u>	<u>42,660</u>	<u>457,062</u>	<u>990,910</u>
Changes in net position	81,963	-	186,085	-
Net position, beginning, as restated	719,499	-	1,274,671	-
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 801,462</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,460,756</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

<u>Tax Assessor- Collector</u>	<u>Juvenile Restitution</u>	<u>Special Services</u>	<u>Juvenile Inmate Trust</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 887,462
-	786	1,903,000	-	1,946,446
-	-	-	3,016	993,926
205,317,331	-	-	-	205,317,331
<u>1,234</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>200,161</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>210,244</u>
<u>205,318,565</u>	<u>786</u>	<u>2,103,161</u>	<u>3,016</u>	<u>209,355,409</u>
-	-	-	-	628,263
-	786	919,294	3,016	965,756
-	-	-	-	990,910
<u>205,318,565</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>205,318,565</u>
<u>205,318,565</u>	<u>786</u>	<u>919,294</u>	<u>3,016</u>	<u>207,903,494</u>
-	-	1,183,867	-	1,451,915
-	-	<u>384,820</u>	-	<u>2,378,990</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,568,687</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,830,905</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	164
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property tax and sales tax revenues.....	175
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	188
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments	194
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs	196

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (1)
Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17,634,287	\$ 19,331,396	\$ 19,248,568	\$ 18,533,816
Restricted	1,735,505	1,911,393	1,818,838	1,561,037
Unrestricted	13,988,896	16,544,281	20,591,811	14,018,912
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 33,358,688	\$ 37,787,070	\$ 41,659,217	\$ 34,113,765
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,841,867	\$ 8,625,363	\$ 8,436,735	\$ 8,172,038
Unrestricted	(527,598)	(1,247,508)	(1,359,561)	(1,521,139)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 8,314,269	\$ 7,377,855	\$ 7,077,174	\$ 6,650,899
Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,476,154	\$ 27,956,759	\$ 27,685,303	\$ 27,753,134
Restricted	1,735,505	1,911,393	1,818,838	1,561,037
Unrestricted	13,651,402	15,296,773	19,232,250	12,497,773
Total primary government activities net position	\$ 41,863,061	\$ 45,164,925	\$ 48,736,391	\$ 41,811,944

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: Amounts presented using a Statutory Basis of Accounting

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this new standard.

Fiscal Year

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 16,809,816	\$ 15,075,452	\$ 19,060,322	\$ 10,876,359	\$ 11,906,255	\$ 22,643,608
2,283,067	2,695,608	3,329,934	3,930,837	4,482,986	5,696,513
<u>17,629,833</u>	<u>15,968,499</u>	<u>12,312,292</u>	<u>16,924,646</u>	<u>16,622,042</u>	<u>9,035,581</u>
<u>\$ 36,722,716</u>	<u>\$ 33,739,559</u>	<u>\$ 34,702,548</u>	<u>\$ 31,731,842</u>	<u>\$ 33,011,283</u>	<u>\$ 37,375,702</u>
\$ 7,942,228	\$ 7,118,679	\$ 5,975,370	\$ 6,130,111	\$ 5,652,802	\$ 5,119,321
<u>(1,647,712)</u>	<u>549,053</u>	<u>404,747</u>	<u>476,162</u>	<u>1,032,578</u>	<u>1,474,553</u>
<u>\$ 6,294,516</u>	<u>\$ 7,667,732</u>	<u>\$ 6,380,117</u>	<u>\$ 6,606,273</u>	<u>\$ 6,685,380</u>	<u>\$ 6,593,874</u>
\$ 24,752,044	\$ 22,194,131	\$ 25,035,692	\$ 17,006,470	\$ 17,559,057	\$ 27,762,929
2,283,067	2,695,608	3,329,934	3,930,837	4,482,986	5,696,513
<u>15,982,121</u>	<u>16,517,552</u>	<u>12,717,039</u>	<u>17,400,808</u>	<u>17,654,620</u>	<u>10,510,134</u>
<u>\$ 43,017,232</u>	<u>\$ 41,407,291</u>	<u>\$ 41,082,665</u>	<u>\$ 38,338,115</u>	<u>\$ 39,696,663</u>	<u>\$ 43,969,576</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1)**Last ten fiscal years*

	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities				
Expenses				
General government	\$ 17,725,415	\$ 17,741,218	\$ 19,041,903	\$ 18,521,250
Public safety	16,249,363	19,116,258	19,021,706	18,684,796
Streets and highways	4,196,422	4,368,635	6,098,697	5,444,923
Culture and recreation	301,527	295,945	332,869	306,605
Public health	3,747,650	3,377,214	3,551,753	3,527,448
Interest on long-term debt	352,616	446,849	785,052	433,173
Total expenses	<u>42,572,993</u>	<u>45,346,119</u>	<u>48,831,980</u>	<u>46,918,195</u>
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
General government	5,709,483	5,733,156	5,648,982	4,795,027
Public safety	2,263,926	2,254,543	2,547,897	2,504,511
Streets and highways	1,600,498	1,597,198	1,641,604	1,496,157
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Public health	712,155	533,399	570,998	587,120
Operating grants and contributions	4,461,065	5,183,741	4,651,866	4,440,829
Capital grants and contributions	697,792	228,422	398,800	-
Total program revenues	<u>15,444,919</u>	<u>15,530,459</u>	<u>15,460,147</u>	<u>13,823,644</u>
Total governmental activities net program (expense) revenue	(27,128,074)	(29,815,660)	(33,371,833)	(33,094,551)
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Taxes				
Property taxes	20,738,029	21,984,214	23,817,161	25,407,422
Sales taxes	10,984,845	10,815,601	11,824,484	10,626,687
Other taxes	235,893	251,853	295,983	331,179
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	139,310	252,374	730,719	251,659
Unrestricted investment earnings	114,897	132,066	174,003	183,319
Miscellaneous	388,862	807,934	657,416	661,223
Extraordinary item	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	(255,786)	(296,254)
Special items	-	-	-	-
Total general revenues and other changes in net position	<u>32,601,836</u>	<u>34,244,042</u>	<u>37,243,980</u>	<u>37,165,235</u>
Total governmental activities change in net position	<u>\$ 5,473,762</u>	<u>\$ 4,428,382</u>	<u>\$ 3,872,147</u>	<u>\$ 4,070,684</u>

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 20,353,896	\$ 26,304,990	\$ 24,306,587	\$ 23,817,872	\$ 22,331,100	\$ 22,332,747
20,708,786	21,626,868	21,767,661	23,277,427	22,647,849	21,794,099
5,866,714	6,298,408	6,400,322	7,226,644	6,484,337	6,053,548
353,798	395,762	317,732	312,336	287,547	281,960
3,941,509	4,299,622	4,041,478	4,118,147	4,871,860	5,290,892
493,290	615,616	301,789	558,442	583,908	549,960
<u>51,717,993</u>	<u>59,541,266</u>	<u>57,135,569</u>	<u>59,310,868</u>	<u>57,206,601</u>	<u>56,303,206</u>
5,683,863	6,475,812	6,601,723	6,074,148	4,469,942	5,336,819
2,619,758	2,103,246	2,167,104	2,543,329	1,750,924	1,833,123
1,441,352	1,395,105	1,409,429	1,408,121	1,347,561	1,383,485
2,338	1,850	2,625	3,540	250	1,800
545,175	459,781	441,946	782,105	1,128,741	1,634,307
4,104,052	4,626,724	5,456,911	6,401,522	8,847,234	7,087,257
169,264	1,214,971	3,041,129	671,011	806,880	2,470,691
<u>14,565,802</u>	<u>16,277,489</u>	<u>19,120,867</u>	<u>17,883,776</u>	<u>18,351,532</u>	<u>19,747,482</u>
(37,152,191)	(43,263,777)	(38,014,702)	(41,427,092)	(38,855,069)	(36,555,724)
26,135,287	25,826,188	26,205,061	25,814,316	29,021,304	28,770,115
9,085,344	9,275,154	10,314,720	10,236,137	9,914,958	10,694,633
307,839	282,089	336,764	338,937	274,495	380,983
289,639	2,739,331	1,354,933	254,689	412,994	158,895
185,145	312,407	602,197	766,974	444,946	245,363
659,665	652,954	641,980	422,329	546,982	819,227
-	3,264,253	481,222	-	-	-
(671,653)	(2,071,756)	(165,366)	(392,250)	(481,169)	(149,073)
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>734,506</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>35,991,266</u>	<u>40,280,620</u>	<u>40,506,017</u>	<u>37,441,132</u>	<u>40,134,510</u>	<u>40,920,143</u>
\$ <u>(1,160,925)</u>	\$ <u>(2,983,157)</u>	\$ <u>2,491,315</u>	\$ <u>(3,985,960)</u>	\$ <u>1,279,441</u>	\$ <u>4,364,419</u>

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1)

Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Business-type activities				
Expenses				
Airport	\$ 3,822,529	\$ 3,806,501	\$ 4,722,858	\$ 5,323,304
Navarro Project	617,933	694,360	591,031	612,894
Commisary	143,356	120,418	129,621	113,824
Total expenses	4,583,818	4,621,279	5,443,510	6,050,022
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
Airport	3,009,756	2,879,260	3,645,290	4,351,312
Navarro Project	545,557	551,150	535,511	504,534
Commisary	156,172	149,222	162,251	161,543
Operating grants and contributions	33,694	95,859	91,031	65,148
Capital grants and contributions	142,087	8,950	440,400	243,803
Total program revenues	3,887,266	3,684,441	4,874,483	5,326,340
Total business-type activities net program (expense) revenue	(696,552)	(936,838)	(569,027)	(723,682)
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Unrestricted investment earnings	385	424	848	1,153
Miscellaneous	-	-	11,712	-
Transfers	-	-	255,786	296,254
Special item - transfer of operations	-	-	-	-
Total general revenues and other changes in net position	385	424	268,346	297,407
Total business-type activities change in net position	\$ (696,167)	\$ (936,414)	\$ (300,681)	\$ (426,275)
Total primary government change in net position	\$ 4,777,595	\$ 3,491,968	\$ 3,571,466	\$ 3,644,409

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: Amounts presented using a Statutory Basis of Accounting

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this new standard.

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 5,680,308	\$ 5,640,986	\$ 5,553,508	\$ 3,656,509	\$ 2,841,230	\$ 3,284,451
547,458	550,407	-	-	-	-
114,924	153,074	147,365	175,288	165,383	198,062
<u>6,342,690</u>	<u>6,344,467</u>	<u>5,700,873</u>	<u>3,831,797</u>	<u>3,006,613</u>	<u>3,482,513</u>
4,531,502	4,894,066	4,727,396	2,993,978	2,160,555	2,661,592
522,983	524,583	-	-	-	-
166,848	159,086	175,539	173,247	255,532	404,277
78,842	64,804	73,151	83,212	184,324	167,141
13,000	-	-	237,142	-	-
<u>5,313,175</u>	<u>5,642,539</u>	<u>4,976,086</u>	<u>3,487,579</u>	<u>2,600,411</u>	<u>3,233,010</u>
(1,029,515)	(701,928)	(724,787)	(344,218)	(406,202)	(249,503)
1,479	3,388	6,312	10,444	4,140	1,924
-	-	-	-	-	7,000
671,653	2,071,756	165,366	392,250	481,169	149,073
-	-	(734,506)	-	-	-
<u>673,132</u>	<u>2,075,144</u>	<u>(562,828)</u>	<u>402,694</u>	<u>485,309</u>	<u>157,997</u>
\$ (356,383)	\$ 1,373,216	\$ (1,287,615)	\$ 58,476	\$ 79,107	\$ (91,506)
<u>\$ (1,517,308)</u>	<u>\$ (1,609,941)</u>	<u>\$ 1,203,700</u>	<u>\$ (3,927,484)</u>	<u>\$ 1,358,548</u>	<u>\$ 4,272,913</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1)**Last ten fiscal years*

	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund				
Nonspendable				
Advance to other funds	\$ 626,131	\$ 1,326,036	\$ 1,572,545	\$ 1,641,361
Unassigned	11,665,011	13,182,983	16,507,992	18,954,639
Total general fund	<u>\$ 12,291,142</u>	<u>\$ 14,509,019</u>	<u>\$ 18,080,537</u>	<u>\$ 20,596,000</u>
All Other Governmental Funds				
Restricted				
Various capital projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,360,037	\$ 2,682,918
Road & bridge	1,873,342	2,467,701	2,426,924	2,763,394
Juvenile probation services	77,290	23,356	-	-
County/District Clerks	96,009	132,837	194,097	237,461
Public safety	890,226	1,065,973	763,363	586,856
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-
Public health	131,961	219,820	1,840	-
Courthouse security	49,861	64,808	71,465	74,793
Retirement of long-term debt	364,138	327,797	386,801	361,231
Various government costs	121,785	64,145	87,013	273,084
Unassigned	(2,363)	(5,054)	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 3,602,249</u>	<u>\$ 4,361,383</u>	<u>\$ 8,291,540</u>	<u>\$ 6,979,737</u>

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: Amounts presented using a Statutory Basis of Accounting

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 1,984,347	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<u>18,449,982</u>	<u>17,318,465</u>	<u>18,682,620</u>	<u>17,922,967</u>	<u>16,060,315</u>	<u>16,461,732</u>
<u>\$ 20,434,329</u>	<u>\$ 17,318,465</u>	<u>\$ 18,682,620</u>	<u>\$ 17,922,967</u>	<u>\$ 16,060,315</u>	<u>\$ 16,461,732</u>
\$ 142,086	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2,996,031	2,719,326	2,943,347	2,145,278	2,488,430	2,497,746
-	-	-	-	-	-
306,810	364,893	465,609	305,369	438,676	585,001
978,937	1,365,867	1,500,219	2,008,931	1,876,333	1,160,985
-	-	-	-	-	478,484
66,691	27,166	119,436	180,887	213,347	225,857
86,851	78,382	96,823	124,714	145,518	170,554
411,677	405,931	471,251	541,502	530,730	596,283
377,990	403,007	580,020	737,459	916,795	2,469,457
-	(1,602,895)	(367,436)	(589,137)	(245)	-
<u>\$ 5,367,073</u>	<u>\$ 3,761,677</u>	<u>\$ 5,809,269</u>	<u>\$ 5,455,003</u>	<u>\$ 6,609,584</u>	<u>\$ 8,184,367</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1)

Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 31,798,763	\$ 33,045,330	\$ 35,908,161	\$ 36,250,684
Fees of office and user fees	2,920,101	3,131,284	3,401,611	3,263,987
Intergovernmental	9,591,479	10,316,613	9,875,293	8,983,997
Fines and forfeitures	2,013,009	1,689,188	1,391,031	1,156,377
Investment income	112,268	131,320	173,458	181,688
Licenses and permits	43,709	63,155	40,431	58,412
Contributions	93,459	203,984	684,669	119,484
Miscellaneous	1,137,283	941,132	951,545	930,084
Total revenues	<u>47,710,071</u>	<u>49,522,006</u>	<u>52,426,199</u>	<u>50,944,713</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	17,145,686	18,394,052	18,669,404	18,434,960
Public safety	16,258,277	18,357,375	18,310,906	18,719,272
Highways and streets	4,164,237	4,590,343	6,168,092	5,296,511
Culture and recreation	247,849	295,557	297,340	263,792
Public health	3,690,149	3,349,696	3,494,559	3,615,808
Capital outlay	342,427	228,422	2,948,623	1,302,382
Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,275,000	1,300,000	827,385	1,018,228
Interest and fiscal charges	369,700	343,950	564,164	624,304
Bond issue costs	-	-	136,030	-
Total expenditures	<u>43,493,325</u>	<u>46,859,395</u>	<u>51,416,503</u>	<u>49,275,257</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,216,746	2,662,611	1,009,696	1,669,456
Other financing sources (uses)				
Bonds issued	-	-	6,340,000	-
Payment to escrow	-	-	-	-
Capital lease	-	235,085	245,425	-
Sales of assets	88,609	79,315	26,044	-
Transfers in	1,789,111	1,607,146	1,659,234	1,947,195
Transfers out	(1,789,111)	(1,607,146)	(2,074,753)	(2,412,992)
Payments to component unit	-	-	-	-
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	-	296,030	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>88,609</u>	<u>314,400</u>	<u>6,491,980</u>	<u>(465,797)</u>
Extraordinary Items				
Extraordinary Item	-	-	-	-
Change in fund balances	<u>\$ 4,305,355</u>	<u>\$ 2,977,011</u>	<u>\$ 7,501,676</u>	<u>\$ 1,203,659</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	<u>3.97%</u>	<u>3.74%</u>	<u>2.94%</u>	<u>3.51%</u>

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: Amounts presented using a Statutory Basis of Accounting

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 35,508,536	\$ 35,652,475	\$ 36,776,092	\$ 36,210,166	\$ 37,769,168	\$ 38,972,877
3,349,455	3,178,804	3,408,145	3,928,318	4,170,249	4,927,929
8,797,632	9,706,909	15,624,255	11,183,725	11,767,886	12,057,398
1,643,780	1,936,418	1,732,727	1,863,648	908,559	1,364,908
183,980	310,694	592,655	764,147	444,425	244,795
39,533	61,234	44,989	53,980	55,928	59,047
110,442	406,175	925,026	895,267	1,111,581	971,202
908,467	865,666	1,147,918	1,403,202	2,279,032	1,837,080
<u>50,541,825</u>	<u>52,118,375</u>	<u>60,251,807</u>	<u>56,302,453</u>	<u>58,506,828</u>	<u>60,435,236</u>
19,251,396	24,640,425	23,090,130	21,664,882	21,832,791	22,028,388
19,491,221	19,374,178	20,086,422	21,269,889	21,605,397	20,982,811
5,659,988	7,291,882	6,071,539	7,044,887	6,359,200	5,710,807
315,601	313,589	248,439	237,131	247,639	252,831
3,883,793	4,146,837	4,011,118	4,656,263	4,808,668	5,215,356
1,440,333	123,150	2,607,738	588,441	1,330,510	2,490,384
1,054,925	887,100	992,856	933,752	954,786	1,255,964
547,250	502,957	393,712	427,494	566,061	621,875
-	123,790	-	189,043	-	-
<u>51,644,507</u>	<u>57,403,908</u>	<u>57,501,954</u>	<u>57,011,782</u>	<u>57,705,052</u>	<u>58,558,416</u>
(1,102,682)	(5,285,533)	2,749,853	(709,329)	801,776	1,876,820
-	4,920,000	-	9,895,000	-	-
-	(5,302,717)	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	111,203	220,793
-	1,275	7,050	1,208	11,119	27,660
2,309,609	1,904,672	2,331,791	1,754,569	1,982,640	2,886,896
(2,981,262)	(4,391,428)	(2,805,953)	(2,349,410)	(3,614,809)	(3,035,969)
-	-	-	(10,002,616)	-	-
-	506,507	-	296,659	-	-
<u>(671,653)</u>	<u>(2,361,691)</u>	<u>(467,112)</u>	<u>(404,590)</u>	<u>(1,509,847)</u>	<u>99,380</u>
-	2,925,964	1,129,006	-	-	-
<u>\$ (1,774,335)</u>	<u>\$ (4,721,260)</u>	<u>\$ 3,411,747</u>	<u>\$ (1,113,919)</u>	<u>\$ (708,071)</u>	<u>\$ 1,976,200</u>
<u>3.25%</u>	<u>2.52%</u>	<u>2.57%</u>	<u>2.52%</u>	<u>2.79%</u>	<u>3.43%</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1)**Last ten fiscal years*

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Ad Valorem</u>	<u>Penalty and Interest</u>	<u>Sales</u>	<u>Total</u>
2012	\$ 20,596,342	\$ 217,575	\$ 10,984,845	\$ 31,798,762
2013	22,010,672	219,058	10,815,601	33,045,331
2014	23,857,090	226,586	11,824,484	35,908,160
2015	25,394,946	229,051	10,626,687	36,250,684
2016	26,174,207	248,985	9,085,344	35,508,536
2017	26,086,063	291,258	9,275,154	35,652,475
2018	26,207,789	253,583	10,314,720	36,776,092
2019	25,704,436	269,592	10,236,138	36,210,166
2020	27,604,001	250,209	9,914,958	37,769,168
2021	27,997,486	280,758	10,694,633	38,972,877
Change 2012-2021	35.93%	29.04%	-2.64%	22.56%

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: Property tax rates have remained stable because of growth in property tax values and the addition of new construction values.

Increase in ad valorem revenues in 2020 due to an increase in taxable assessed values in the County.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY - GENERAL AND I&S

Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Tax Roll	Real Property			Personal Property	
		Residential Property	Commercial and Industrial Property	Rural-Underdeveloped Property	Business	Other
2012	2011	\$ 2,752,838,752	\$ 1,438,589,864	\$ 969,349,009	\$ 1,495,456,938	\$ 97,841,460
2013	2012	2,846,628,023	1,590,038,450	997,344,339	1,786,396,314	120,169,040
2014	2013	3,170,347,590	1,728,672,403	1,024,696,569	2,027,623,445	135,934,520
2015	2014	3,334,260,997	1,854,149,141	1,192,795,666	2,151,078,215	137,890,000
2016	2015	3,600,729,580	1,927,390,407	1,272,680,618	2,245,895,665	100,076,960
2017	2016	3,695,285,075	1,817,385,566	1,280,347,158	2,101,048,269	50,990,150
2018	2017	3,800,900,747	1,867,539,086	1,263,321,519	2,022,310,652	45,179,240
2019	2018	3,835,612,285	1,863,986,398	1,303,680,506	1,888,492,492	68,527,440
2020	2019	4,023,912,223	2,013,843,145	1,427,901,840	2,014,143,034	141,207,970
2021	2020	4,214,224,745	2,024,151,824	1,419,629,038	1,996,782,146	100,936,890

(1) Values on property for maintenance and operation and interest and sinking taxes. Property exemptions differ from those allowed on road and bridge taxes.

NOTE: Property in the County is reassessed annually. The County assesses property at 100 percent of actual taxable value for all types of real and personal property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

SOURCE: Victoria County Tax Assessor/Collector

Less: Tax Exempt Real Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value (1) as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ 1,493,386,391	\$ 5,260,689,632	\$ 0.3436	\$ 5,260,689,632	100.00%
1,648,335,879	5,692,240,287	0.3436	5,692,240,287	100.00%
1,901,616,018	6,185,658,509	0.3386	6,185,658,509	100.00%
2,136,944,123	6,533,229,896	0.3386	6,533,229,896	100.00%
2,136,201,137	7,010,572,093	0.3299	7,010,572,093	100.00%
2,024,244,176	6,920,812,042	0.3959	6,920,812,042	100.00%
2,021,928,370	6,977,322,874	0.3959	6,977,322,874	100.00%
2,084,423,602	6,875,875,519	0.3959	6,875,875,519	100.00%
2,330,907,978	7,290,100,234	0.3959	7,290,100,234	100.00%
2,285,738,005	7,469,986,638	0.3959	7,469,986,638	100.00%

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY - ROAD AND BRIDGE

Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Tax Roll	Real Property			Personal Property	
		Residential Property	Commercial and Industrial Property	Rural-Underdeveloped Property	Business	Other
2012	2011	\$ 2,752,838,752	\$ 1,438,589,864	\$ 969,349,009	\$ 1,495,456,938	\$ 97,841,460
2013	2012	2,846,628,023	1,590,038,450	997,344,339	1,786,396,314	120,169,040
2014	2013	3,170,347,590	1,728,672,403	1,024,696,569	2,027,623,445	135,934,520
2015	2014	3,334,260,997	1,854,149,141	1,192,795,666	2,151,078,215	137,890,000
2016	2015	3,600,729,580	1,927,390,407	1,272,680,618	2,245,895,665	100,076,960
2017	2016	3,695,285,075	1,817,385,566	1,280,347,158	2,101,048,269	50,990,150
2018	2017	3,800,900,747	1,867,539,086	1,263,321,519	2,022,310,652	45,179,240
2019	2018	3,835,612,285	1,863,986,398	1,303,680,506	1,888,492,492	68,527,440
2020	2019	4,023,912,223	2,013,843,145	1,427,901,840	2,014,143,034	141,207,970
2021	2020	4,214,224,745	2,024,151,824	1,419,629,038	1,996,782,146	100,936,890

(1) Values on property for road and bridges taxes. Property exemptions differ from those allowed on maintenance and operation and interest and sinking taxes.

NOTE: Property in the County is reassessed annually. The County assesses property at 100 percent of actual taxable value for all types of real and personal property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

SOURCE: Victoria County Tax Assessor/Collector

<u>Less: Tax Exempt Real Property</u>	<u>Total Taxable Assessed Value</u>	<u>Total Direct Tax Rate</u>	<u>Estimated Actual Taxable Value</u>	<u>Assessed Value (1) as a Percentage of Actual Value</u>
\$ 1,615,648,723	\$ 5,138,427,300	\$ 0.0550	\$ 5,138,427,300	100.00%
1,768,247,625	5,572,328,541	0.0550	5,572,328,541	100.00%
2,018,035,538	6,069,238,989	0.0600	6,069,238,989	100.00%
2,249,412,211	6,420,761,808	0.0600	6,420,761,808	100.00%
2,190,939,913	6,955,833,317	0.0660	6,955,833,317	100.00%
2,079,036,609	6,866,019,609	0.0660	6,866,019,609	100.00%
2,076,655,611	6,922,595,633	0.0630	6,922,595,633	100.00%
2,139,034,659	6,821,264,462	0.0630	6,821,264,462	100.00%
2,384,598,367	7,236,409,845	0.0630	7,236,409,845	100.00%
2,340,528,309	7,415,196,334	0.0523	7,415,196,334	100.00%

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES**PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE**Last ten fiscal years*

Fiscal Year	County Direct Rates				Overlapping Rates				
	Debt Service	General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund	Total	City of Victoria	Navigation District	Victoria Junior College	Victoria I.S.D.	Bloomington I.S.D.
2011	\$ 0.0295	\$ 0.3141	\$ 0.0550	\$ 0.3986	\$ 0.6450	\$ 0.0296	\$ 0.1606	\$ 1.3226	\$ 1.5150
2012	0.0287	0.3149	0.0550	0.3986	0.6056	0.0285	0.1606	1.3090	1.5150
2013	0.0235	0.3151	0.0600	0.3986	0.5996	0.0277	0.1823	1.2896	1.5150
2014	0.0250	0.3136	0.0600	0.3986	0.5840	0.0240	0.1875	1.2744	1.5150
2015	0.0206	0.3093	0.0660	0.3959	0.5711	0.0240	0.1925	1.2663	1.4002
2016	0.0206	0.3093	0.0660	0.3959	0.5892	0.0266	0.2065	1.2663	1.4002
2017	0.0215	0.3114	0.0630	0.3959	0.5952	0.0286	0.2170	1.2663	1.4002
2018	0.0215	0.3114	0.0630	0.3959	0.6224	0.0305	0.2235	1.3763	1.4002
2019	0.0213	0.3116	0.0630	0.3959	0.6115	0.0308	0.2206	1.1935	1.2317
2020	0.0272	0.3164	0.0523	0.3959	0.6115	0.0308	0.2203	1.1899	1.2281

SOURCE: Victoria County Appraisal District

Overlapping Rates

Industrial I.S.D.	Nursery I.S.D.	McFaddin I.S.D.	W.C.I.D #1	W.C.I.D #2	V.C.D.D. #2	V.C.D.D. #3	Ground Water District	Quail Creek M.U.D.	Total
\$ 1.3119	\$ 1.1000	\$ 1.1750	\$ 0.7394	\$ 1.0621	\$ 0.1226	\$ 0.0360	\$ 0.0092	\$ 0.1800	\$ 9.4090
1.2610	1.1000	1.1470	0.7394	1.0700	0.1174	0.0337	0.00915	0.1800	9.2764
1.2400	1.1000	1.1550	0.7217	1.0700	0.1162	0.0307	0.00878	0.3494	9.4060
1.2520	1.1000	1.1500	0.6569	1.0700	0.1089	0.0294	0.00878	0.1729	9.1338
1.2833	1.1000	1.2900	0.6462	1.1400	0.1116	0.0290	0.00878	0.1822	9.2451
1.3630	1.1000	1.3350	0.5033	0.8607	0.1179	0.0297	0.00878	0.1822	8.9893
1.3135	1.1000	1.3600	0.3849	0.5702	0.1134	0.0295	0.00843	0.1822	8.5694
1.2122	1.1150	1.4900	0.3849	1.3158	0.1144	0.0312	0.00843	0.1964	9.5212
1.2053	1.0650	1.2400	0.6371	1.1302	0.0901	0.0298	0.00843	0.1926	8.8867
1.9870	1.0360	1.2864	0.6399	1.0475	0.0925	0.0308	0.00828	0.1926	9.6016

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2021		
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Valuation
INV Nylon Chem Americas LLC	\$ 354,305,040	5.63%
AEP Texas Central Co	101,329,190	1.61%
Haliburton Energy Services	95,754,380	1.52%
South Texas Electric Coop Inc	82,125,130	1.30%
Transcontinental Gas Pipeline	67,019,250	1.06%
Union Pacific Railroad Co	58,120,120	0.92%
Performance Materials NA Inc	57,952,560	0.92%
DCP Sand Hills Pipeline	55,338,060	0.88%
Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co	42,931,220	0.68%
Equistar Chemicals LP	41,999,610	0.67%
	<u>\$ 956,874,560</u>	<u>15.19%</u>

2012		
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Valuation
Invista S A R L	\$ 208,395,750	4.44%
South Texas Electric Coop Inc	87,836,330	1.87%
Invista S A R L	85,798,610	1.83%
Pioneer Natural Resources	53,056,350	1.13%
AEP Texas Central Co	36,764,900	0.78%
E I DuPont De Nemours	35,810,620	0.76%
Stewart & Stevenson MFG Tech	33,508,050	0.71%
EES Leasing LLC	31,751,720	0.68%
Union Pacific Railroad Co	29,380,720	0.63%
Equistar Chemicals LP	24,652,290	0.53%
	<u>\$ 626,955,340</u>	<u>13.36%</u>

SOURCE: Victoria County Tax Assessor/Collector

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS(1) - GENERAL AND I&S**Last ten fiscal years*

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year (Original Levy)</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Total Adjusted Levy</u>	<u>Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy</u>	
				<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage of Levy</u>
2012	\$ 17,727,309	\$ 110,888	\$ 17,838,197	\$ 17,564,074	98.46%
2013	19,201,207	27,357	19,228,564	18,781,169	97.67%
2014	20,449,268	47,279	20,496,547	20,044,953	97.80%
2015	21,401,700	461,458	21,863,158	21,384,820	97.81%
2016	22,206,174	(10,010)	22,196,164	21,658,022	97.58%
2017	21,799,367	144,737	21,944,104	21,425,479	97.64%
2018	22,111,531	214,439	22,325,970	21,869,446	97.96%
2019	21,908,979	(40,188)	21,868,791	21,501,047	98.32%
2020	23,334,503	192,528	23,527,031	23,018,147	97.84%
2021	24,621,248	(14,165)	24,607,083	24,085,398	97.88%

(1) Tax levies and collections on maintenance and operation and interest and sinking only

SOURCE: Victoria County Tax Assessor/Collector

Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
	Amount	Percentage of Levy
\$ 240,542	\$ 17,804,616	99.81%
414,708	19,195,877	99.83%
408,609	20,453,562	99.79%
418,780	21,803,600	99.73%
450,640	22,108,662	99.61%
398,758	21,824,237	99.45%
348,546	22,217,992	99.52%
225,078	21,726,125	99.35%
289,336	23,307,483	99.07%
66,933	24,152,331	98.15%

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) - ROAD AND BRIDGE**Last ten fiscal years*

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year (Original Levy)	<u>Adjustments</u>	Total <u>Adjusted Levy</u>	<u>Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy</u>	
				<u>Amount</u>	<u>Percentage of Levy</u>
2012	\$ 2,756,259	\$ 17,860	\$ 2,774,119	\$ 2,733,005	98.52%
2013	2,994,575	4,709	2,999,284	2,930,182	97.70%
2014	3,512,229	7,734	3,519,963	3,443,695	97.83%
2015	3,686,201	78,551	3,764,752	3,683,761	97.85%
2016	4,262,192	(3,378)	4,258,814	4,157,006	97.61%
2017	4,255,603	28,255	4,283,858	4,183,834	97.67%
2018	4,105,567	39,876	4,145,443	4,061,624	97.98%
2019	4,069,728	(8,166)	4,061,562	3,994,493	98.35%
2020	4,233,572	144,579	4,378,151	4,284,258	97.86%
2021	3,617,300	133,089	3,750,389	3,671,161	97.89%

(1) Tax levies and collections on road and bridge only.

SOURCE: Victoria County Tax Assessor/Collector

Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
	Amount	Percentage of Levy
\$ 36,033	\$ 2,769,038	99.82%
64,231	2,994,413	99.84%
69,342	3,513,037	99.80%
71,230	3,754,991	99.74%
85,801	4,242,807	99.62%
77,389	4,261,223	99.47%
64,589	4,126,213	99.54%
41,543	4,036,036	99.37%
54,012	4,338,270	99.09%
10,187	3,681,348	98.16%

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

SALES TAX REVENUE

Last ten fiscal years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Collections</u>
2012	\$ 10,662,768
2013	10,127,088
2014	10,721,246
2015	9,891,860
2016	8,515,577
2017	8,244,984
2018	9,420,631
2019	9,451,596
2020	9,148,982
2021	9,891,242

NOTES: Collections reported on the budgetary (cash) basis of accounting and include only sales and use tax revenue.

Detailed information related to sales tax collections will be provided in subsequent years.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES

Last ten fiscal years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Direct Rate</u>	<u>Overlapping Rates</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>County</u>	<u>City of Victoria</u>	<u>State of Texas</u>	
2012	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2013	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2014	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2015	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2016	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2017	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2018	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2019	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2020	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%
2021	0.50%	1.50%	6.25%	8.25%

NOTES: Eventhough the total sales tax rate is 8.25%, sales occurring outside the City of Victoria City limits would only be taxed at 6.75% which is the combination of the County and the State of Texas sales tax rates.

Texas counties have the option of imposing an additional local sales tax of 0.5% to 1.5% for a combined total of state and local taxes of 8.25%.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities					
	Certificates of Obligation*	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Issuance Discount	Plus: Issuance Premiums	Capital Leases	Interlocal Commitment
2012	\$ 7,995,000	\$ 2,340,000	\$ (42,588)	\$ 229,289	\$ 65,870	\$ 2,616,446
2013	7,670,000	1,365,000	(40,113)	199,398	235,085	2,616,446
2014	13,680,000	925,000	(37,638)	456,904	376,738	2,559,061
2015	13,340,000	470,000	(35,163)	412,212	288,940	2,335,833
2016	12,985,000	-	(32,689)	383,640	197,015	2,105,908
2017	7,245,000	4,920,000	-	763,838	100,769	1,863,808
2018	6,585,000	4,835,000	-	708,713	-	1,615,952
2019	15,800,000	4,835,000	-	950,247	-	1,362,200
2020	15,105,000	4,835,000	-	880,289	87,290	1,102,414
2021	14,525,000	4,425,000	-	810,331	277,455	836,450

NOTES: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

N/A denotes information not available

*Payments on the 2019 Certificates of Obligation (\$9,895,000 principal) will be reimbursed by the Citizens Medical Center over twenty years beginning in 2021.

<u>Business-type Activities</u>			<u>Total Primary Government</u>	<u>Percentage of Personal Income</u>	<u>Per Capita</u>
<u>Revenue Bonds</u>	<u>Less: Issuance Discount</u>	<u>Capital Leases</u>			
\$ 625,000	\$ (1,394)	\$ 46,240	\$ 13,873,863	0.37%	\$ 155.42
-	-	30,216	12,076,032	0.30%	134.14
-	-	16,333	17,976,398	0.42%	197.37
-	-	-	16,811,822	0.39%	181.98
-	-	-	15,638,874	0.36%	169.13
-	-	-	14,893,415	0.36%	161.74
-	-	-	13,744,665	0.35%	149.34
-	-	-	22,947,447	0.54%	249.20
-	-	-	22,009,993	0.49%	239.41
-	-	-	20,874,236	N/A	229.48

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING**Last ten fiscal years*

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Certificates of Obligation*</u>	<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>	<u>Debt Service Funds Available</u>	<u>Net Bonded Debt</u>	<u>Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value</u>	<u>Net Bonded Debt Per Capita</u>
2012	\$ 7,995,000	\$ 2,340,000	\$ 364,138	\$ 9,970,862	0.15%	\$ 111.69
2013	7,670,000	1,365,000	327,797	8,707,203	0.12%	96.72
2014	13,680,000	925,000	386,801	14,218,199	0.18%	156.10
2015	13,340,000	470,000	361,231	13,448,769	0.16%	145.58
2016	12,985,000	-	411,677	12,573,323	0.14%	135.98
2017	7,245,000	4,920,000	405,931	11,759,069	0.13%	127.70
2018	6,585,000	4,835,000	471,251	10,948,749	0.12%	118.96
2019	15,800,000	4,835,000	541,502	20,093,498	0.22%	218.21
2020	15,105,000	4,835,000	530,730	19,409,270	0.20%	211.12
2021	14,525,000	4,425,000	596,283	18,353,717	0.19%	201.77

NOTES: *Payments on the 2019 Certificates of Obligation (\$9,895,000 principal) will be reimbursed by the Citizens Medical Center over twenty years beginning in 2021.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT**December 31, 2021*

	<u>Net Debt Outstanding</u>		<u>Percentage Applicable To County</u>	<u>Amount Applicable To County</u>
	<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>		
Direct Debt:				
County of Victoria	12/31/2021	<u>\$ 20,277,953</u>	100.00%	<u>\$ 20,277,953</u>
Overlapping Debt:				
City of Victoria	9/30/2021	55,067,939	100.00%	55,067,939
Victoria County Navigation District	12/31/2021	17,493,357	100.00%	17,493,357
Victoria Junior College District	8/31/2021	34,860,016	100.00%	34,860,016
Victoria Independent School District	8/31/2021	99,250,430	100.00%	99,250,430
Industrial Independent School District	8/31/2021	19,478,759	25.46%	4,959,292
Victoria County Water Control and Improvement District #1	6/30/2021	2,152,417	100.00%	2,152,417
Victoria County Water Control and Improvement District #2	9/30/2021	<u>56,400</u>	100.00%	<u>56,400</u>
Total Overlapping Debt		<u>228,359,318</u>		<u>213,839,851</u>
Total		<u>\$ 248,637,271</u>		<u>\$ 234,117,804</u>

SOURCE: County of Victoria, City of Victoria, Victoria Junior College, Victoria Independent School District, Industrial Independent School District, Victoria County Water Control and Improvement District Numbers 1 and 2.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt limit	\$ 1,688,519,006	\$ 1,835,144,041	\$ 2,021,818,632	\$ 2,167,543,505
Total net debt applicable to limit	<u>9,970,862</u>	<u>8,707,203</u>	<u>14,218,199</u>	<u>13,448,769</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 1,678,548,144</u>	<u>\$ 1,826,436,838</u>	<u>\$ 2,007,600,433</u>	<u>\$ 2,154,094,736</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.59%	0.47%	0.70%	0.62%

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 2,286,693,308	\$ 2,236,264,055	\$ 2,249,812,811	\$ 2,240,074,780	\$ 2,405,252,053	\$ 2,438,931,161
<u>12,573,323</u>	<u>11,759,068</u>	<u>10,948,749</u>	<u>20,093,498</u>	<u>19,409,270</u>	<u>18,353,717</u>
<u>\$ 2,274,119,985</u>	<u>\$ 2,224,504,987</u>	<u>\$ 2,238,864,062</u>	<u>\$ 2,219,981,282</u>	<u>\$ 2,385,842,783</u>	<u>\$ 2,420,577,444</u>
0.55%	0.53%	0.49%	0.90%	0.81%	0.75%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021

Assessed value	\$ 9,755,724,643
Debt limit	2,438,931,161
Debt applicable to limit	
General obligation bonds	18,950,000
Less: Debt Service Fund Balance	<u>596,283</u>
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit	<u>18,353,717</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 2,420,577,444</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS**Last ten fiscal years*

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>(1) Population</u>	<u>(2) Personal Income (000's)</u>	<u>(2) Per Capita Personal Income</u>	<u>(3) Unemployment Rate</u>
2012	89,269	\$ 3,984,098	\$ 44,630	5.5%
2013	90,028	4,234,963	47,041	5.1%
2014	91,081	4,318,998	47,419	4.2%
2015	92,382	4,351,303	47,101	4.2%
2016	92,467	4,109,015	44,438	5.0%
2017	92,084	3,912,142	42,484	4.9%
2018	92,035	4,246,686	46,142	3.8%
2019	92,084	4,506,415	48,938	3.4%
2020	91,936	4,953,641	53,881	8.1%
2021	90,964	N/A	N/A	5.4%

NOTE: N/A denotes information not available

SOURCE: (1) Texas Association of Counties & Census Bureau

(2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis - Estimates based on Victoria County Area statistical data. Data for 2021 is not yet available.

(3) Texas Workforce Commission & Economic Research

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

<u>Employer</u>	<u>2021</u>	
	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Area Employment</u>
Formosa Plastics	3,400	8.36%
Victoria Independent School District	2,025	4.98%
The Inteplast Group	1,248	3.07%
Citizens Medical Center	1,220	3.00%
DeTar Healthcare System	775	1.91%
City of Victoria	641	1.58%
Calhoun County ISD	634	1.56%
Invista	600	1.47%
Caterpillar- NAHEX Victoria	600	1.47%
Dow-Seadrift Operations	<u>587</u>	<u>1.44%</u>
	<u>11,730</u>	<u>28.84%</u>

<u>Employer</u>	<u>2012</u>	
	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Area Employment</u>
Victoria Independent School District	2,148	4.86%
The Inteplast Group	2,000	4.53%
Formosa Plastics	1,750	3.96%
Citizens Medical Center	1,050	2.38%
DeTar Healthcare System	1,030	2.33%
Alcoa	643	1.46%
City of Victoria	611	1.38%
Invista	600	1.36%
Calhoun County ISD	581	1.32%
Dow-Seadrift Operations	<u>580</u>	<u>1.31%</u>
	<u>10,993</u>	<u>24.89%</u>

SOURCE: Victoria Economic Development Corporation

NOTE: Based on Victoria Metropolitan Statistical Area, which includes Victoria, Calhoun, Dewitt, Lavaca, Gonzales, Jackson and Goliad Counties.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last ten fiscal years

Function/Program	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
General government				
County Judge	3	3	3	1
Comissioners' court	1	1	1	3
Records management	2	2	2	2
County clerk	16	15	15	15
Pre-Trial Services	-	1	2	2
Veterans' service officer	1	1	1	1
Heritage director	1	1	1	1
County court at law #1	2	2	2	2
County court at law #2	2	2	2	2
District court	11	11	11	11
District clerk	14	14	14	14
Justice of the peace #1	3	3	4	4
Justice of the peace #2	3	3	3	3
Justice of the peace #3	4	4	4	4
Justice of the peace #4	3	3	3	3
Criminal district attorney	25	28	28	28
Election administrator	3	3	3	3
County auditor	8	8	8	8
County treasurer	5	5	4	5
Tax assessor-collector	16	16	15	16
Administrative services	4	4	4	4
Information technology	7	7	8	9
Human resources	-	-	-	-
Building maintenance	10	10	10	10
Juvenile detention facility	66	67	62	57
Public safety				
Fire marshal	7	7	7	9
Sheriff	198	193	200	202
Constable #1	1	1	1	1
Constable #2	1	1	1	1
Constable #3	1	1	1	1
Constable #4	1	1	1	1
Culture and recreation				
Parks and recreation	1	1	1	1
Extension service	6	5	5	5
Public health(includes flood/emg mgmt & health dept)	57	55	60	51
Highways and streets	43	43	43	44
Airport	14	15	15	17
Commissary	2	1	1	1
Navarro Project	3	3	3	3
Total	545	541	549	545

NOTES: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including paid time off).
Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
1	2	2	2	2	2
3	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2
14	15	15	15	15	15
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
4	5	5	5	5	5
-	-	-	-	-	-
11	11	11	11	11	11
14	14	14	14	14	14
4	4	4	4	4	4
3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4
3	3	3	3	3	3
28	28	28	28	27	27
3	3	3	3	6	5
8	8	8	8	8	8
5	5	5	5	5	5
16	16	16	16	16	16
4	4	4	4	3	3
9	8	7	7	7	7
-	-	-	-	2	2
9	9	12	12	12	12
57	55	56	56	56	56
9	9	9	9	9	9
202	202	202	202	213	226
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	-	-	-
5	5	5	5	5	5
49	51	51	52	59	59
44	43	43	43	44	43
17	17	17	14	14	15
1	1	1	1	1	2
3	3	-	-	-	-
<u>541</u>	<u>541</u>	<u>541</u>	<u>538</u>	<u>560</u>	<u>573</u>

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last ten fiscal years

Function/Program	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
General government				
County Court				
Criminal cases filed	2,162	2,267	1,984	1,472
Criminal case dispositions	2,038	2,220	1,970	1,970
Civil cases filed	412	449	393	469
Civil case dispositions	416	382	403	468
Juvenile cases filed	86	67	72	66
Juvenile case dispositions	107	79	96	90
District Court				
Criminal cases filed	1,075	859	1,046	933
Criminal case dispositions	1,059	896	1,020	969
Civil cases filed	2,851	3,103	3,411	2,770
Civil case dispositions	3,211	3,035	2,969	2,918
Justice of the Peace				
Civil cases filed	1,256	1,293	1,223	1,322
Criminal cases filed	8,384	8,074	11,350	8,247
Elections Administrator				
New registrations	8,340	2,554	3,486	2,026
Elections held	4	3	5	2
County Auditor				
Accounts payable invoices processed	17,932	17,444	18,835	22,529
County Treasurer				
Payroll checks processed	17,584	16,737	17,392	17,478
Tax Assessor-collector				
Automobile registrations	94,698	97,353	100,034	97,932
Public Safety				
Sheriff				
Emergency 911 calls received	6,153	3,019	4,286	5,268
Fire marshal				
Fires	13	12	215	179
Culture and recreation				
Parks and recreation				
Cabana rentals	19	27	31	12
Public health				
Health Department				
Immunizations administered	7,853	7,461	5,841	3,296
Adult/child health screening visits	1,214	1,089	1,554	1,582
Dental clinic visits	1,179	-	-	-
Enviromental inspections/permits	4,908	3,342	3,299	3,683
Mosquito control trips	5	24	39	73
Animal control calls	8,263	7,952	7,554	7,976
Water laboratory tests	-	4,780	7,478	9,682
Highways and streets				
Road and bridge precincts				
Miles of roads overlaid	20	15	36	35

NOTES: Information for Water Laboratory Tests replaced Dental Clinic Visits FYE2013
County did not own Dental Clinic as of 1/1/2013

N/A denotes information not available

Fiscal Year					
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
1,730	1,472	1,686	1,983	1,520	1,320
1,721	1,843	1,726	982	1,712	828
419	535	654	624	422	348
587	444	554	576	168	225
112	28	70	95	90	77
112	40	86	57	57	60
972	863	1,081	863	885	955
892	811	803	1,132	706	931
3,012	3,378	2,949	2,506	2,106	2,101
2,849	3,452	2,884	2,682	1,814	2,227
1,577	1,811	2,485	2,567	2,079	2,487
6,788	6,487	8,183	8,456	5,976	6,118
5,774	5,963	9,808	2,866	5,060	3,256
6	1	5	2	3	4
24,700	24,259	25,504	26,353	23,808	23,991
17,665	17,058	16,954	17,174	17,093	16,862
92,717	91,587	91,016	90,696	87,257	90,455
5,105	5,755	5,405	5,055	5,248	5,317
180	314	415	323	363	219
24	20	26	39	2	17
4,352	4,840	3,674	4,151	2,699	9,838
1,076	840	651	674	658	840
-	-	-	-	-	-
4,011	2,303	2,416	2,760	2,784	2,846
55	61	88	88	77	132
7,000	6,748	5,498	4,452	4,870	4,230
4,236	2,305	1,760	1,405	1,312	1,580
39	40	37	45	42	32

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last ten fiscal years

Function/Program	Fiscal Year			
	2012	2013	2014	2015
General government				
Buildings	8	9	9	10
Parking lots	3	3	3	3
Public safety				
Sheriff				
Jail	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	89	95	96	98
Fire Marshal				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Fire trucks	7	7	7	7
Highways and streets				
Roads (miles)	600.26	604.62	604.62	592.96
Bridges	90	90	90	90
Landfills	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation				
Lake (acreage)	95	95	95	95
Boat ramps	2	2	2	2
Extension Office	1	1	1	1
4 H Activity Center	1	1	1	1
Public Health				
Animal Shelter	1	1	1	1
Airport				
T-Hanger	6	6	6	6
Terminal	1	1	1	1
Navarro Lease Project				
Building	1	1	1	1

SOURCES: Various County Departments

Texas Department of Transportation

Fiscal Year

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
11 3	11 3	11 3	11 3	11 3	13 3
1 110	1 110	1 114	1 114	1 125	1 106
1 7	1 7	1 7	1 8	1 10	1 10
590.21 90 3	604.67 90 3	592.25 90 3	599.26 90 3	599.54 90 3	599.72 90 3
95 2 1 1	95 2 1 1	95 2 1 1	95 2 1 1	95 2 1 1	95 2 1 1
1	1	1	1	1	1
6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1	6 1
1	1	1	1	1	0

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING
STANDARDS**

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the statutory basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Victoria, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 6, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Citizens Medical Center, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. These financial statements were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.
Certified Public Accountants

July 6, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the County of Victoria, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *State of Texas Single Audit Circular* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The County's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the *State of Texas Single Audit Circular*. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State of Texas Single Audit Circular are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal and state programs.

The Honorable County Judge and Members
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County of Victoria, Texas

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State of Texas Single Audit Circular will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State of Texas Single Audit Circular we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State of Texas Single Audit Circular, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Honorable County Judge and Members
of the Commissioners' Court
County of Victoria, Texas

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State of Texas Single Audit Circular. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.
Certified Public Accountants

July 6, 2022

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES		
U. S. Department of Homeland Security		
<i>Passed Through the Transportation Security Administration</i>		
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Agreement Program	97.090	70T02021T6114N288
<i>Passed Through the Office of the Texas Governor, Homeland Security Grants Division</i>		
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2019-SS-00034-S01
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2020-SS-00054
Total Office of the Texas Governor, Homeland Security Grants Division		
<i>Passed Through the Texas Division of Emergency Management</i>		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	DR-4332
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	DR-4586-PA
COVID-19 Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Pres. Declared Disasters)	97.036	4485DRTXP0000001
Total Texas Division of Emergency Management		
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
U. S. Department of Justice		
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A
<i>Passed Through Bureau of Justice Assistance</i>		
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	2020-VD-BX-1620
<i>Passed Through the Office of the Texas Governor, Criminal Justice Division</i>		
Coronavirus Emergency Supplement Funding Program	16.034	2020-VD-BX-0002
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0016
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0604
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2107340
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2215259
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2098838
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2107357
Total Office of the Texas Governor, Criminal Justice Division		
Total U.S. Department of Justice		
U. S. Department of Agriculture		
<i>Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission</i>		
WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	HHS000807400001
WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	HHS000807400001
Total Texas Health and Human Services Commission		

Expenditures			Passed through to Subrecipients	Name of Cluster (if applicable)	Note
From Pass-Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total			
\$ 25,295	\$ -	\$ 25,295	\$ -		
85,548	-	85,548	-		
242,364	-	242,364	-		
<u>327,912</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>327,912</u>	<u>-</u>		
97,181	-	97,181	-		
10,370	-	10,370	-		
<u>306,740</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>306,740</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>414,291</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>414,291</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>767,498</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>767,498</u>	<u>-</u>		
-	51,270	51,270	-		
<u>51,935</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>51,935</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>75,430</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>75,430</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>127,365</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>127,365</u>	<u>-</u>		
13,848	-	13,848	-		
17,288	-	17,288	8,644		
<u>31,136</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,136</u>	<u>8,644</u>		
16,660	-	16,660	-		
25,666	-	25,666	-		
18,512	-	18,512	-		
23,774	-	23,774	-		
<u>84,612</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>84,612</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>191,178</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>191,178</u>	<u>8,644</u>		
<u>243,113</u>	<u>51,270</u>	<u>294,383</u>	<u>8,644</u>		
428,393	-	428,393	-		
<u>216,479</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>216,479</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>644,872</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>644,872</u>	<u>-</u>		

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES - (Continued)		
U. S. Department of Agriculture - (Continued)		
<i>Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture</i>		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	806780706
School Breakfast Program	10.553	806780706
National School Lunch Program	10.555	806780706
National School Lunch Program	10.555	806780706
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	806780706
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	806780706
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		
Total Texas Department of Agriculture		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services		
<i>Passed Through Texas Department of State Health Services</i>		
Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP)	93.069	537-18-0181-00001
Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP)	93.069	537-18-0181-00001
Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	HHS000371500027
Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	HHS001077700001
COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	HHS000769700001
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	HHS000036000017
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	HHS000686100025
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	HHS000686100025
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	HHS000119700011
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	HHS000119700011

Expenditures			Passed through to Subrecipients	Name of Cluster (if applicable)	Note
From Pass-Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total			
\$ 16,480	\$ -	\$ 16,480	\$ -	Child Nutrition Cluster	
17,515	-	17,515	-	Child Nutrition Cluster	
<u>33,995</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,995</u>	<u>-</u>		
21,497	-	21,497	-	Child Nutrition Cluster	
34,986	-	34,986	-	Child Nutrition Cluster	
1,452	-	1,452	-	Child Nutrition Cluster	4
<u>4,814</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,814</u>	<u>-</u>	Child Nutrition Cluster	4
<u>62,749</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>62,749</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>96,744</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>96,744</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>96,744</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>96,744</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>741,616</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>741,616</u>	<u>-</u>		
35,978	-	35,978	-		
<u>37,958</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,958</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>73,936</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>73,936</u>	<u>-</u>		
17,593	-	17,593	-		
43,626	-	43,626	-		
<u>20,410</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,410</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>81,629</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>81,629</u>	<u>-</u>		
1,677	-	1,677	-		
11,580	-	11,580	-		
<u>20,109</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,109</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>33,366</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,366</u>	<u>-</u>		
119,715	-	119,715	-		
<u>66,871</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,871</u>	<u>-</u>		
<u>186,586</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>186,586</u>	<u>-</u>		

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES - (Continued)		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services - (Continued)		
<i>Passed Through Texas Department of State Health Services - (Continued)</i>		
Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting Grant	93.870	24550133
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	HHS000480700001
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	HHS001029800001
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	HHS000438400007
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	HHS000438400007
 COVID-19 Activities to Support State, Tribal, Local and Territorial (STLT) Health Department Response to Public Health or Healthcare Crises	 93.391	 HHS001057600044
COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	HHS000812700032
Total Texas Department of State Health Services		
<i>Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission</i>		
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	HHS000537900284
<i>Passed Through Brazos Valley Council of Governments</i>		
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	5608/SR2-565-01
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	5608/4-565-01C
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	5608/5-565-01C
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	5608/SR3-565-02
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	5608/5-565-01
Total Brazos Valley Council of Governments		
<i>Passed Through Texas Department of Family and Protective Services</i>		
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	N/A
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
<i>Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture</i>		
Community Development Block Grant/State's program	14.228	7219451
<i>Passed Through Texas General Land Office</i>		
Community Development Block Grant/State's program	14.228	20-065-094-C262
 <i>Passed Through Brazos Valley Council of Governments</i>		
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	5607/4-565-01
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	5607/5-565-01
Total Brazos Valley Council of Governments		
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		

Expenditures			Passed through to Subrecipients	Name of Cluster (if applicable)	Note
From Pass-Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total			
\$ 497,959	\$ -	\$ 497,959	\$ 334,952		
68,474	-	68,474	-		
55,340	-	55,340	-		
61,742	-	61,742	-		
15,940	-	15,940	-		
201,496	-	201,496	-		
22,616	-	22,616	-		
56,720	-	56,720	-		
1,154,308	-	1,154,308	334,952		
28,167	-	28,167	-	Medicaid Cluster	
57,105	-	57,105	-		
4,544	-	4,544	-		
3,000	-	3,000	-		
128,233	-	128,233	-		
8,832	-	8,832	-		
201,714	-	201,714	-		
14,999	-	14,999	-		
216,713	-	216,713	-		
1,399,188	-	1,399,188	334,952		
20,698	-	20,698	20,698		
1,011,009	-	1,011,009	-		
1,031,707	-	1,031,707	20,698		
89,196	-	89,196	-		
21,566	-	21,566	-		
110,762	-	110,762	-		
1,142,469	-	1,142,469	20,698		

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS*SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**For the year ended December 31, 2021*

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Other Award Number
FEDERAL EXPENDITURES - (Continued)		
U. S. Department of Transportation		
<i>Passed Through Federal Aviation Administration</i>		
Airport Improvement Program and COVID-19 Airports Programs	20.106	21TWWICTR
Airport Improvement Program and COVID-19 Airports Programs	20.106	21CRVICTR
Airport Improvement Program and COVID-19 Airports Programs	20.106	22CVVICTR
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		
Elections Assistance Commission		
<i>Passed Through Texas Secretary of State</i>		
2018 HAVA Election Security Grants	90.404	TX18101001-01-235
Total Elections Assistance Commission		
U. S. Department of the Interior		
GOMESA	15.435	N/A
Total U.S. Department of the Interior		
Executive Office of the President		
<i>Passed Through Office of National Drug Control Policy</i>		
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	G20HN0020A
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	G21HN0020A
Total Executive Office of the President		
U.S. Department of the Treasury		
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	COVID-19
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury		
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES		
STATE EXPENDITURES		
Texas Department of State Health Services		
Texas Epidemiology Capacity Expansion IDCU/SUR	N/A	HHS000436300025
TB/PC-STATE Tuberculosis Prevention and Control	N/A	HHS000481800001
TB/PC-STATE Tuberculosis Prevention and Control	N/A	HHS000481800001
ZOONOSIS Control	N/A	HHS000327200002
ZOONOSIS Control	N/A	HHS000932900004
Regional Local Services System	N/A	HHS000480700001
Regional Local Services System	N/A	HHS001029800001

Expenditures			Passed through to Subrecipients	Name of Cluster (if applicable)	Note
From Pass-Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total			
\$ 34,162	\$ -	\$ 34,162	\$ -		
23,000	-	23,000	-		
59,000	-	59,000	-		
116,162	-	116,162	-		
9,594	-	9,594	-		
9,594	-	9,594	-		
-	91,105	91,105	-		
-	91,105	91,105	-		
76,159	-	76,159	-		
46,037	-	46,037	-		
122,196	-	122,196	-		
-	587,690	587,690	-		
-	587,690	587,690	-		
4,541,836	730,065	5,271,901	364,294		
-	7,373	7,373	-		
-	22,124	22,124	-		
-	8,225	8,225	-		
-	9,035	9,035	-		
-	7,090	7,090	-		
-	30,264	30,264	-		
-	2,965	2,965	-		
-	87,076	87,076	-		

(continued)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Other Award Number
STATE EXPENDITURES - (Continued)		
Texas Department of State Health Services - (Continued)		
<i>Passed Through Brazos Valley Council of Governments</i>		
HIV Health and Social Services (State Services)	N/A	5609/4-565-01
HIV Health and Social Services (State Services)	N/A	5609/5-565-01
Total Brazos Valley Council of Governments		
Total Texas Department of State Health Services		
Texas Juvenile Justice Department		
State Aid	N/A	TJPC-A-2021-235
State Aid	N/A	TJPC-A-2022-235
Grant R	N/A	TJPC-R-2022-235
Grant R	N/A	TJPC-R-2021-235
Grant R	N/A	TJPC-R-2022-235
Total Texas Juvenile Justice Department		
Office of the Attorney General of Texas		
Texas Vine Grant	N/A	2219640
Texas Department of Transportation		
Routine Airport Maintenance Program	N/A	M16M2113VICT
Routine Airport Maintenance Program	N/A	M16M2213VICT
County Transportation Infrastructure Fund Grant	N/A	CTIF-02-235
Texas Mobility Fund Grant	N/A	0913-27-085
Total Texas Department of Transportation		
Law Enforcement Officers Standards and Education		
Training Grant	N/A	N/A
Texas Task Force on Indigent Defense		
Indigent Defense	N/A	212-21-235
Texas Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division		
Rifle Resistant Body Armor	N/A	2021-BG-ST-0025
TOTAL STATE EXPENDITURES		
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE EXPENDITURES		

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards.

Expenditures			Passed through to Subrecipients	Name of Cluster (if applicable)	Note
From Pass-Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total			
\$ 46,707	\$ -	\$ 46,707	\$ -		
16,071	-	16,071	-		
62,778	-	62,778	-		
62,778	87,076	149,854	-		
-	532,447	532,447	-		
-	384,051	384,051	-		
-	9,234	9,234	-		
-	87,396	87,396	-		
-	34,204	34,204	-		
-	1,047,332	1,047,332	-		
-	18,578	18,578	-		
-	4,140	4,140	-		
-	21,544	21,544	-		
-	277,551	277,551	-		
-	756,502	756,502	-		
-	1,059,737	1,059,737	-		
-	10,544	10,544	-		
-	68,767	68,767	-		
-	27,925	27,925	-		
62,778	2,319,959	2,382,737	-		
\$ 4,604,614	\$ 3,050,024	\$ 7,654,638	\$ 364,294		

(concluded)

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

For the year ended December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the statutory basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2: PROGRAM COSTS

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards includes only the federal and state grant portion of the program costs. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The amount expended for these grants includes a total of \$17,438 claimed as indirect cost recoveries using an approved indirect cost rate of 18.36 percent of total expenses.

The County has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4: NONCASH AWARDS

The amount of commodities reported on the schedule is the value of the commodities received by the County during the fiscal year and priced as prescribed by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
For the year ended December 31, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Adverse (GAAP Basis); Unmodified (Statutory Basis)

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? yes no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that is/are not considered to be material weakness(es)? yes none reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

yes no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? yes no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that is/are not considered to be material weakness(es)? yes none reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

yes no

Identification of major programs:

<i>CFDA Number(s)</i>	<i>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</i>
14.228	Community Development Block Grant/State's Programs
21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
N/A	Texas Mobility Fund Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? yes no

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.

COUNTY OF VICTORIA, TEXAS
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
For the year ended December 31, 2021

None were reported.